RENAULT

3 Chassis

- **GENERAL INFORMATION**
- **FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS**
- 33A REAR AXLE COMPONENTS
- WHEELS AND TYRES
- 36A STEERING ASSEMBLY
- POWER ASSISTED STEERING
- 37A MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS
- ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

X79

NOVEMBER 2009

EDITION ANGLAISE

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[&]quot;The repair procedures given by the manufacturer in this document are based on the technical specifications current when it was prepared.

The procedures may be modified as a result of changes introduced by the manufacturer in the production of the various component units and accessories from which the vehicles are constructed".

DUSTER - Chapitre 3

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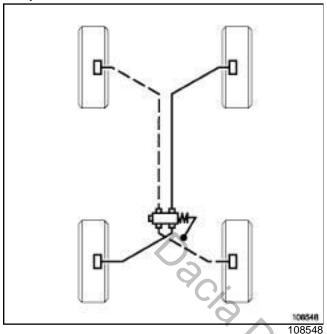
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GENERAL INFORMATION Brake circuit: Operating diagram

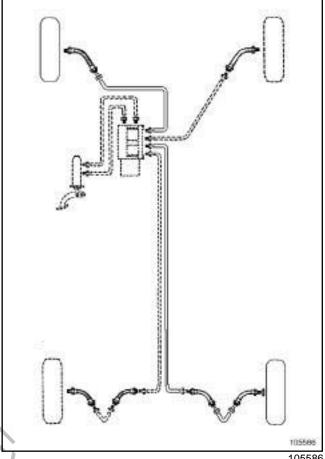
« X » braking system with load-sensitive compensator



IMPORTANT

This is a diagram of the general principle, do not use it as a reference for take-off points or circuit allocation. When replacing components in a vehicle's braking circuit, always mark the pipes before removing them.

« X » braking system with ABS



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IMPORTANT

This is a diagram of the general principle, do not use it as a reference for take-off points or circuit allocation. When replacing components in a vehicle's braking circuit, always mark the pipes before removing them.

GENERAL INFORMATION Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair

30A

I - SAFETY

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

The brake regulation circuit must be free of all hydraulic and electrical faults.

In case of incorrect handling, the brake fluid can cause serious injury and damage. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for brake fluid.

To prevent dust from entering the master cylinder reservoir and the brake circuit, the plug must be removed just before filling and closed immediately afterwards,

2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Do not press on the brake pedal during work on the brake system.

If, during work on the brake system, any damage on any part is observed, it must be repaired before driving the vehicle again.

Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Ensure any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle is cleaned off.

Use brake fluids that comply with the Renault standard (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**)

Check the brake fluid levels in the braking circuit and the bleeding device.

Check that the pressure of the bleeding device is between **1.5 bar and 2 bar**.

II - CLEANLINESS

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Fit blanking plugs recommended for the Siemens K9K injection system at the end of each pipe and in all the openings of the disconnected components of the brake circuit.

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

Do not allow friction materials to come into contact with grease, oil or other lubricants and cleaning products which are mineral oil based.

III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

When replacing brake pads, always replace the pads on the other side as well.

When replacing a disc, always replace the disc on the opposite side.

When replacing brake discs, you must replace the brake pads.

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components, regardless of the position of the wheels.

IMPORTANT

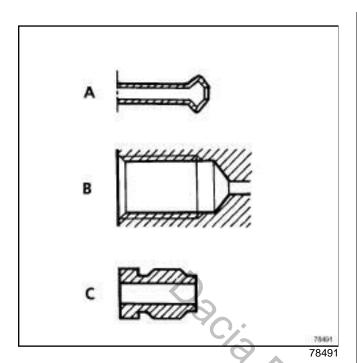
To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

Always replace the rigid brake pipe clips.

Reminder:

- The pipes between the master cylinder, callipers and the hydraulic assembly are connected using threaded unions with a metric thread.
- Therefore, only parts specified in the Parts Catalogue for this vehicle should be used.

GENERAL INFORMATION Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair



Parts identification:

- shape of steel or copper pipe end piece (A)
- shape of connecting points on components (B),
- shape of unions (C): 11 mm hexagonal.

Precautions to be taken before and during the brake circuit bleeding operation:

- use brake fluid which conforms to the Renault standard (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products),
- check the brake fluid levels in the brake circuit and the bleeding device,
- the braking regulation circuit must be free from all hydraulic and electrical faults,
- check that the pressure of the bleeding device is between **1.5 bars and 2 bars**.



Braking circuit: Bleed



Equipment required

pedal press

brake circuit bleeding device

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair, page 30A-2).

This procedure must be applied after one of the folren. lowing components has been removed or replaced:

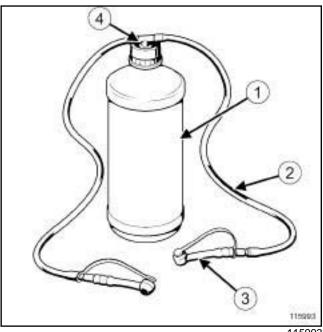
- the master cylinder,
- the brake fluid,
- the hydraulic unit,
- a rigid pipe,
- a hose,
- the reservoir.
- a calliper.

WARNING

Switch off the vehicle ignition so as not to activate the hydraulic unit solenoid valves when bleeding the brake circuit.

WARNING

The level must be between the «MIN» and « MAX » markings on the reservoir.



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☐ Use locally produced containers to collect the used brake fluid.

Front and rear callipers:

- 2 washer fluid containers (1) (1 litre),
- 4 mm diameter transparent pipes (2),
- 4 pipettes (3),
- 2 T-unions (4) .

Note:

The new hydraulic unit is pre-filled.

When working on one of the following components, position a **pedal press** to limit the outflow of brake fluid and prevent any air from entering the master cylinder and the circuits downstream of the master cylinder:

- hydraulic unit,
- pipes between the hydraulic unit and brake callipers,
- brake hoses.
- brake calliper.

Remove the **pedal press** before carrying out the braking system bleeding procedure.

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see Vehicle: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Switch off the vehicle ignition.

Braking circuit: Bleed



☐ Connect the brake circuit bleeding device (after having received Renault approval) to the master cyl-	☐ Remove the brake circuit bleeding device from the master cylinder reservoir.			
inder reservoir (see the instructions for the equipment).	Check pedal travel and resistance. If it is not correction finish bleeding the brake circuit with the help of a second control of the cont			
☐ Pressurise the brake circuit.	cond operator. Start the bleed operation by bleeding			
☐ Adjust the pressure to between 1.5 bar < P < 2 bar for 3 minutes to stabilise it in the braking circuit.	the calliper that is the furthest away from the master cylinder:			
☐ Close the circuit between the bleed screw and brake	- hold down the brake pedal,			
fluid reservoir without dumping the pressure.	 open the circuit bleed screw to release the air fron the brake circuit, 			
Note:	- close the circuit bleed screw,			
The circuit between the bleed screw and brake	- release the brake pedal.			
fluid reservoir is closed in different ways depending on the type of equipment used:	☐ Top up the brake fluid level in the reservoir, if neces sary. Check the sealing of the front and rear bleed screws and ensure that the sealing covers are in			
- valve, - switch.	place (see 30A, General information, Brake cir cuit: Tightening torque, page 30A-6).			
☐ Fit the bleed containers to the four bleed screws of the callipers.	During a road test, trigger braking regulation to con firm that the brake pedal travel is correct.			
☐ Undo the calliper bleed screws:	☐ Clean off any traces of brake fluid on the vehicle us ing BRAKE CLEANING PRODUCT (see Vehicle			
- front left-hand,	Parts and consumables for the repair)			
- front right-hand,				
- rear left-hand,				
- rear right-hand.	to			
Open the circuit between the bleed screw and brake fluid reservoir and allow the liquid to run until all the air bubbles have been released.	tolores,			
☐ Tighten the bleed screws in the following order:				
- front left-hand,				
- front right-hand,	4			
- rear left-hand,				
- rear right-hand.				
☐ Undo the calliper bleed screw:				
- front left-hand,				
 allow the fluid to run until all the air bubbles have been released, 				
- tighten the bleed screw on the calliper.				
☐ Carry out the previous operation on the callipers:				
- front right-hand,				
- rear left-hand,				
- rear right-hand.				
☐ Close the bleed screw to dump the pressure in the brake circuit.				

GENERAL INFORMATION Brake circuit: Tightening torque

I - FRONT AND REAR BRAKES

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Front calliper bleed screw	6
Rear cylinder bleed screw	6
Front calliper inlet brake hose	17
Rear cylinder inlet brake pipes	14
Brake hose on brake pipe	14
Front brake guide pin bolt	34
Brake pipe on compensator	14
Brake pipe on master cylinder	14
Brake pipe on hose	14
Disc bolt	14
Cylinder bolt on brake back-plate	14

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Calliper support bolt	107

II - BRAKE CONTROL

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Brake servo nut	21
Master cylinder nuts	21
Master cylinder outlet pipe	14
Hydraulic unit bolt on its mounting	8
Hydraulic unit pipe unions	14
Parking brake lever nuts	21
Hydraulic unit mounting bolt on body	21
Compensator bolt	12

Rigid brake pipe: Repair



Equipment required

compressed air nozzle

Tightening torques ▽		
brake pipe bolts	8 N.m	
underbody unions (female/male)	6 N.m	

This procedure applies to copper pipes diameter **4.7** mm.



This procedure does not apply to:

- hybrid pipes (pipe + hose),
- pipes with diameters 6 mm and 8 mm.

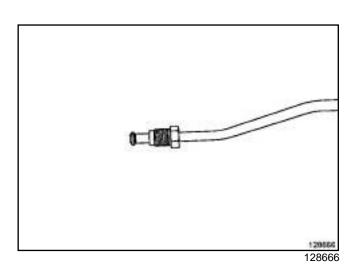
REPAIR

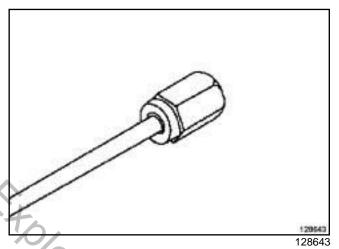
I - PIPE PREPARATION OPERATION

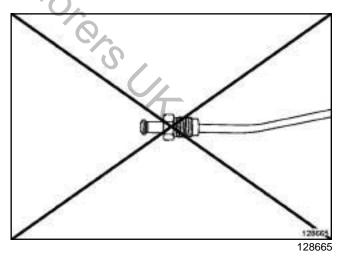
WARNING

To avoid causing a breakdown in hydraulic brake circuit, do not squash or bend the rigid pipe when cutting.

☐ Cut the pipe to the recommended length using a tube cutter (see Garage equipment catalogue).







□ Put the nuts or bolts on the pipe before forming the rivets.

II - MAKING THE RIVETS

Note:

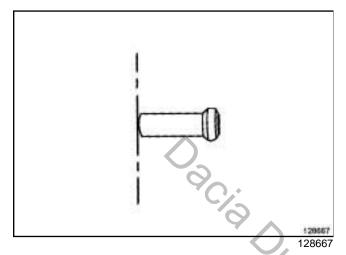
To make the rivets, fit the rivet press in a vice.

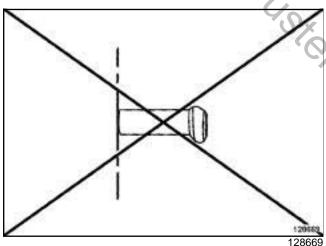
Rigid brake pipe: Repair



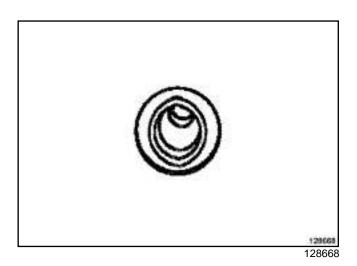
- ☐ Fit the pipe in the rivet press (see Garage Equipment Catalogue).
- ☐ Adjust the length of the pipe to be shaped.
- ☐ Torque tighten the press end piece(40 N.m).

III - CHECKING THE RIVETS

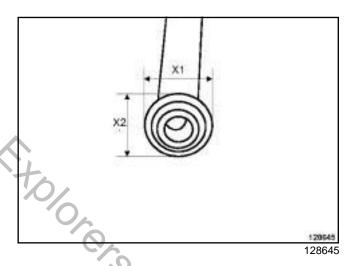




- □ Visually inspect:
 - the uniformity of the rivets' diameter,
 - the rivet centring in relation to the pipe shaft.



☐ Visually check that the internal diameter of the pipe is not oval-shaped.



☐ Check that the diameter of the end panel is not oval shaped using a sliding calliper.

Correct diameter if (X1) = (X2)

IV - PREPARATION OF THE PIPE BEFORE BENDING

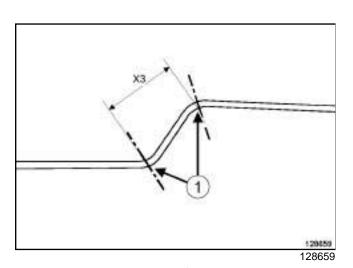
Note:

Impurities may spread inside the pipe while the rivets are being made.

- □ Blow inside the pipe in both directions using a compressed air nozzle.
- ☐ Put plugs on the bolts or nuts at the ends of the pipe.
- ☐ Put the original pipe on a flat base plate that is the length of the pipe.

Rigid brake pipe: Repair

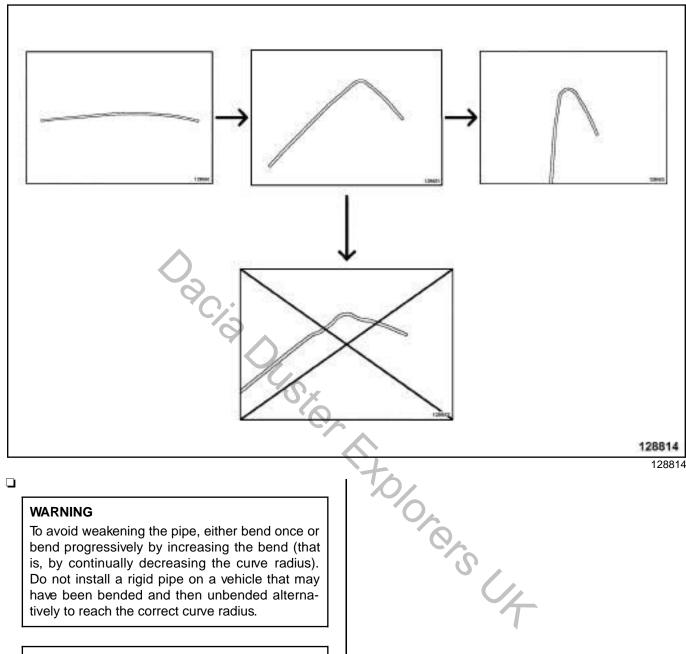
30A



□ Measure the dimensions (X3) (in mm) curve after curve, between each curve radius « centre » (1) of the old pipe.

Rigid brake pipe: Repair





WARNING

To avoid weakening the pipe, either bend once or bend progressively by increasing the bend (that is, by continually decreasing the curve radius). Do not install a rigid pipe on a vehicle that may have been bended and then unbended alternatively to reach the correct curve radius.

Note:

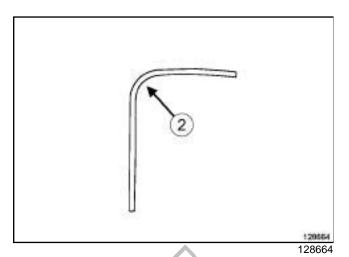
During the bending operation, the required angle should be passed slightly in order to compensate for material elasticity.

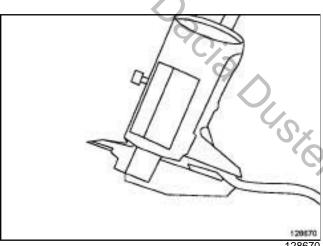
☐ Shape the pipe using a bender, curve after curve, while respecting the original shape of the pipe.

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Rigid brake pipe: Repair

V - CHECKING BENDING





- ☐ Check the out-of-roundness of the outer diameter at the centre of the curve radius (2) using a sliding calliper (the out-of-roundness of the outer diameter is correct if it is less than 10% flattening):
 - nominal diameter of the pipe: 4.75 mm,
 - minimum diameter after bending: 4.30 mm.

VI - REFITTING THE PIPE

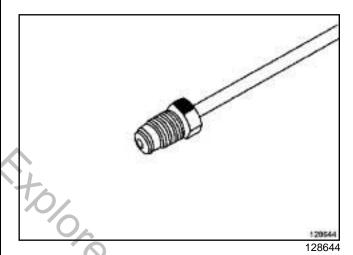
Note:

When refitting the rigid brake pipe:

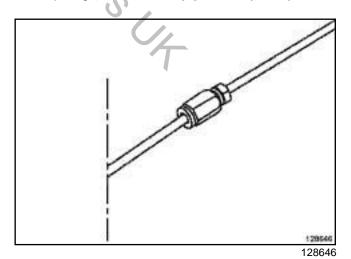
- respect the original routing as much as possible,
- adjust the pipe routing by hand when fitting inside the clips.

WARNING

Contact points between the rigid brake pipe and the surrounding components could cause damage to the pipe. In order to avoid these contacts, adjust the pipe routing by hand.



☐ Torque tighten the brake pipe bolts (8 N.m).



□ Torque tighten the underbody unions (female/male) (6 N.m).

Brake fluid: Specifications



BRAKE FLUID REPLACEMENT INTERVAL

Our braking technology, and in particular the disc brakes (hollow pistons which conduct little heat, have a low volume of fluid in the cylinder, sliding callipers avoiding the need for a fluid reserve in the least cooled area of the wheel), has allowed us to prevent the risk of « vapour lock » as far as possible, even with heavy braking (mountainous area). However, current brake fluids are subject to minor deterioration during the first months of use due to slight humidity intake. This is why it is recommended that you change the brake fluid: see maintenance booklet for the vehicle.

1 - Topping up the level

Wear of the brake pads will result in a gradual drop in the fluid level in the reservoir.

Do not top up the fluid, as the level will rise again when the pads are next changed. The brake fluid level must not fall below the minimum mark.

2 - Approved brake fluid

Mixing two incompatible brake fluids in the brake circuit may lead to:

- serious risk of leakage due mainly to deterioration of the cups,
- deterioration in the operation of the ESP system.

To prevent such risks, it is essential to use only brake fluids that comply with the RENAULT standard (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**).

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Brake: Specifications



I

1)		
	54	
280	269	
24	22	
21.8	19.8	
	0.07	
17.8	17.4	
7.5	8.1	
)	•	
	19	
	228.5	
	229.5	
	4.9	
	4.9	
m)		
	22.2	
2/2	36	
SON C	4	
	280 24 21.8 17.8 7.5	

⁽¹⁾ Brake discs cannot be reground. If they are too heavily worn or scratched they must be replaced.

GENERAL INFORMATION Steering: Tightening torque

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Steering column nut	21
Universal joint bolt	21
Track rod end nut	37
Axial ball joint	34

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Wheel alignment lock nut	53
Steering box bolt	180

Description	Tightening torque (N.m)	
Pressure switch on high pressure pipe	12	4
High and low pressure pipe union on steering rack	21	70/02
High pressure pipe union on the steering pump	21	0
Low pressure pipe bolt on the sub-frame	21	4
Power assisted steering pump bolt on the support	21	

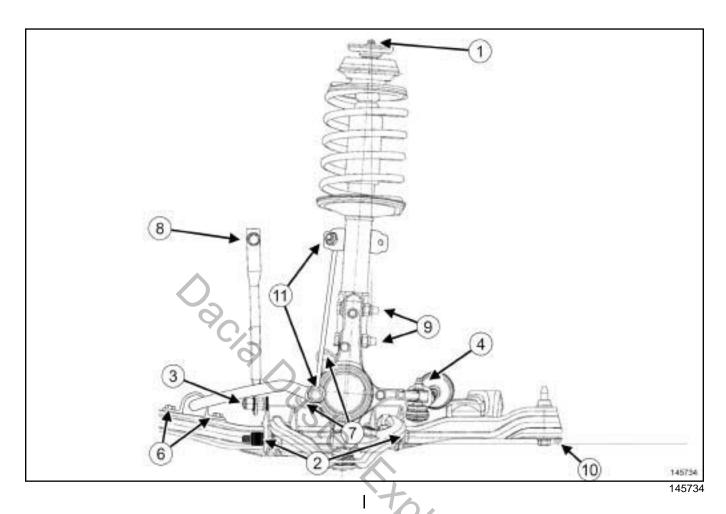
Axle assemblies: Check

30A	
-----	--

Lock the slip plates of the lift.	
Position the vehicle on a lift (see Vehicle: Towing and lifting) .	
Check the condition of the following components:	
- track rods,	
- axial ball joint linkages,	
- subframe,	
-lower arm rubber bushes,	
-lower arm ball joints (see 31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm ball joint: Check, page 31A-41),	
- shock absorbers,	
-tyres,	
Check:	
- the tyre size (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Tyres: Identification, page 35A-8),	
-the tyre inflation pressure (see Tyre pressure: Identification) .	
Put the vehicle in the VODM position (vehicle in running order) (see Underbody heights: Adjustment value):	
- tank full,	1
- vehicle empty (without luggage, etc.).	10/
Consult:	' O _A
-the front axle geometry values (see Front axle assembly: Adjustment values) ,	tolores
-the rear axle geometry values (see Rear axle assembly: Adjustment values) .	4
Refer to the user manual for the geometry tester.	T
Check the geometry using the geometry tester.	
If there is an inconsistency between the manufacturer's values and the measured values:	

Front axle system: Tightening torque



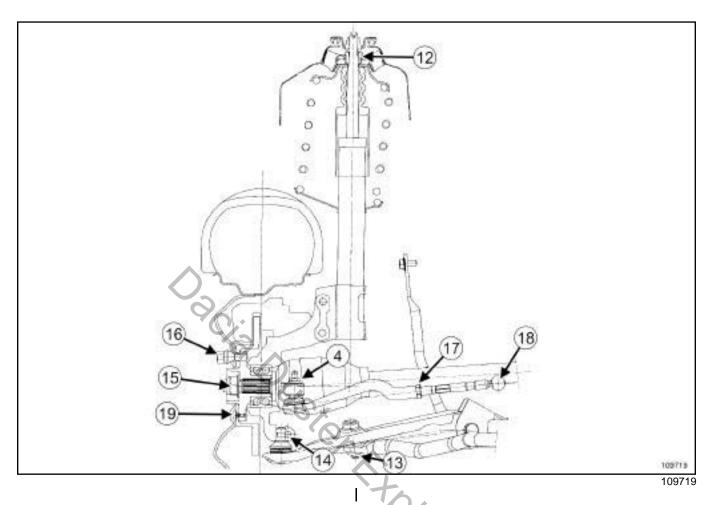


No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m
(2)	Lower arm bolt	180
(3)	Subframe tie-rod lower bolt	21
(6)	Anti-roll bar bearing bolt	21
(7)	Calliper support bolt	107
	Front sub-frame bolt	110
	Steering box bolt on the subframe	180
(10)	Front subframe bracket bolt	44

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(1)	« Spring - shock absorber » assembly nut on the body	44
(4)	Track rod end rut	37
(8)	Subframe tie-rod upper bolt on the side member	21
(9)	Shock absorber bolt on the hub carrier	105

GENERAL INFORMATION Front axle system: Tightening torque





Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
Shock absorber nut for spring cup	62
Lower arm ball joint bolt or nut	62
Driveshaft nut	280
Wheel bolts	105
Axial ball joint mounting on the steering rack	34
Disc bolt	14
	Shock absorber nut for spring cup Lower arm ball joint bolt or nut Driveshaft nut Wheel bolts Axial ball joint mounting on the steering rack

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(12)	Anti-roll bar tie-rod nuts	21
(17)	Wheel alignment lock nut	53

Front axle system: Adjustment

Equipment required flywheel immobiliser

Tightening torques	
wheel alignment adjust- ment lock nuts	53 N.m

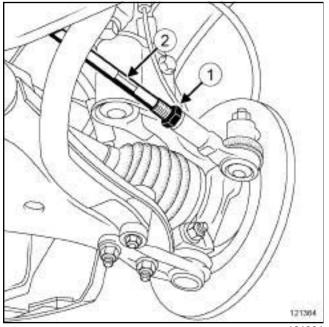
I - ADJUSTMENT PREPARATION STAGE

☐ Check the geometry (see 30A, General information, Axle assemblies: Check, page 30A-15) .

II - ADJUSTMENT OPERATION

1 - Wheel alignment

- ☐ Set the wheels straight ahead.
- ☐ Lock the steering wheel using a flywheel immobil-
- ☐ Adjust the wheel alignment by rotating the track rod sleeves.



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- ☐ Loosen the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut (1)
- ☐ Turn the track rod sleeve (2) to the required value.
- ☐ After adjustment, torque tighten the wheel alignment adjustment lock nuts (53 N.m).

2 - Castor angle

■ Not adjustable.

3 - Camber

■ Not adjustable.

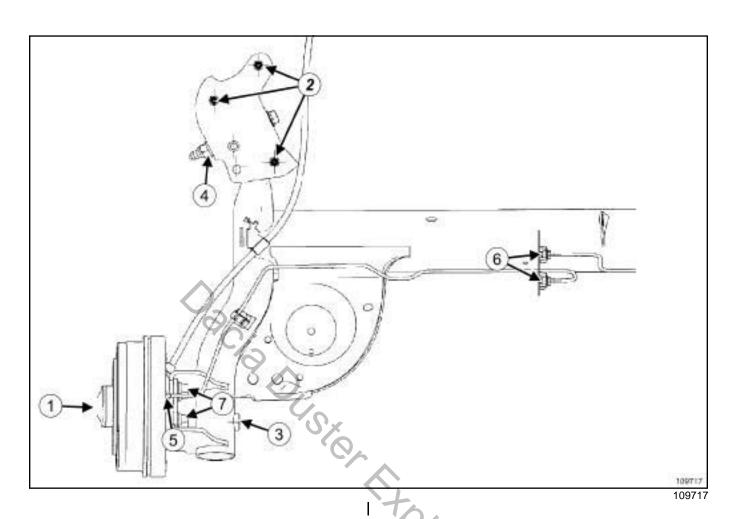
4 - Pivot

Not adjustable.

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Rear axle system: Tightening torque





No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(4)	Rubber bush nut	125
(5)	Rigid brake pipe on brake cylinder	14
(6)	Rigid pipe union on hose	14

No.	Description	Tightening torque (N.m)
(1)	Drum nut	280
(2)	Bearing bolt	105
(3)	Shock absorber lower bolt	162
(7)	Brake back-plate bolts on the rear axle	105
	Wheel speed sensor bolt	6.5

Front axle components: Precautions for the repair



I - SAFETY

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Do not press on the brake pedal during work on the brake system.

If, during work on the brake system, any damage on any part is observed, it must be repaired before driving the vehicle again.

Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Ensure any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle is cleaned off.

In case of incorrect handling, the brake fluid can cause serious injury and damage. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for brake fluid.

II - CLEANLINESS

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

Do not allow friction materials to come into contact with grease, oil or other lubricants and cleaning products which are mineral oil based.

III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

1 - Bearing, hub carrier

WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

WARNING

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target on the bearing.

When removing a hub, it is essential to replace the bearing with a new one.

WARNING

Do not press the bearing's internal bush so as to avoid damaging the bearing (very high shrink-fitting force).

It is essential to check the condition of the hub and bearing surface and the hub carrier bore before refitting the bearing.

Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products) to clean:

- the new bearing's internal and external surfaces which are in contact with the hub carrier and the hub,
- the hub carrier surfaces in contact with the new bearing,
- the hub surfaces in contact with the new bearing.

Always check the surface condition of the hub carrier before refitting the "hub - bearing" assembly.

Clean the surfaces of the hub carrier that are in contact with the "hub - bearing" assembly using SURFACE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products)

Replace any component whose contact surfaces have deep scratches or cracks.

Front axle components: Precautions for the repair



2 - Suspension spring

When replacing the spring, ensure that the positioning and orientation of the spring and the tool cups are correct.

When replacing a spring, always replace the spring on the opposite side.

If a shock absorber is replaced, the shock absorber on the opposite side must also be replaced.

Check that the spring compressor tool is operating correctly.

In the interests of safety, do not leave a spring compressed in the spring compressor tool.

During assembly and removing operations, the surface and the protection paint must not be damaged.

There must be no impacts during operations. Any handling hooks and tightening or positioning clamps should be equipped with rubber or plastic in order to avoid damage on the springs.

It is recommended to replace springs if:

- the paint is damaged,
- the spring has dents in it.

They are not usually symmetrical in shape and care should be taken to assemble them the right way round. This can be done using the coloured marking's position.

WARNING

To prevent the suspension spring from prematurely breaking, do not damage the anti-corrosion protection.

3 - Anti-roll bar

During assembly and removing operations, the surface and the protection paint must not be damaged.

There must be no impacts during operations. Any handling hooks, tightening or positioning clamps should be equipped with rubber or plastic parts so as to avoid damaging the anti roll bar.

It is recommended to replace the anti-roll bar if:

- the paint is damaged,
- the anti-roll bar has dents in it.

Note:

the most critical and sensitive zones are in the main elbows.

4 - Front axle

WARNING

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To prevent any damage, do not use the lower arm as support for the lifting system.

Check the condition of all the gaiters before refitting. Always replace any damaged components with new ones.



FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting

guide pin bolt

34 N.m

When replacing brake pads, be sure to replace the pads on the opposite side.

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

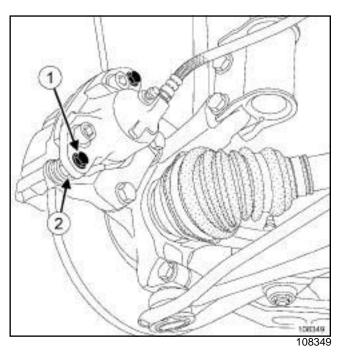
- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

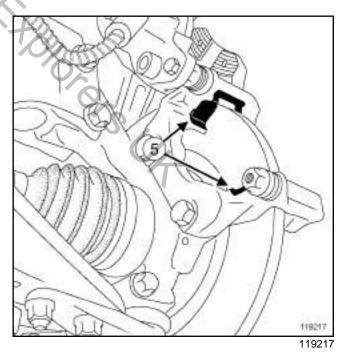
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Unlock the steering column.
- □ Remove the front wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- ☐ Remove the guide pin lower bolt (1) while holding the nut (2).
- ☐ Pivot the front brake calliper upwards.
- Remove the front brake pads.



☐ Remove the noise reducing fins (5).

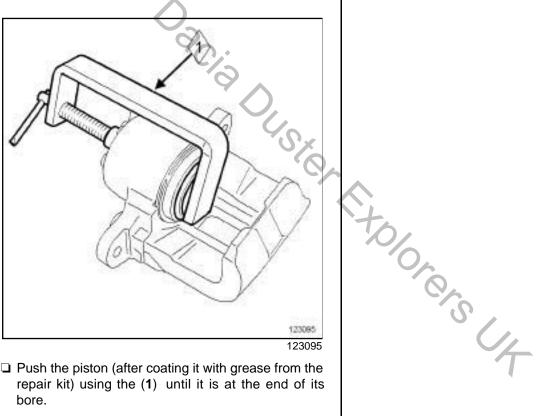
Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting



REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Check the thickness of the front brake pads (see 30A, General information, Brake: Specifications, page 30A-13).
- ☐ Clean using a wire brush and BRAKE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products):
 - the front brake calliper mountings,
 - the front brake callipers,
 - the brake discs.



- ☐ Push the piston (after coating it with grease from the repair kit) using the (1) until it is at the end of its bore.
- ☐ parts always to be replaced: Front brake calliper guide pin bolt.
- □ Always replace the noise-reducing fins.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the noise-reducing fins.
- ☐ Install the brake pads starting from the inside.
- ☐ Tilt the calliper downwards to return it to its original position.
- ☐ Refit a new guide pin bolt.
- ☐ Torque tighten the guide pin bolt (34 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

☐ Refit the front wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.



Front brake hose: Removal - Refitting

Equipment required

pedal press

IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

WARNING

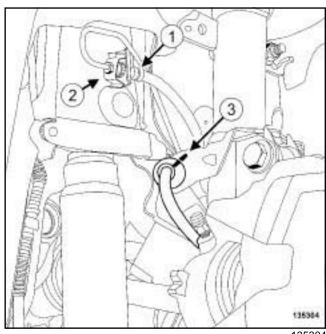
Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**).
- ☐ Set the wheels straight ahead.
- ☐ Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- □ Remove the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



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- □ Loosen the hose union (1) on the rigid pipe union.
- ☐ Remove the retaining (2) fork from the hose.
- ☐ To avoid the premature damage of the brake hose by friction, observe the following procedure before unclipping the hose:
- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Mark the position of the cap on the base of the shock absorber using a permanent marker.
- ☐ Unclip the brake hose cap (3) from the shock absorber base.
- ☐ Loosen the hose union on the brake calliper.
- ☐ Remove the brake hose.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS Front brake hose: Removal - Refitting

31A

	☐ Set the wheels straight ahead.	
	☐ Refit the brake hose at the calliper end.	
	□ Torque tighten the brake hose (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Tightening torque, page 30A-6)	
	☐ Clip the brake hose cap on to the base of the shock absorber, aligning the marks made using a permanent marker.	
	□ Refit:	
	- the brake hose on the rigid pipe union,	
	- the hose retaining fork.	
	☐ Torque tighten the brake hose union on the rigid pipe union. (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Tightening torque, page 30A-6)	
П -	II - FINAL OPERATION	
	□ Refit the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).	
	☐ Remove the pedal press from the brake pedal.	
	□ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).	060000
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Front brake calliper: Removal - Refitting



Equipment required pedal press

Tightening torques ▽	
guide pin upper bolt	34 N.m
brake hose on the calliper	17 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

Note:

The callipers supplied as spare parts are pre-filled with brake fluid.

REMOVAL

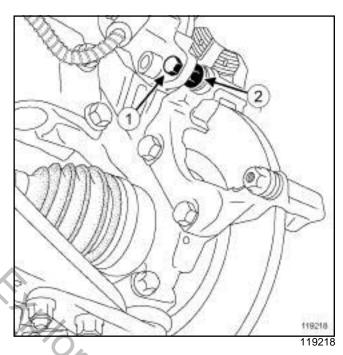
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Fit the **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- ☐ Unlock the steering column.

□ Remove the front wheel on the side concerned (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- ☐ Release the brake hose from the front brake calliper.
- □ Remove the brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal Refitting, page 31A-3).



- □ Remove the guide pin upper bolt (1) while holding the nut (2).
- ☐ Remove:
 - the front brake calliper from the hose,
 - the front brake calliper.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Check the condition of the gaiter and the calliper piston.
- □ Replace any faulty parts (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper: Repair, page 31A-9).
- ☐ Clean using a wire brush and BRAKE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products):
 - the calliper supports,
 - the callipers.

Front brake calliper: Removal - Refitting

	Always replace the guide pin bolts each time they are removed.	
II ·	- REFITTING OPERATION	
	Without using a tool, screw the calliper to the brake hose as tightly as possible.	
	Refit the guide pin upper bolt.	
	Torque tighten the guide pin upper bolt (34 N.m).	
	Refit the brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-3).	
	Torque tighten the brake hose on the calliper (17 N.m) .	
Ш	- FINAL OPERATION	
	Remove the tool pedal press .	
	Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).	
	Refit the front wheel on the side concerned (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).	
	IMPORTANT	
	To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.	to/0/0/5/4
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Front brake calliper: Repair

Equipment required

pedal press

IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

WARNING

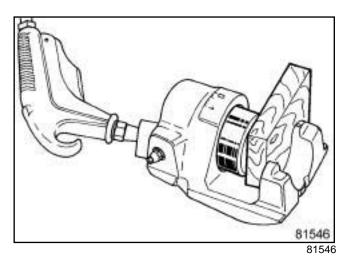
Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REPAIR

I - REPAIR PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Position the **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- □ Remove:
 - -the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the front brake calliper (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper: Removal Refitting, page 31A-7).

II - REPAIR OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



- □ Remove the piston using compressed air, making sure to insert a wooden block between the calliper and the piston to avoid damaging it. Any trace of impact on the end panel will render the piston unfit for
- ☐ Remove the dust seal.



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□ Remove the rectangular section seal from the calliper groove with a round edged spring blade (feeler gauge).

WARNING

The whole calliper must systematically be replaced if there are any scratches in the calliper bore.

Clean the parts using methylated spirit.

Front brake calliper: Repair



REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

☐ Refit:

- -the new rectangular section seal in the calliper groove,
- the piston (after having smeared it with the grease supplied in the repair kit) using the,
- the dust seal.

II - FINAL OPERATION.

☐ Refit:

- the brake calliper (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper: Removal Refitting, page 31A-7),
- -the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Remove the **pedal press**.

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

□ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).



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Front brake calliper mounting: Removal - Refitting



Tightening torques ♡	
front brake calliper support bolts	105 N.m
guide pin upper bolt	34 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

WARNING

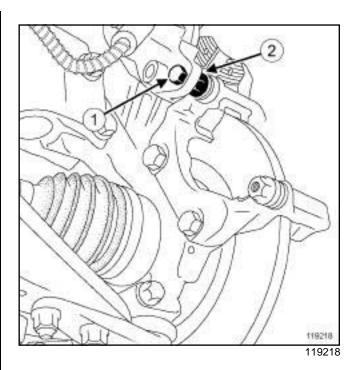
In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

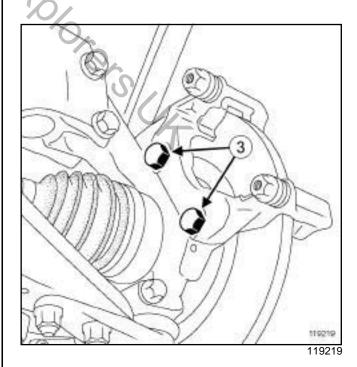
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Unlock the steering column.
- □ Remove:
 - the front wheel on the side in question (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the front brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal Refitting, page 31A-3).



- ☐ Remove the guide pin upper bolt (1) while holding the nut (2).
- □ Suspend the front brake calliper from the suspension spring.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



□ Remove:

- the two front brake calliper mounting bolts (3),
- the front brake calliper mounting.

Front brake calliper mounting: Removal - Refitting



REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Clean using a wire brush and BRAKE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products):
 - the front brake calliper mounting,
 - the front brake calliper,
 - the hub carrier.
- parts always to be replaced: Front brake calliper mounting bolt
- ☐ Coat the calliper mounting bolts with HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products) before fitting them.
- parts always to be replaced: Front brake calliper guide pin bolt.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- □ Refit:
 - the front brake calliper mounting,
 - the front brake calliper mounting bolts.
- □ Torque tighten the front brake calliper support bolts (105 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the guide pin upper bolt.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **guide pin upper bolt (34 N.m)**.
- ☐ Refit:
 - the front brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal Refitting, page 31A-3).
 - -the front wheel on the side concerned (see **35A**, **Wheels and tyres**, **Wheel: Removal Refitting**, page **35A-1**)

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting



WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

Tightening	torques \bigtriangledown
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bolts of the front brake disc protector

7 N.m

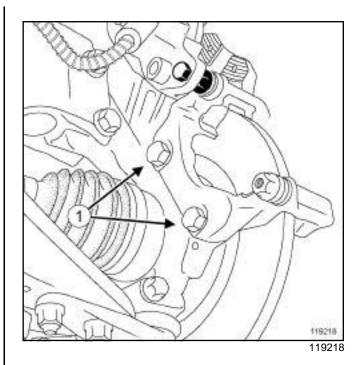
IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

REMOVAL

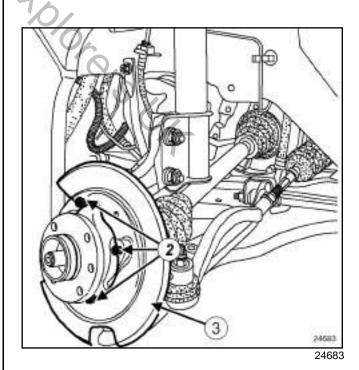
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove:
 - -the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the front brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal Refitting, page 31A-3),
 - -the front brake disc (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal Refitting, page 31A-15).



- ☐ Remove the calliper mounting bolts (1).
- ☐ Attach the « calliper mounting brake calliper » assembly to the suspension spring.

II- REMOVAL OPERATION



□ Remove:

- the front brake disc protector bolts (2) ,
- the front brake disc protector (3) .

Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting

31A

WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Using a wire brush and SURFACE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products) clean the hub carrier.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the brake disc protector.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **bolts of the front brake disc protector (7 N.m)**.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - -the front brake disc (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal Refitting, page 31A-15),
 - -the « calliper mounting brake calliper » assembly (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper mounting: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-11),
 - -the front brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal Refitting, page 31A-3),
 - -the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.



FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting

Equipment required

indelible pencil

parts washer

Brake discs cannot be reground. If there is excessive scoring or wear, they will need to be replaced (see 30A, General information, Brake: Specifications, page 30A-13).

IMPORTANT

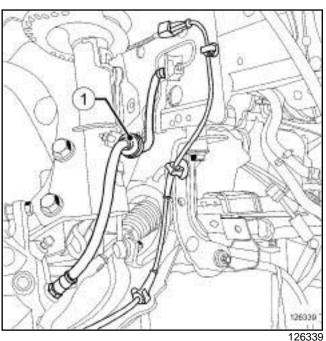
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair, page 30A-2) (30A, General information),
- (see Vehicle: Precautions for the repair) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Set the wheels straight ahead.
- ☐ Remove the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

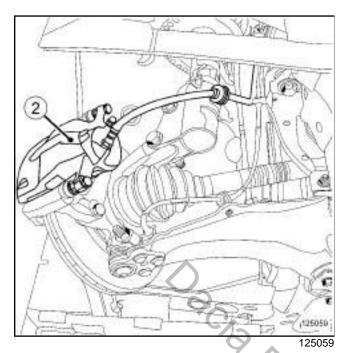


- ☐ Mark the position of the cap (1) on the base of the shock absorber using a indelible pencil.
- ☐ Unclip the cap (1) from the base of the shock absorber.

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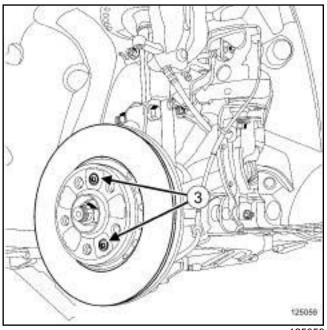
FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting

31A



- □ Remove the brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal Refitting, page 31A-3)
- □ Remove the "brake calliper mounting brake calliper" assembly (2) (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper mounting: Removal Refitting, page 31A-11).
- ☐ Hang the "brake calliper mounting brake calliper" assembly (2) on the suspension spring.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



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- □ Remove:
 - the brake disc bolt or bolts (3),
 - the brake disc.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Clean the brake discs using a parts washer.
- ☐ Dry the surface of the discs.
- □ Clean the mating faces of the disc on the hub using a wire brush and BRAKE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products).
- ☐ parts always to be replaced: Front brake disc

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Refit the brake disc with new bolts.
- □ Torque tighten the new disc mounting bolts (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Tightening torque, page 30A-6)

FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting

31A

III - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit the "brake calliper mounting brake calliper" assembly (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake calliper mounting: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-11).
- □ Refit the brake pads (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake pads: Removal Refitting, page 31A-3)
- ☐ Set the wheels straight ahead.
- ☐ Clip the cap on the base of the shock absorber while aligning the marks made with a **indelible pencil**.

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- -check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.
- □ Refit the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

☐ Advise the customer to run-in the brake pads (no harsh braking).

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Front brake disc: Description



I - PREPARATION OPERATION FOR CHECK

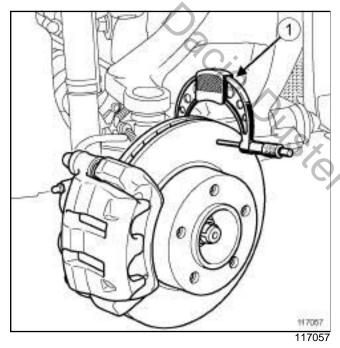
Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

Remove the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

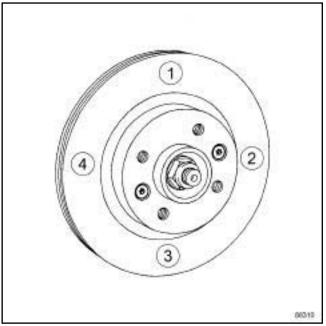
II - CHECKING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

Note:

Use a Palmer type tool to check the thickness of the disc.



Position the Palmer tool (1) to measure the disc thickness.



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Measure the thickness of the disc at 4 points in order (90° apart).

Compare the values with those recommended by the manufacturer (see 30A, General information, Brake: Specifications, page 30A-13).

III - FINAL OPERATION

Replace the discs if necessary (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-15).

Refit the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

Hydraulic unit - master cylinder brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

31A

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

	Equipment required
pedal press	

Tightening torques ▽	
brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit	14 N.m
brake pipe unions on the master cylinder	14 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

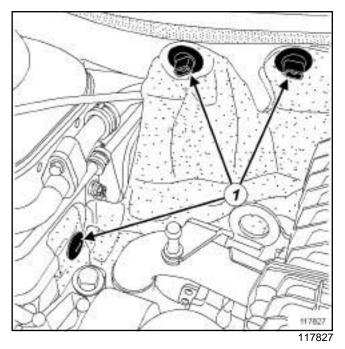
WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

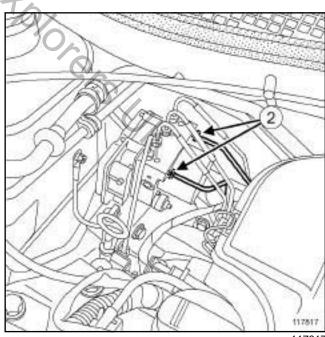
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- ☐ Remove the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



- ☐ Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION

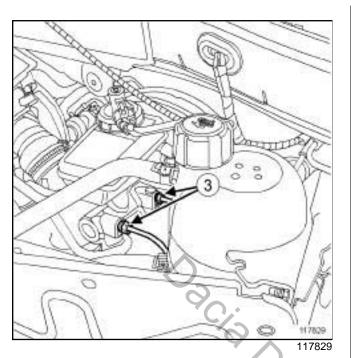


- 117817
- ☐ Undo the brake pipe unions (2) on the hydraulic unit.
- ☐ Detach the brake pipes.

Hydraulic unit - master cylinder brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

31A

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



- ☐ Undo the brake pipe unions (3) on the master cylinder.
- □ Remove the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and master cylinder.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and master cylinder.
- ☐ Clip the brake pipes onto the bulkhead.
- □ Screw on:
 - the brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit,
 - the brake pipe unions on the master cylinder.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - -the brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m),
 - -the brake pipe unions on the master cylinder (14 N.m).

II - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
 - the soundproofing on the bulkhead (if fitted to the vehicle),
 - the soundproofing mounting clips,
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- □ Remove the pedal press.

□ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).



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Hydraulic unit - underbody union brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

	Equipment required
pedal press	

Tightening torques ♡	
brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit	14 N.m
brake pipe unions on the underbody unions	14 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

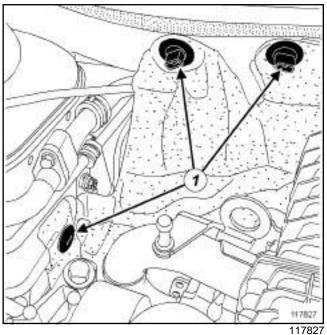
WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

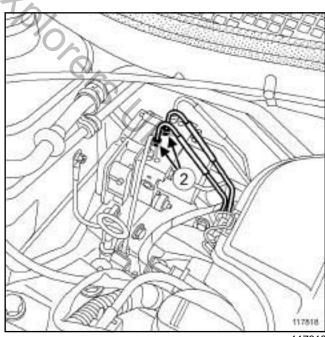
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- ☐ Remove the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



- □ Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



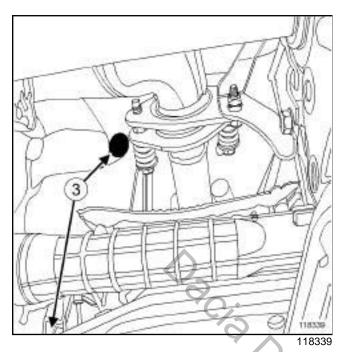
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☐ Unscrew the brake pipe unions (2) on the hydraulic

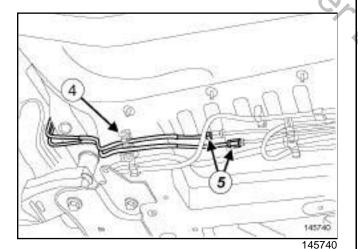
Hydraulic unit - underbody union brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

31A

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



- ☐ Remove the two bulkhead soundproofing clips (3).
- ☐ Move aside the soundproofing to reveal the underbody pipe unions.



- □ Detach the brake pipes from their clips (4).
- ☐ Unscrew the pipe unions (5) on the hydraulic unit.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and underbody unions.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and underbody unions.
- ☐ Screw on:
 - the brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit,

- the brake pipe unions on the underbody unions.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - the brake pipe unions on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m),
 - the brake pipe unions on the underbody unions (14 N.m).

II - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Fit the bulkhead soundproofing.
- □ Refit:
 - the soundproofing mounting clips (if fitted to the vehicle),
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Remove the **pedal press**.
- □ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).



Hydraulic unit - front left-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

31A

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

	Equipment required
pedal press	

Tightening torques ▽	
brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit	14 N.m
brake pipe union on the brake hose	14 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

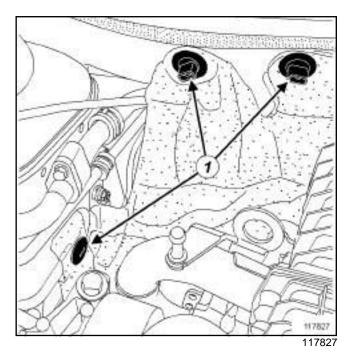
WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

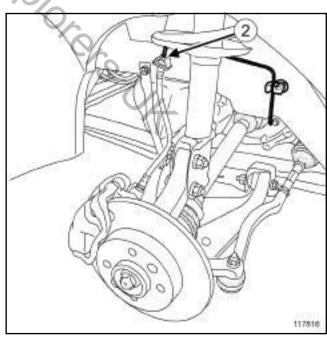
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- □ Remove:
 - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A**, **Wheels and ty-res**, **Wheel: Removal Refitting**, page **35A-1**),
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



- ☐ Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



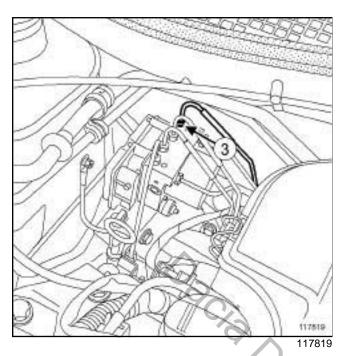
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- ☐ Undo the brake pipe union (2) on the brake hose.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- ☐ Detach the brake pipe.

Hydraulic unit - front left-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

31A

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



- ☐ Undo the brake pipe union (3) on the hydraulic unit.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipes between the hydraulic unit and front left-hand brake hose.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the brake pipe between the hydraulic unit and front left-hand brake hose.
- ☐ Attach the brake pipe.
- □ Refit:
 - -the brake pipe union on the front left-hand brake hose.
 - the brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - -the brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m),
 - -the brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m).

II - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the bulkhead soundproofing.
- □ Refit:
 - the soundproofing clips (if fitted to the vehicle),
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Remove the **pedal press**.

- □ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).
- ☐ Refit the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1)



Hydraulic unit - front right-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

31A

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

	Equipment required
pedal press	

Tightening torques ▽	
brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit	14 N.m
brake pipe union on the brake hose	14 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

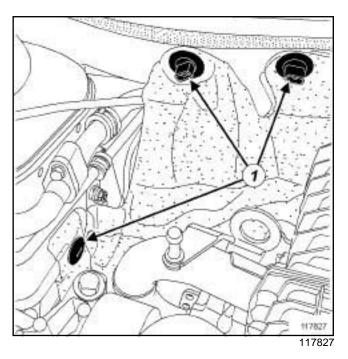
WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

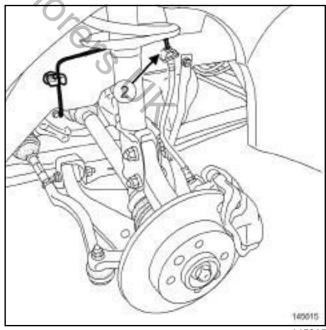
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment.
- ☐ Fit a **pedal press** in order to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- □ Remove:
 - the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



- ☐ Remove the soundproofing clips (1) (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Move the soundproofing to one side in order to see the pipes.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



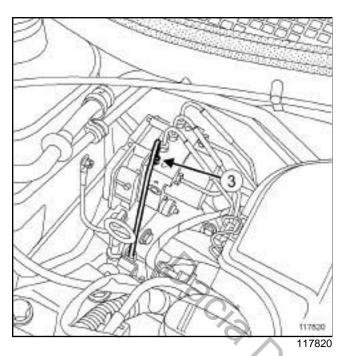
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- ☐ Undo the brake pipe union (2) on the brake hose.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- ☐ Detach the brake pipe.

Hydraulic unit - front right-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

31A

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



- ☐ Undo the brake pipe union (3) on the hydraulic unit.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipe between the hydraulic unit and front right-hand brake hose.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the brake pipe between the hydraulic unit and front right-hand brake hose.
- ☐ Attach the brake pipe.
- □ Refit:
 - the brake pipe union on the front right-hand brake hose.
 - the brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - -the brake pipe union on the hydraulic unit (14 N.m),
 - -the brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m).

II - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the bulkhead soundproofing.
- □ Refit:
 - the soundproofing clips (if fitted to the vehicle),
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Remove the **pedal press**.

- □ Bleed the braking circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).
- □ Refit the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).



Front driveshaft hub carrier: Removal - Refitting



Tightening torques ♡	
shock absorber base bolts	105 N.m
nut or bolt of the lower ball joint	62 N.m
track rod end nut	37 N.m
hub nut	280 N.m
brake calliper mounting bolts	105 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1),
- (see Vehicle: Precautions for the repair) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Unlock the steering column.
- □ Remove the front wheel on the side concerned (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

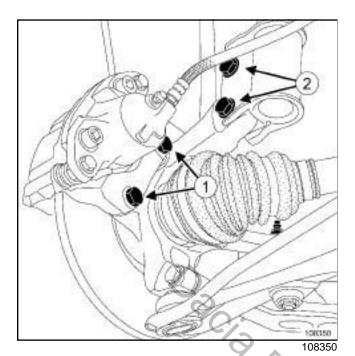
II - REMOVAL OPERATION

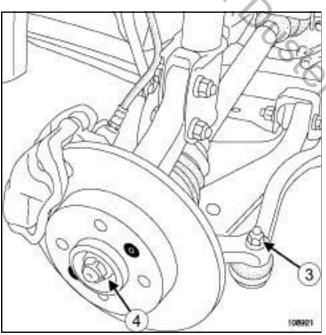
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ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

□ Remove the wheel speed sensor (depending on the vehicle equipment) (see 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting, page 38C-7).

Front driveshaft hub carrier: Removal - Refitting





- □ Remove the front brake calliper mounting bolts (1).
- ☐ Suspend the «calliper front brake calliper mounting» assembly on the suspension spring.

WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

□ Remove:

- the hub nut (4) using the,
- the front brake disc (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal Refitting, page 31A-15).

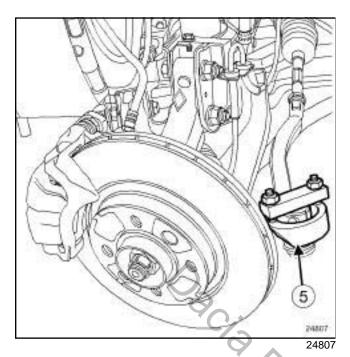
WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

□ Remove the front brake disc protector (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-13).

Remove:

- -the track rod end nut (3),
- the nut or bolt of the lower ball joint,
- the shock absorber base bolts (2) .

Front driveshaft hub carrier: Removal - Refitting



- ☐ Extract the track rod end using the (5).
- □ Push back the front driveshaft from the stub axle carrier using the toolsand.
- ☐ Remove the front driveshaft hub carrier.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ parts always to be replaced: Front wheel hub nut
- ☐ parts always to be replaced: Track rod end nut
- parts always to be replaced: Front driveshaft lower arm ball joint nut
- □ parts always to be replaced: front shock absorber lower nut

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- □ Refit:
 - the front driveshaft hub carrier,
 - the track rod end.
 - the shock absorber base bolts
 - the lower arm ball joint,

WHEEL DISC PROTECTOR

□ Refit the brake disc protector (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc protector: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-13).

□ Refit:

- the brake disc (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-15),
- the hub nut.
- Use HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK (see) (04B, Consumables - Products) to coat the threading of the calliper mounting bolts.
- □ Refit:
 - the « calliper front brake calliper mounting » assembly
 - the front brake calliper mounting bolts.

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

□ Refit the wheel speed sensor (see 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting, page 38C-7).

□ Torque tighten:

- the shock absorber base bolts (105 N.m),
- the nut or bolt of the lower ball joint (62 N.m),
- the track rod end nut (37 N.m),
- the hub nut (280 N.m),
- the brake calliper mounting bolts (105 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

□ Refit the front wheel on the side concerned (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

Front hub carrier bearing: Removal - Refitting



IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose.
- do not twist the hose,
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: **Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

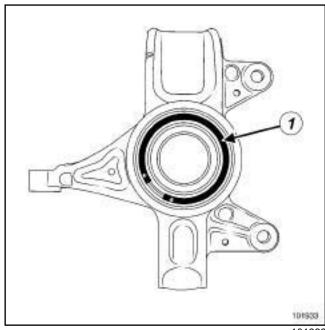
□ Remove the front wheel speed sensor (see 38C, Anti-lock braking system, Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting, page 38C-7).

□ Remove:

-the front brake disc (see 31A, Front axle components, Front brake disc: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-15),

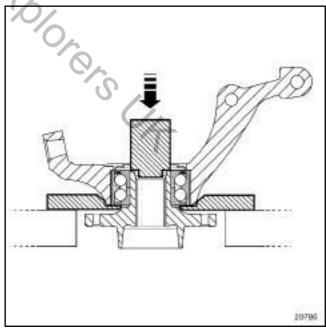
- the front driveshaft hub carrier (see 31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft hub carrier: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-27).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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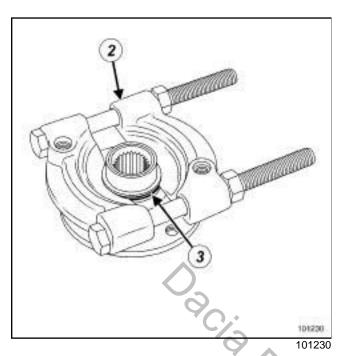
Remove the elastic ring (1) from the front driveshaft hub carrier.



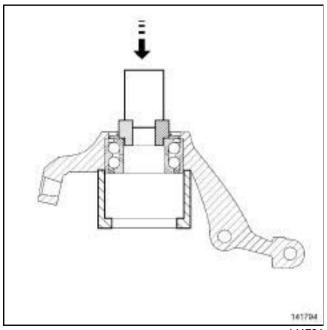
20786

□ Remove the hub with a press, applying pressure with a tube with an external diameter of **42 mm**.

Front hub carrier bearing: Removal - Refitting



- □ Place the extractor jaws (2) in the groove of the internal bush (3).
- □ Remove the internal bush from the hub, applying pressure on the hub with a tube with an external diameter of 42 mm.



141794

☐ Remove the bearing from the front hub carrier by applying pressure to the inner bush with a tube with an external diameter of **75 mm**.

REFITTING

- I REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION
- □ parts always to be replaced: Front hub carrier bearing.
- □ parts always to be replaced: Front stub axle carrier bearing rubber ring.

WARNING

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target on the bearing.

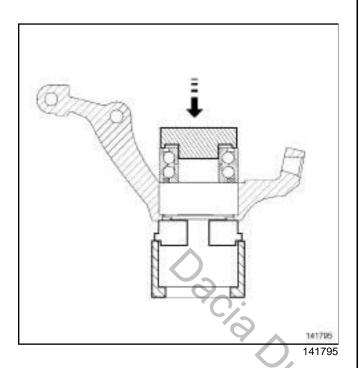
WARNING

Do not press the bearing's internal bush so as to avoid damaging the bearing (very high shrink-fitting force).

- ☐ Use **SURFACE CLEANER** (see) (04B, Consumables Products) to clean:
 - the internal and external surfaces of the bearing, in contact with the hub carrier and the hub,
 - the hub carrier surfaces in contact with the bearing,
 - the hub surfaces in contact with the bearing.
- ☐ Check the condition of the hub surface and the bore of the hub carrier in contact with the bearing.
- ☐ Replace any component whose contact surfaces have deep scratches or cracks.

Front hub carrier bearing: Removal - Refitting

II - REFITTING OPERATION





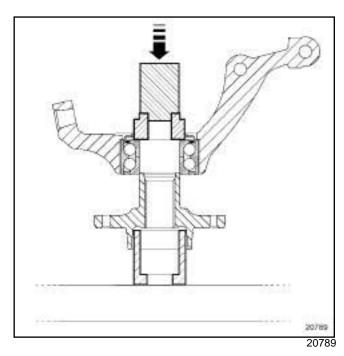
115568

WARNING

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target (3) on the bearing.

- ☐ Position the sensor target on the bearing towards the vehicle interior.
- ☐ Apply pressure to the external bush with a tube with an external diameter of **80 mm** and an internal diameter of **75 mm** (old bearing).

☐ Apply a fitting force of **50,000 N** to ensure that the bearing is correctly fitted on the hub carrier shoulder.



Refit:

- the hub using a tube with an external diameter of **55 mm**,
- the elastic ring on the front driveshaft hub carrier.

III. FINAL OPERATION

☐ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

Front shock absorber and spring: Removal - Refitting



Equipment required
indelible pencil
spring compressor

Tightening torques ♡	
internal nut of the shock absorber rod	62 N.m
shock absorber nut on the body	44 N.m
shock absorber base bolts	105 N.m
brake hose mounting bolt	8 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

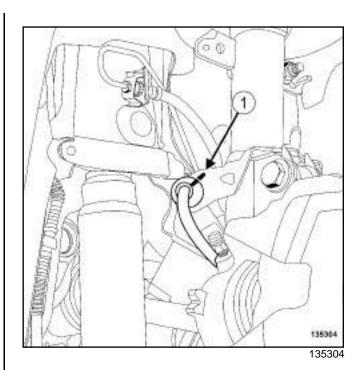
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

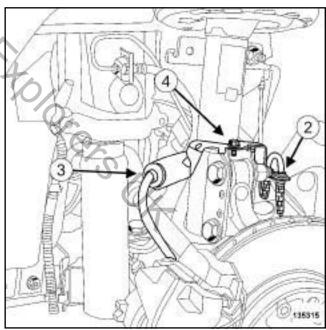
- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see) (02A, Lifting equipment.
- ☐ Unlock the steering column.
- □ Remove the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

Note:

Make sure the colours of the springs and shock absorbers are identical with the spare parts.



☐ Mark the position of the cap on the base of the shock absorber using a **indelible pencil** (1).



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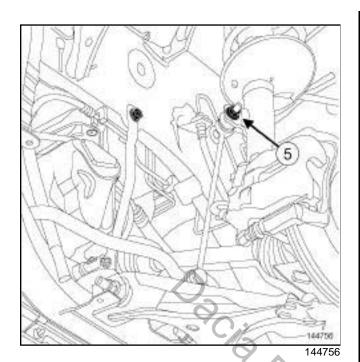
□ Unclip:

- the wiring (2) of the wheel speed sensor from the brake hose mounting,
- the cap (3) of the brake hose mounting.

□ Remove:

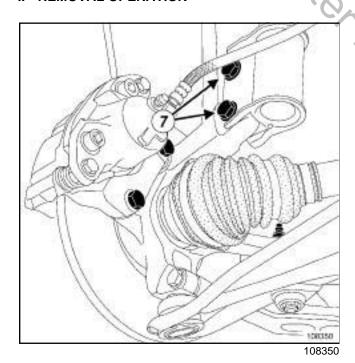
- the bolt (4) of the brake hose mounting,
- the brake hose mounting.

Front shock absorber and spring: Removal - Refitting

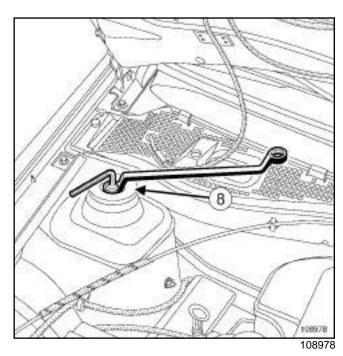


☐ Remove the nut (5) of the anti-roll bar tie-rod on the shock absorber.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



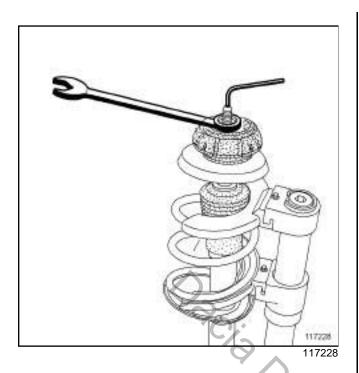
- □ Remove the shock absorber base bolts (7) .
- ☐ Remove the shock absorber base from the stub axle carrier using the hub carrier for support.
- ☐ Attach the hub carrier to the body.



☐ Remove:

- the shock absorber cage with a male Allen key and a ring spanner,
- the cage (8),
- the « spring shock absorber » assembly.
- Place the appropriate cups on the **spring compres- sor** and position the assembly on the spring.
- ☐ Detach the spring from the cups by compressing the spring.

Front shock absorber and spring: Removal - Refitting



- ☐ Remove the shock absorber rod with a male Allen key and a ring spanner.
- ☐ Separate the various components which make up the « spring/shock absorber » assembly.

REFITTING

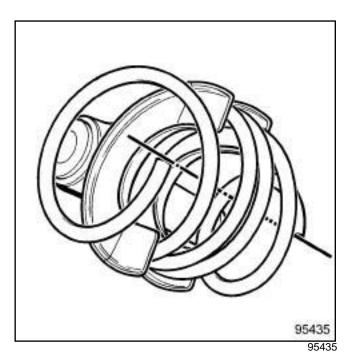
I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

Note:

When removing or refitting springs, you must not strike the springs, as this could damage their surface treatments.

- □ If necessary, replace any faulty filter unit components (see 31A, Front axle components, Filter unit assembly: Removal Refitting, page 31A-38)
- □ parts always to be replaced: front shock absorber rod nut
- ☐ parts always to be replaced: Filter unit assembly
- □ parts always to be replaced: front anti-roll bar tie-rod nut
- □ parts always to be replaced: front shock absorber lower nut

II - REFITTING OPERATION

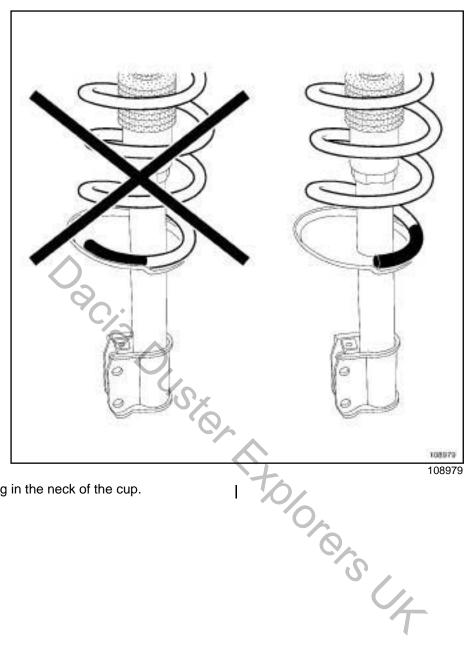


☐ Place the **spring compressor** in a vice.

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Note:

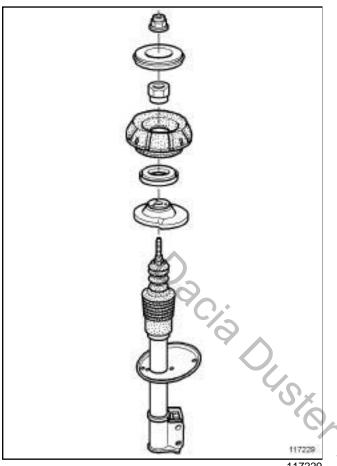
When replacing the spring for easier fitting, ensure that the positioning and orientation of the spring and the tool cups are correct.



☐ Insert the spring in the neck of the cup.

Front shock absorber and spring: Removal - Refitting





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- □ Respect the order and direction of fitting for the constituent parts.
- ☐ Torque tighten the internal nut of the shock absorber rod (62 N.m).
- ☐ Decompress the spring.
- ☐ Remove the spring compressor.
- ☐ Refit:
 - the « spring/shock absorber » assembly,
 - -the shock absorber turret (8) using an Allen key and a ring spanner,
 - the shock absorber base on the hub carrier.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - the shock absorber nut on the body (44 N.m),
 - the shock absorber base bolts (105 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the brake hose mounting.
- ☐ Torque tighten the brake hose mounting bolt (8 N.m).
- ☐ Clip the brake hose cap onto the support.
- ☐ Clip the speed sensor onto the support.
- ☐ Refit the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).



Filter unit assembly: Removal - Refitting



IMPORTANT

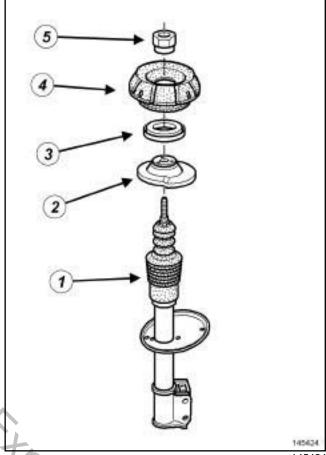
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove:
 - -the front wheel on the side concerned (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - -the shock absorber (see 31A, Front axle components, Front shock absorber and spring: Removal Refitting, page 31A-33).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



145424

- (1) Front impact stop
 (2) Upper cup
 (3) Shock absorber stop
 (4) Front filter unit
- □ Separate the various components of the « spring shock absorber » assembly.

Spacer

- ☐ Visually check the condition of the component parts of the filter unit.
- ☐ All faulty components must always be replaced.

REFITTING

(5)

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Fit the components in the order indicated in the illustration.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

☐ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.

Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting

Tightening torques ♡	
front and rear bolts mounting the lower arm on the subframe	180 N.m
lower arm ball joint nut	62 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

WARNING

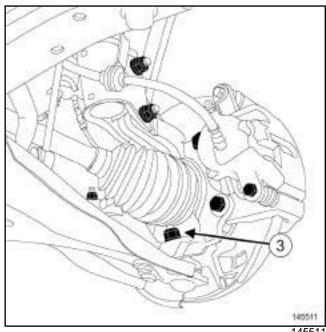
Do not use the lower arm for support with a lifting system.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

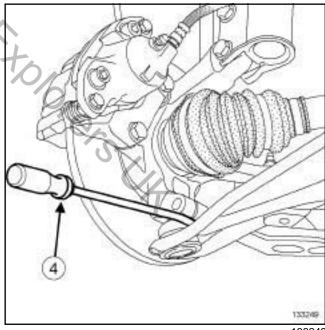
- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Unlock the steering column.
- □ Remove:
 - the front wheel on the side in question (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the front wheel arch side liner.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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- ☐ Remove the lower arm ball joint nut (3).
- ☐ Remove the lower arm ball joint.



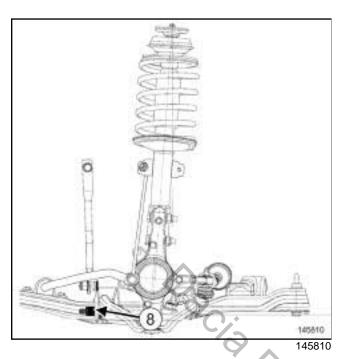
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Note:

If the lower ball joint is stuck in the stub axle carrier and it will not come out, extract the ball joint using an angled lever (4) as illustrated in the diagram.

Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting





- the front wheel on the side in question (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Check the values of the axle assemblies (see Front axle assembly: Adjustment values) .

□ Remove:

- the lower arm front and rear bolts (8),
- the lower arm.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ parts always to be replaced: Front driveshaft lower arm bolt
- ☐ Always replace the lower arm nuts.
- Stor Hologogy C4 ☐ Position the heads of the lower arm bolts so that they face the rear of the vehicle.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - the lower arm,
 - the lower arm ball joint in its housing.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - -the front and rear bolts mounting the lower arm on the subframe (180 N.m),
 - the lower arm ball joint nut (62 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit:
 - the front wheel arch side liner,

Front driveshaft lower arm ball joint: Check



CHECK

CHECKING THE FRONT DRIVESHAFT LOWER ARM BALL JOINT

☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

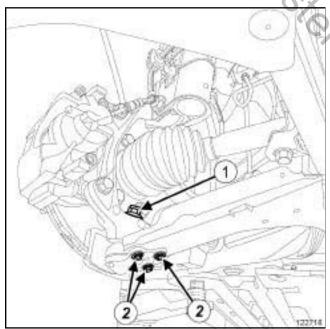
1 - Check the condition of the lower arm ball joint gaiter

☐ Check:

- -the gaiter crimping on the front driveshaft lower arm ball joint,
- that the gaiter is not torn.

If the lower arm ball joint gaiter of the front driveshaft is in poor condition or not crimped, replace the lower arm of the front driveshaft (see 31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-39).

2 - Check the fitting of the lower arm ball joint

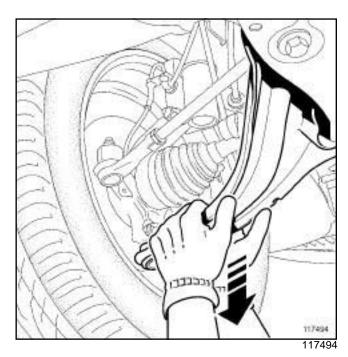


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□ Check:

- -the "front driveshaft lower arm ball joint front driveshaft lower arm bolt front driveshaft hub carrier" assembly is correctly positioned,
- the tightening torque of the lower arm ball joint nut (1) for the front driveshaft (see 30A, General information, Front axle system: Tightening torque, page 30A-16),
- -that the rivets of the lower arm ball shaft for the front driveshaft are held in place (2).

3 - Checking the play of the lower arm ball joint



- ☐ Check that there is no play in the front driveshaft lower arm ball joint:
 - from a position underneath the vehicle,
 - using both hands, hold the front driveshaft lower arm as close as possible to the wheel,
 - push downwards several times.

If there is play in the front driveshaft lower arm ball joint, replace the front driveshaft lower arm (see 31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-39).

Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting



Special tooling required		
Mot. 1390	Support for removal - refitting of engine - gearbox assembly	
Tav. 1747	Threaded rods for carrying out subframe operations.	

Equipment required	
safety strap(s)	

Tightening torques ♡		
subframe bolts	110 N.m	
bracket bolts	44 N.m	
steering box bolts	180 N.m	
steering box heat shield bolts	21 N.m	
power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the subframe	21 N.m	
upper bolt of the sub- frame tie-rod	21 N.m	

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1),
- (see Vehicle: Precautions for the repair) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

WARNING

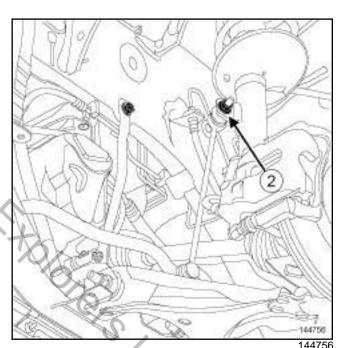
To prevent any damage, do not use the lower arm as support for the lifting system.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

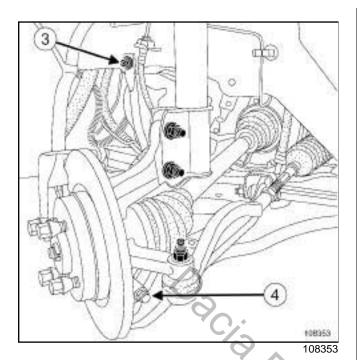
☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: **Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

- □ Disconnect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).
- □ Remove the front wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Strap the cooling radiator on the front upper cross member.
- □ Remove the front bumper (see Front bumper assembly: Exploded view) (55A, Exterior protection).
- □ Remove:
 - the wheel arch liner clips,
 - the wheel arch liners,
 - the engine undertray.



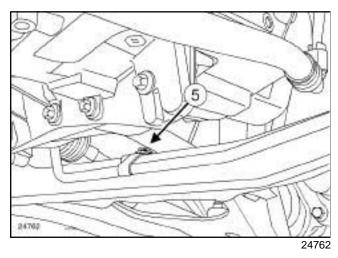
☐ Remove the anti-roll bar nuts (2).

Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting

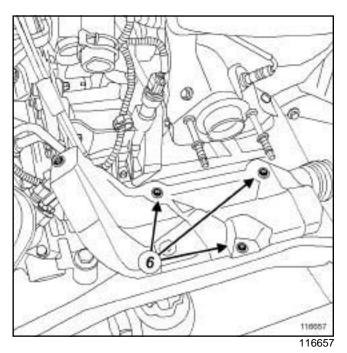


- ☐ Remove:
 - the subframe tie-rod upper bolts (3),
 - the bolts or nuts (4) of the lower ball joints.
- ☐ Remove the lower ball joints.

POWER ASSISTED STEERING



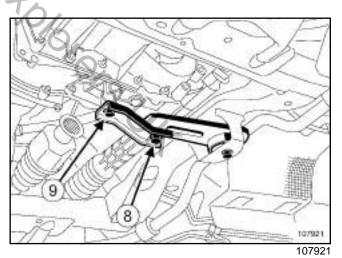
☐ Remove the bolt (5) of the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe on the subframe.



☐ Remove the heat shield bolts (6) on the steering box.

☐ Remove:

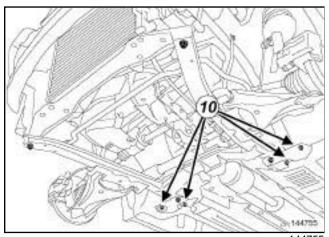
- the steering box heat shield,
- the steering box bolts on the subframe.
- ☐ Attach the steering box on the body.



□ Remove:

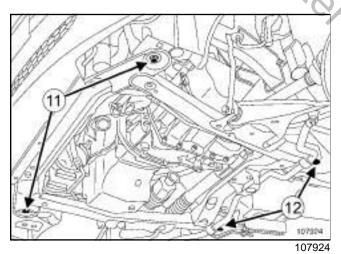
- the engine tie-bar bolt (8) on the gearbox,
- the engine tie-bar retaining bracket bolt (9),
- the retaining bracket.

Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting

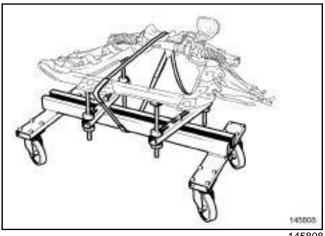


- ☐ Remove the bolts (10) of the front axle subframe brackets.
- ☐ Unclip the oxygen sensor wiring on the heat shield.
- □ Position the (Mot. 1390) under the sub-frame.
- ☐ Lower the lift and adjust the pads to ensure that the subframe is secure on the tool.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- ☐ Remove bolts (11) and (12) from the subframe on the body.
- ☐ Remove the brackets.



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- ☐ Strap the subframe to (Mot. 1390).
- ☐ Raise the lift to separate the subframe from the body.
- ☐ Remove the sub-frame fittings.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ parts always to be replaced: Front sub-frame bolt.
- Degrease the contact surface areas of the subframe and the body using SURFACE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).

WARNING

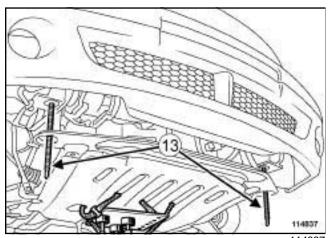
To prevent the surrounding components from overheating, do not damage (tear, pierce, bend, etc.) a heat shield.

Any damaged heat shields must be replaced.

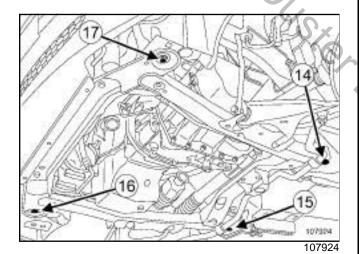
II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the subframe equipment.
- □ Position the subframe using (Mot. 1390).

Front axle subframe: Removal - Refitting



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- ☐ Fit two M12 threaded rods (13) of tool (Tav. 1747) in the position of the subframe front bolts to guide the subframe when it is being refitted.
- ☐ Refit the brackets.
- ☐ Refit the subframe.



- ☐ Tighten the subframe bolts in order until contact.
- ☐ Torque tighten in order the subframe bolts (110 N.m).
- ☐ Torque tighten the bracket bolts (44 N.m).
- ☐ Remove the safety strap(s).
- Raise the lift.
- Refit the steering box on the subframe.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **steering box bolts (180 N.m)**.
- ☐ Refit the steering box heat-resistant protection.
- ☐ Torque tighten the steering box heat shield bolts (21 N.m).
- ☐ Clip the oxygen sensor wiring onto the heat shield.

- □ Refit the rear suspended engine mounting (see Lower engine tie-bar: Removal Refitting) (19D, Engine mounting).
- ☐ Refit the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe on the subframe.
- ☐ Torque tighten the power-assisted steering low pressure pipe bolt on the subframe (21 N.m).
- □ Refit:
 - the lower ball joints in the hub carrier (see 31A, Front axle components, Front driveshaft lower arm: Removal - Refitting, page 31A-39),
 - the subframe tie rods.
- □ Torque tighten the upper bolt of the subframe tierod (21 N.m).
- □ Refit:
 - the engine undertray,
 - the wheel arch liners.
- ☐ Refit the front bumper (see Front bumper assembly: Exploded view) (55A, Exterior protection).

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Remove the **safety strap(s)** from the cooling radiator.
- Refit the front wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Check the values of the axle assemblies (see) .
- □ Connect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).

FRONT AXLE COMPONENTS Front anti-roll bar: Removal - Refitting



Tightening torques ▽			
anti-roll bar tie rod nuts	44 N.m		
anti-roll bar bearing bolts	21 N.m		

Anti-roll bar specifications:

No.	Ø of the bar in mm
Black	20

IMPORTANT

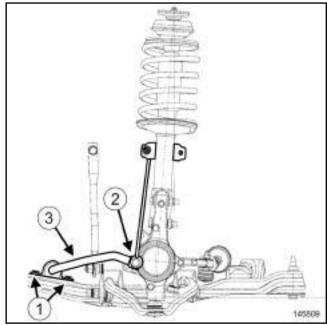
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 31A, Front axle components, Front axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 31A-1).

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: **Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove:
 - -the front wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the engine undertray,
 - the front wheel arch side liners.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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- □ Remove:
 - the anti-roll bar bearing bolts (1),
 - the nuts (2) from the anti-roll bar tie rods,
 - the anti-roll bar.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Clean the surfaces of the subframe resting against the anti-roll bar bearings using SURFACE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products).
- □ parts always to be replaced: front anti-roll bar tie-rod nut

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - the anti-roll bar tie rod nuts (44 N.m),
 - the anti-roll bar bearing bolts (21 N.m)

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair



I - SAFETY

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Ensure any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle is cleaned off.

II - CLEANLINESS

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

1 - Braking

Replace all the brake pads on one axle at the same time. Never mix brake pads of different brands or quality.

Lightly coat the threading on the support linkage with GREASE BR 2 + (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).

The brake mechanism components are different on the left and right-hand sides, so it is essential not to confuse them. On the left-hand brake: the bolt thread has a right-hand thread. On the right-hand brake: the bolt has a left-hand thread.

Adjust the brake pads by depressing the brake pedal repeatedly.

IMPORTANT

To avoid brake imbalance, both drums must be of the same diameter. Regrinding one drum necessitates regrinding of the opposite drum.

2 - Rear brake drums, rear brake pads

Remove all dust from the drums and the backplates using brake cleaner.

To ensure the wheel speed sensor operates correctly, do not mark the sensor target on the drum's magnetic ring gear.

3 - Suspension spring

When replacing the spring, ensure that the positioning and orientation of the spring and the spring compressor tool cups are correct.

Check that the spring compressor tool is operating correctly.

WARNING

To prevent the suspension spring from prematurely breaking, do not damage the anti-corrosion protection.

In the interests of safety, do not leave a spring compressed in the spring compressor tool.

4 - Rear axle

The shock absorber mountings are only to be tightened with the vehicle wheels on the ground.

Always replace the shock absorber upper mounting nut.

WARNING

To prevent any damage, do not use the rear axle as support for the lifting system.

WARNING

To prevent the components of the rear axle from deteriorating (rubber bushes, brake hoses, etc.) do not remove the two shock absorbers at the same time. Proceed one side at a time.

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS

Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting



REAR BRAKE BOSCH: 9 INCHES

Replace all the brake pads on one axle at the same time. Never mix brake pads of different brands or qualities.

IMPORTANT

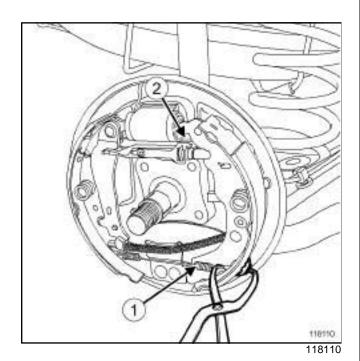
Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair, page 30A-2).

REMOVAL

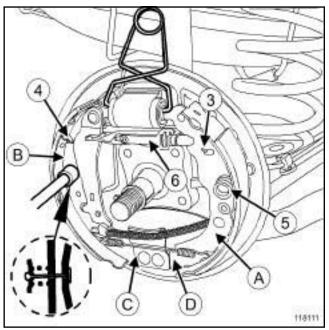
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Release the parking brake.
- □ Remove:
 - -the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - -the brake drums (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting, page 33A-7).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



☐ Remove the lower spring (1) then the upper spring (2) using brake shoe pliers.



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- ☐ Place pliers on the slave cylinder pistons.
- □ Remove:
 - the spring (3) on the incremented automatic compensation system,
 - the retaining spring (4) from the trailing shoe linkage,
 - the side retaining springs (5) while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate,
 - the linkage (6).
- □ Alternately remove each shoe base (**D**) from the fixed bridge piece (**C**).
- □ Remove:
 - the leading shoe (A),
 - the trailing shoe (B).
- ☐ Uncouple the parking brake cable from the parking brake lever.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

□ Remove any dust from the brake drums and backplates using BRAKE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting

Lightly grease the support linkage thread.

Note:

The brake mechanism components are different on the left and right-hand sides, so it is important not to confuse them.

On the left-hand brake: the bolt has a right-hand thread.

On the right-hand brake: the bolt has a left-hand thread.

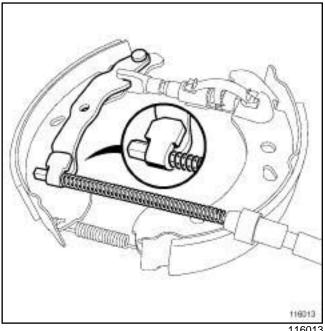
II - REFITTING OPERATION

□ Refit:

- -the linkage to the trailing shoe while holding it together with its spring,
- the incremented automatic compensation system spring to the linkage,
- the parking brake cable to the parking brake lever,
- the leading shoe,
- -the incremented automatic compensation system spring to the leading shoe.
- ☐ Fit the leading shoe/trailing shoe assembly to the back-plate.

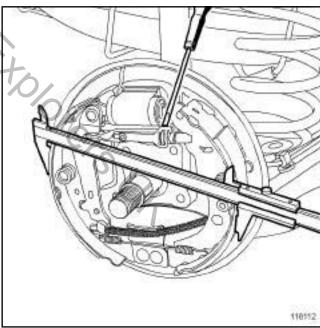
□ Refit:

- the upper spring,
- the lower spring,
- -the side retaining springs while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate.
- ☐ Remove the pliers from the slave cylinder pistons.



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☐ Check that the parking brake cable is correctly positioned on the parking brake lever.



- ☐ Using a screwdriver, adjust the diameter of the shoes with the linkage to obtain a diameter of 227.5 mm ± 0.1.
- ☐ Carry out the same adjustment on the other side.
- ☐ Adjust the handbrake if the lever stops between the first and second positions of the parking brake lever's travel (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Adjustment, page 37A-30).

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - -the brake drums (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting, page 33A-7).
 - -the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Adjust the brake pads by depressing the brake pedal repeatedly.
- □ Check that the incremented compensation system is working properly (characteristic « click » from the drums when the brake pedal is repeatedly depressed).



Rear brake cylinder: Removal - Refitting



Equipment required		
pedal press		
parts washer		

Tightening torques ▽		
brake cylinder bolt(s)	14 N.m	
brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder	14 N.m	

IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair, page 30A-2).

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

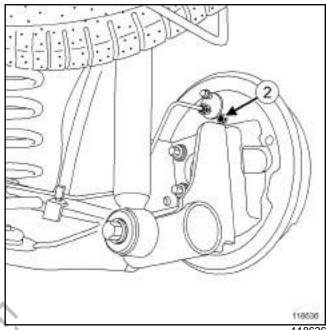
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting).
- ☐ Position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- ☐ Release the parking brake.
- □ Remove:
 - -the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the brake drum (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-7),
 - -the side retaining springs while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-2),
 - -the upper return spring using brake shoe pliers (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-2).
- ☐ Detach the pin from the spring of the wear compensation system on the leading shoe.

Separate the shoes.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION

- ☐ Unscrew the rigid pipe union from the slave cylinder (be prepared for brake fluid running out).
- ☐ Fit a cap on the brake pipe union.



- Remove the rear brake cylinder bolt (2) on the brake back-plate.
- ☐ Remove the rear brake cylinder.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Remove any dust from the brake drums and backplates using a parts washer.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- □ Refit:
 - the rear brake cylinder on the brake back-plate,
 - the rear brake cylinder bolt(s) on the brake backplate.
- ☐ Torque tighten the brake cylinder bolt(s) (14 N.m).
- ☐ Remove the plug from the brake pipe union.
- ☐ Refit the brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder.
- ☐ Torque tighten the brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder (14 N.m).

Rear brake cylinder: Removal - Refitting

33A

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Attach the pin from the spring of the wear compensation system on the leading shoe.
- □ Refit
 - -the upper return spring using brake shoe pliers (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal Refitting, page 33A-2),
 - -the side retaining springs while holding the connecting rod in contact with the brake back-plate (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake lining: Removal Refitting, page 33A-2),
 - the brake drum (see **33A**, **Rear axle components**, **Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting**, page **33A-7**),
 - -the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the **pedal press**.
- □ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).
- tion, Braking circuit: Dieeu, page control.

 Adjust the rear brake linings by repeatedly depressing the brake pedal.

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting

Equipment required

parts washer

rear brake drum nut

280 N.m

IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 30A, General information, Brake circuit: Precautions for the repair, page 30A-2).

IMPORTANT

The two brake drums should be the same diameter.

Regrinding one drum necessitates regrinding of the opposite drum.

When replacing a brake drum, it is essential to replace the drum on the opposite side as well.

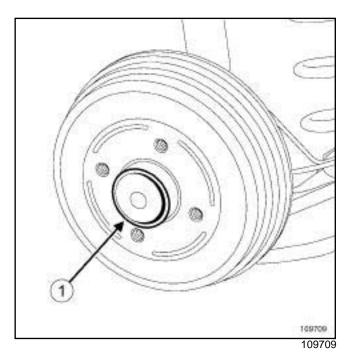
When replacing a brake drum, it is essential to replace the brake linings as well.

REMOVAL

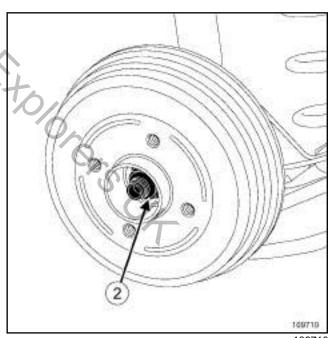
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Release the parking brake.
- □ Remove the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



☐ Remove the caps from the drums (1).



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- □ Remove:
 - the rear brake drum nuts (2),
 - the rear brake drums using the toolsand, if necessary.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Check the internal diameter of the drum.

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting



	Always replace the brake drum nuts.	
	parts always to be replaced: rear drum cap.	
	Replace any faulty parts.	
	Using a parts washer, clean:	
	- the brake drum linings,	
	- the drum,	
	- the stub axle.	
	Note:	
	Do not apply grease to the following components:	
	- drum,	
	- stub axle,	
	-nut,	
	- rear drum cap.	
	4	
II	- REFITTING OPERATION	
	Adjust the parking brake if the lever stops between the first and second positions of the parking brake lever's travel (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-29).	toboos,
	Refit:	to.
	- the rear brake drums,	
	- the rear brake drum nuts,	
	- the drum caps.	Cy
	Torque tighten the rear brake drum nut (280 N.m) by turning the drum while tightening the nut.	54
Ш	- FINAL OPERATION	
	Refit the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).	

☐ Adjust the brake linings by repeatedly depressing

the brake pedal.

Rear brake drum: Description



Equipment required

sliding calliper

I - PREPARATION OPERATION FOR CHECK

Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

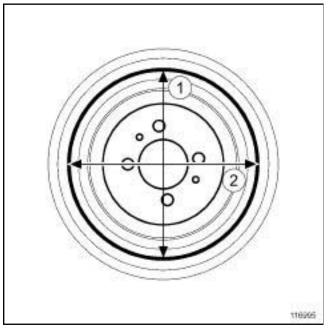
Remove:

- the rear wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
- the rear brake drum (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting, page 33A-7).

II - TEST OPERATION

Note:

To check the internal diameter of the drum, use a sliding calliper type tool for drums.



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Position the **sliding calliper** to measure the internal diameters of the brake drum.

Measure the interior diameters of the brake drum on the perpendicular axes (1) and (2).

Compare the values with those recommended by the manufacturer (see 30A, General information, Brake: Specifications, page 30A-13).

III - FINAL OPERATION

toloros 4

Replace the rear drums if necessary (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-7).

Refit the rear wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).



REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rigid brake pipe: Removal - Refitting



Equipment required pedal press

Tightening torques ▽		
rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders	14 N.m	
rigid brake pipe unions on the rear brake hoses	14 N.m	

The pipes have a rigid and a flexible section.

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page **33A-1**).

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

WARNING

To avoid damaging the wheel speed sensor cable:

- Do not tension the cable.
- Do not twist the cable,
- Check that there is no contact with the surrounding components,
- Do not use tools that may damage the cable.

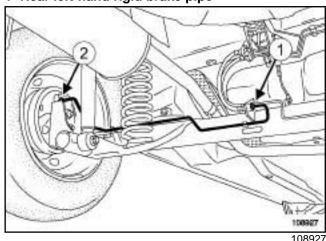
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Fit the **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit the amount of brake fluid running out.

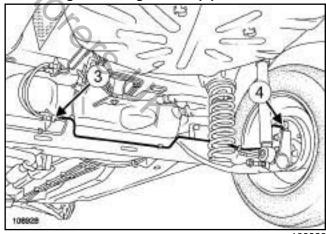
II - REMOVAL OPERATION

1 -Rear left-hand rigid brake pipe



- □ Unscrew:
 - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear axle (1),
 - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder **(2)** .
- ☐ Unclip the rear axle rigid brake pipe.
- Remove the rear left-hand rigid brake pipe.

2 - Rear right-hand rigid brake pipe



- □ Unscrew:
 - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear axle brake hose (3),
 - the rigid brake pipe union on the rear brake cylinder **(4)** .
- ☐ Unclip the rear axle rigid brake pipe.
- ☐ Remove the rear right-hand rigid brake pipe.

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rigid brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

33A

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION Always replace the rigid brake pipe mounting clips. II - REFITTING OPERATION Refit the rear rigid brake pipes in their original positions. Clip the rear rigid brake pipes on the rear axle. Fit without tightening: the rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders, the rigid brake pipe unions on the rear brake hoses. Torque tighten: the rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders (14 N.m), the rigid brake pipe unions on the rear brake hoses (14 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Remove the tool **pedal press** from the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- □ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).

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REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Shock absorber: Removal - Refitting

33A

4X2 TRANSMISSION

Equipment required

component jack

	Tightening torques		
shock bolt	absorber	lower	162 N .m
shock nut	absorber	upper	14 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1).

During removal, note the colours of the springs to ensure the conformity of the parts for refitting.

WARNING

To prevent any suspension asymmetry, replace both of the shock absorbers on the same axle.

WARNING

To prevent the components of the rear axle from deteriorating (rubber bushes, brake hoses, etc.) do not remove the two shock absorbers at the same time. Proceed one side at a time.

WARNING

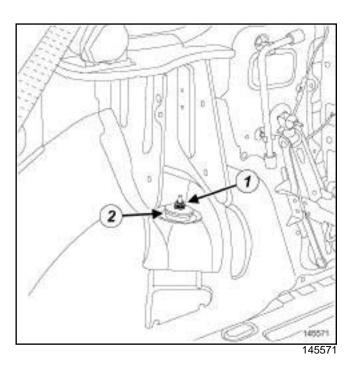
To prevent any damage, do not use the rear axle as support for the lifting system.

REMOVAL

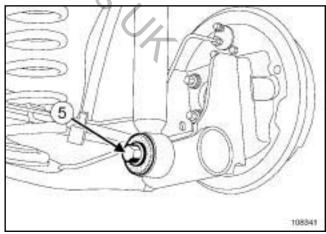
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the rear wheel arch trim (see) (71A, Body internal trim).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- In the luggage compartment, with wheels on the ground, remove:
 - the nut (1),
 - -the rubber bush (2).
- ☐ Raise the lift.
- ☐ Using a block, bring the **component jack** into contact under the rear axle, near the shock absorber.



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- □ Remove:
 - the shock absorber lower bolt (5),
 - the shock absorber.
- ☐ Repeat the operation on the opposite side.

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Shock absorber: Removal - Refitting

4X2 TRANSMISSION

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION ☐ Always replace the rear shock absorber lower bolt . parts always to be replaced: Rear shock absorber upper nut. **II - REFITTING OPERATION** □ Refit: - the shock absorber, positioning the shock absorber head in its housing, - the shock absorber lower bolt. ☐ Lower the lift until the wheels touch the ground. ☐ Align the shock absorber head with the drill hole in the boot. □ Refit: - the rubber bush, - the new shock absorber upper nut. ☐ Torque tighten: - the shock absorber lower bolt (162 N.m) with the tool component jack in place, -the shock absorber upper nut (14 N.m) whilst holding the bolt head, with the wheels on the ground.

III - FINAL OPERATION

the opposite side.

☐ Refit the rear wheel arch trim (see Rear wheel arch trim: Removal - Refitting) (71A, Body internal trim).

☐ Repeat these operations on the shock absorber on

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rear suspension spring: Removal - Refitting



4X2 TRANSMISSION

Equipment required

component jack

shock absorber lower bolt

162 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1).

WARNING

To prevent the components of the rear axle from deteriorating (rubber bushes, brake hoses, etc.) do not remove the two shock absorbers at the same time. Proceed one side at a time.

WARNING

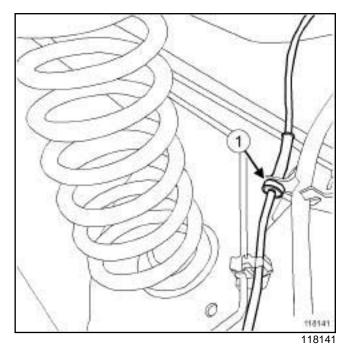
To prevent any damage, do not use the rear axle as support for the lifting system.

During removal, note the colours of the springs to ensure the conformity of the parts for refitting.

REMOVAL

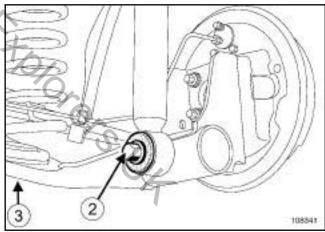
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).



☐ Unclip the wheel speed sensor wiring at (1).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



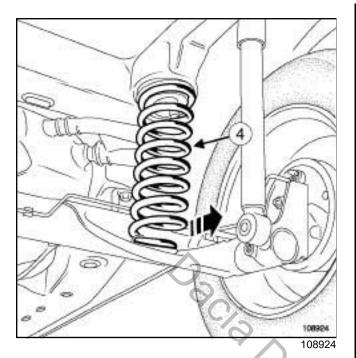
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- ☐ Bring the **component jack** (3) into contact, using a shim, under the spring cup, without forcing it.
- ☐ Mark the position where the spring is fitted.
- ☐ Remove the lower bolt (2) from the shock absorber.

REAR AXLE COMPONENTS Rear suspension spring: Removal - Refitting



4X2 TRANSMISSION



□ Remove the spring (4) with its lower mounting by removing the component jack.

Note:

If the upper mounting is unclipped, replace it.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Always replace the rear shock absorber lower bolt.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - the lower mounting on the rear axle (positioning the guide correctly),
 - the spring with its upper mounting in the marked location, starting at the top.
- ☐ Bring the **component jack** into contact, using a shim, under the spring cup.
- ☐ Compress the rear axle so that the shock absorber lower bolt can be refitted.
- ☐ Refit the shock absorber lower bolt.
- ☐ Torque tighten the shock absorber lower bolt (162 N.m).
- ☐ Remove the tool **component jack**.
- ☐ Refit the wheel speed sensor wiring.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit the rear wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Repeat these operations on the opposite side.



Rear axle rubber bearing: Removal - Refitting



IMPORTANT

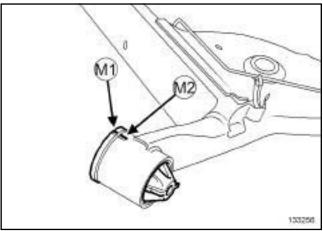
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1).

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: **Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove:
 - -the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
 - the rear brake drums (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting, page 33A-7).
 - -the complete rear axle (see 33A, Rear axle components, Complete rear axle system: Removal Refitting, page 33A-19).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



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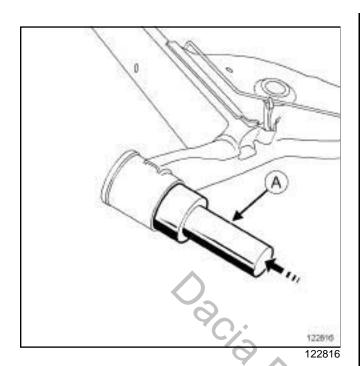
- □ Before removing the rear rubber bearing, mark the position of the rubber bearing in the bore of the rear axle arm bushing:
 - make marks (M1) and (M2) on the rear axle arm bushing and on the rubber bearing,
 - copy the mark (M1) from the used rubber bearing onto the new one.

Note:

These marks are necessary to ensure correct refitting, and to avoid premature wear of the rubber bearings and good road holding for the vehicle.

Rear axle rubber bearing: Removal - Refitting





- ☐ Fit the joint castor (A) of the.
- ☐ Remove the rubber bearing from the rear axle by hitting with a hammer on the bush castor (A) of the tool.

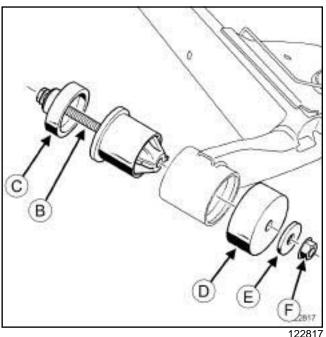
REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

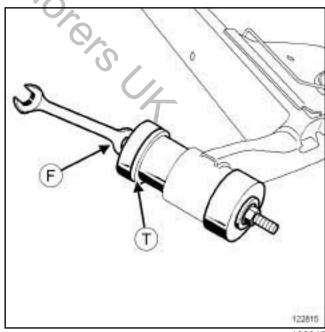
□ parts always to be replaced: Rear axle rubber bearing.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

☐ Position the rubber bearing in the bore of the rear axle arm bushing so that the marks (M1) and (M2) are aligned.



- ☐ To refit the rear axle rubber bearings use:
 - the threaded rod (B),
 - the cover (C),
 - the cover (D),
 - the anti-friction washer (E),
 - the nut (F), of the



- 122815
- ☐ Position theused for refitting.
- ☐ Tighten the nut (F) of the tooluntil the rubber bearing face (T) is set right up against the rear axle arm bushing.

Rear axle rubber bearing: Removal - Refitting



☐ Check that the marks (M1) and (M2) aligned.	are correctly
☐ Remove the tool.	
III - FINAL OPERATION	
☐ Refit:	
 - the complete rear axle (see 33A, Reponents, Complete rear axle system Refitting, page 33A-19), 	
 - the rear brake drums (see 33A, Rear nents, Rear brake drum: Remova page 33A-7) 	
☐ Adjust the rear axle (see Rear axle sys ment) .	stem: Adjust-
☐ Refit the rear wheels (see 35A, Whee Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35	
□ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, Gen tion, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30	

Complete rear axle system: Removal - Refitting



4X2 TRANSMISSION

Equipment required		
pedal press		
component jack		
safety strap(s)		

Tightening torques ♡	
bearing bolts	105 N.m
rigid pipe unions on the brake cylinders	14 N.m
rigid pipe unions on the hoses	14 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear axle components: Precautions for the repair, page 33A-1).

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

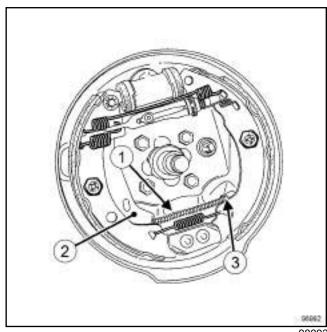
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Release the parking brake.
- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment.
- ☐ Remove the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Fit the **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION

☐ Remove the brake drums (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-7).

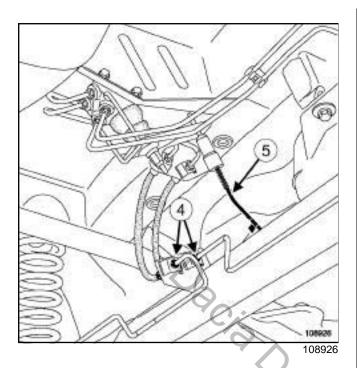


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- ☐ Take out the parking brake cables (1) by pushing the lever (2) using pliers and a screwdriver.
- ☐ Unclip:
 - the parking brake cable sleeves (3) from the brake back-plates,
 - -the wheel speed sensors (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Detach the rear axle wheel speed sensors (if fitted to the vehicle).

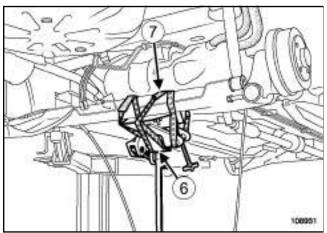
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Complete rear axle system: Removal - Refitting

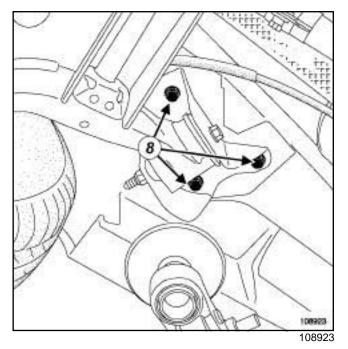
4X2 TRANSMISSION



- ☐ Unscrew the unions of the rigid pipes on the flexible brake pipes (4).
- □ Detach the compensator rod (5) from the rear axle (if fitted to vehicle).
- ☐ Remove the rear suspension springs (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear suspension spring: Removal - Refitting, page 33A-14) .
- ☐ Undo the rigid brake pipe unions on the brake cylinders.



- ☐ Place the **component jack** (6) at the centre of the rear axle.
- ☐ Lash the rear axle to the component jack using a safety strap(s) (7).



- ☐ Loosen the bearing bolts (8).
- ☐ Lower the rear axle with the **component jack**.
- □ Remove:
 - the rear axle from the component jack,
 - the rear axle equipment.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

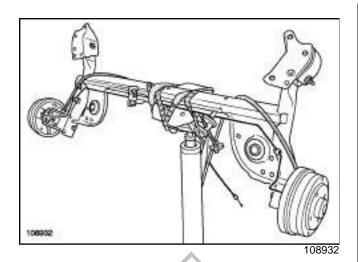
☐ Always replace the bolts of the rubber bearings.



Complete rear axle system: Removal - Refitting



4X2 TRANSMISSION



- ☐ Strap the rear axle onto the **component jack**.
- ☐ Position the rear axle under the vehicle.
- ☐ Coat the threads of the bearing bolts with HIGH STRENGTH THREADLOCK (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products).

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- Position the bearing locators opposite the centring holes.
- ☐ Refit the bolts starting with the left-hand bearing.
- ☐ Insert the brake pipes into their housing.
- ☐ Attach the compensator rod (5) to the rear axle (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Retighten the rigid brake pipe unions on the hoses.
- ☐ Remove the safety strap(s) and the component jack.
- ☐ Refit the brake back-plates.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **bearing bolts (105 N.m)**.
- □ Torque tighten:
 - the rigid pipe unions on the brake cylinders (14 N.m),
 - -the rigid pipe unions on the hoses (14 N.m).
- □ Refit:
 - the rear suspension springs (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear suspension spring: Removal Refitting, page 33A-14),
 - the parking brake cables.
- ☐ Check that the parking brake cable stops are properly inserted in their housing.

- □ Refit the brake drums (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting, page 33A-7).
- ☐ Refit the cables and the wheel speed sensors (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Connect the parking brake control unit cables to the compensator.
- □ Adjust the rear axle (see Rear axle system: Adjustment).

III - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Remove the **pedal press**.

Stolopers C+

□ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).



Wheel: Removal - Refitting

The removal - refitting procedure is the same for all wheels.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Release the parking brake.
- ☐ Remove the trim.
- ☐ Position the wheel so that the valve is at the top.
- ☐ Mark the position of the wheel on the hub.

Note:

This mark is required in order to:

- Note the original position of the wheel on the hub,
- perform the balancing operation.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

☐ Loosen the wheel bolts with the wheel on the ground.

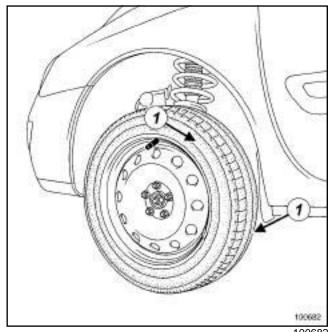
Note:

Use sockets with protective sheaths in order to avoid scratching the alloy wheel rims.

- □ Raise the lift.
- □ Remove:
 - the wheel bolts,
 - the wheel.

If the wheel cannot be removed after the bolt has been undone:

- Position all the wheel bolts.
- ☐ Tighten the wheel bolts to bring all the bolt heads into contact with the wheel.
- ☐ Undo the wheel bolts by one turn.

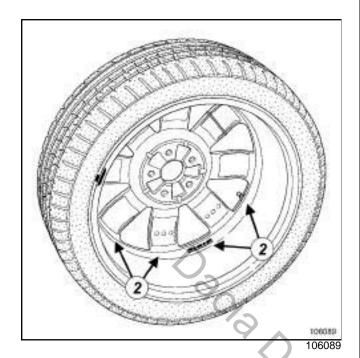


- ☐ Strike around the edge of the tyre walls (1) several times using a mallet on the inner and outer surfaces of the wheel to detach the wheel.
- □ Remove:
 - the wheel bolts,
 - the wheel. 0/0/0/5/4

Wheel: Removal - Refitting



If this procedure does not work:



☐ Strike the inner surface of the wheel (2) using a mallet and a wooden block to detach it.

Note:

Do not strike the surface of the wheel using excessive force as this may damage it.

- ☐ Remove:
 - the wheel bolts.
 - the wheel.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Clean the hub carrier using a wire brush.

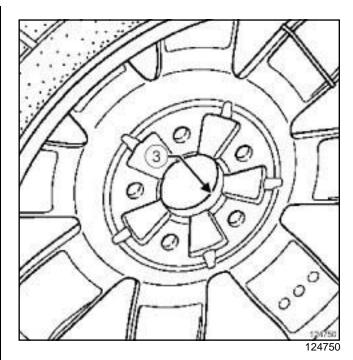
Note:

there are two types of wheel bolts for alloy and steel wheel rims; do not swap them.

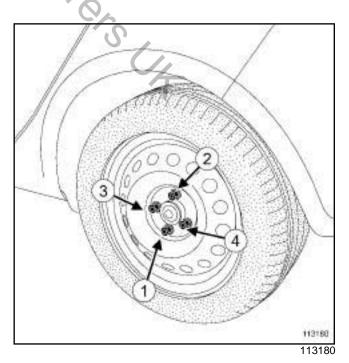
- ☐ Check the condition of the tyre.
- ☐ Do not move or remove the balance weights.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

☐ Clean the mating surfaces between the wheel and the hub carrier using a wire brush.



- ☐ Coat the wheel-mating face (3) with COPPER ANTI-SEIZE AGENT (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).
- Align the mark on the wheel with the mark made on the hub when it was removed.
- ☐ Fit the wheel to the vehicle, positioning the valve at the top.
- ☐ Insert the wheel bolts.



☐ Tighten the wheel bolts to bring all the bolt heads into contact with the wheel.

Wheel: Removal - Refitting



- ☐ Pretighten the wheel bolts to **30 N.m**, with the wheel suspended, starting with the bolts at the bottom.
- ☐ Rotate the wheel through **180**° to bring the valve into the bottom position.
- ☐ Position the vehicle on its wheels.

Note:

Use sockets with protective sheaths in order to avoid scratching the alloy wheel rims.

- ☐ Torque tighten the wheel bolts in order (see 30A, General information, Front axle system: Tighten-ORCIO DIUSTO, TITO OROS CH ing torque, page 30A-16) (30A, General information).
- ☐ Refit the trim piece.

Wheel: Balancing

I - PREREQUISITES FOR WHEEL BALANCING

☐ Wheel balancing is a measurement operation.

Several conditions must be met to achieve a reliable result in a single operation.

The wheel balancer must be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.

It is essential to calibrate the balancer according to the frequency recommended by the manufacturer.

Do not grease the threaded shaft.

Check the condition of the supports, centring components and mountings.

Replace any faulty parts (see manufacturer's instructions).

The wheel and the wheel balancer must be clean.

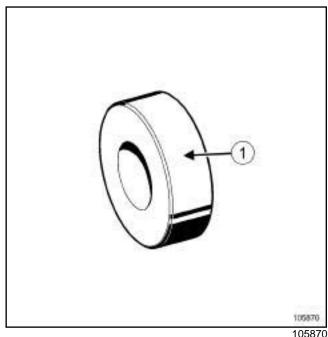
Driver's perception

☐ If the wheels are not correctly balanced this causes the steering wheel and/or the vehicle floor to vibrate.

These vibrations appear between 54 mph (90 km/h) and 90 mph (150 km/h).

II - BALANCING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Adjust the tyre pressure (see Tyre pressure: Identification).
- ☐ Always carry out a road test for a minimum distance of 1 mile (2 km) before balancing the wheels, in order to remove any flat spots on the tread caused by the vehicle being immobilised.
- ☐ Actions to be carried out immediately after the test drive:
 - Position the vehicle on a two-post vehicle lift (see Vehicle: Towing and lifting),
 - raise the vehicle,
 - leave the four wheels hanging free,
 - release the parking brake.



Note:

The ring is available from the supplier of the equipment used.

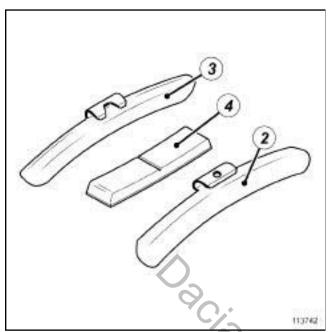
To reproduce the exact vehicle wheel assembly, use a ring (1) of diameter:

□ 66 mm

☐ There are three types of weight: OSC CH

Wheel: Balancing





113742

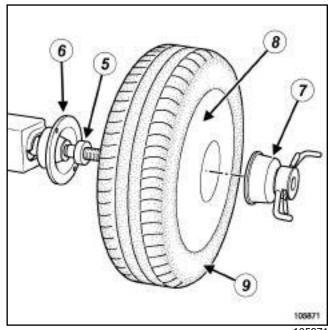
- Steel wheel with flange **(2)**
- (3) Alloy wheel with flange
- **(4)** Alloy wheel without flange
- ☐ In some countries, the use of lead weights is forbidden; in this case it is recommended to use ZAMAK weights instead.

Only use weights provided by the Parts Department.

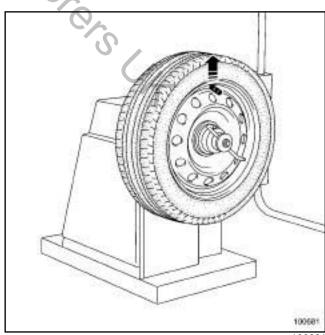
- ☐ Remove the wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Always clean the wheel, disc, and hub bearing surfaces.

III - PROCEDURE FOR BALANCING THE WHEEL IN **QUESTION**

- ☐ Make sure that the wheel balancer bearing surface and all the centring equipment (ring, thrust plate, etc.) are kept clean.
- ☐ Try not to scratch the (alloy) wheel rim with the wheel tightening device.



- ☐ The wheel is fitted on the wheel balancer as follows:
 - (5) ring,
 - (6) wheel balancer back-plate,
 - (7) wheel tightening device (certain alloy wheels require a device 200 mm in diameter to ensure that the wheel has been correctly tightened),
 - (8) outer wheel plane,
 - (9) wheel.



- ☐ Place the wheel on the wheel balancer, with the valve at the top, then lock the wheel in place.
- ☐ Remove any stones trapped in the tyre tread.

Wheel: Balancing

35A

- ☐ Enter the specific wheel parameters when starting the wheel balancer.
- ☐ Start the wheel balancer and check the wheel balance, which should be **0 g** on each plane of the wheel.
- ☐ If this is not the case, remove the old wheel balancing weights and repeat the wheel balancing procedure, checking that the wheel balance equals 0 on each wheel plane.

WARNING

To avoid detachment of the balance weights, use only weights which correspond to the vehicle wheel rims.

IV - FINAL OPERATION

□ Refit the wheel (see 35 Å, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35 Å-1).

Tyre: Precautions for the repair



I - CLEANLINESS

Clean:

- the tyre bead,
- the tyre bead/wheel rim contact surface.

Remove any grit trapped in the tyre treads.

Clean the bearing surfaces on:

- the wheels,
- the discs,
- the hubs.

II - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

WARNING

If checking the pressure when hot, increase the tyre inflation pressure by **0.2** to **0.3** bar above the recommended pressure.

WARNING

In order to remove any flat spots on the tread after the vehicle has stopped, it is essential to carry out a road test for a minimum distance of 1 mile (2 km) before balancing the wheels.

WARNING

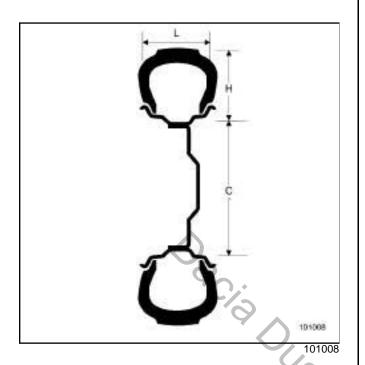
To avoid detachment of the balance weights, use only weights which correspond to the vehicle wheel rims

Ttoloros CH

Tyres: Identification

35A

Example of a tyre identification mark: 205/65 R 15 91 V





205	Tyre width in mm (L)
65	Height/width ratio
R	Radial structure
15	Internal diameter in inches (c)
91	Load index
V	Speed code

Speed code table:

Code	Maximum speed in mph (km/h)
R	170
S	180
Т	190
U	200
Н	210
V	240
ZR	above 240
W	270
Υ	300



Tyres: Removal - Refitting



REMOVAL

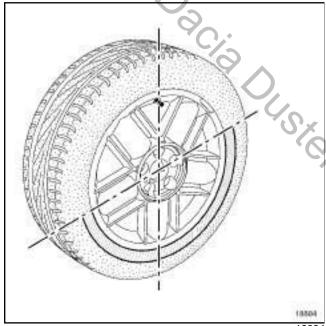
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: **Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

□ Remove:

- the wheel in question (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),
- the balance weights,
- the valve mechanism.

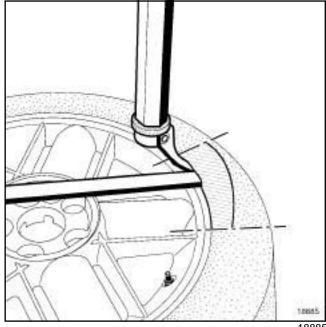
II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART **CONCERNED**



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□ Detach:

- the bead from the outside of the tyre, starting with the side opposite the valve,
- the bead from the inside of the tyre.



- ☐ Position the tyre lever approximately **15 cm** from the valve on the outside of the wheel rim in order to remove the exterior bead from the tyre.
- ☐ Remove the exterior bead of the tyre, finishing at the
- Position the tyre lever approximately **15 cm** from the valve on the outside of the wheel rim in order to remove the bead from inside the tyre.
- ☐ Remove the interior bead of the tyre, finishing at the valve.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Lubricate the two tyre beads correctly using the TYRE PASTE (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Prod-

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Engage the lower tyre bead approximately 15 cm after the valve.
- ☐ Finish fitting the tyre at the valve.
- ☐ Fit the exterior bead approximately **15 cm** after the valve using the tyre lever.
- ☐ Inflate the tyre to 3.5 bar to press the tyre beads against the wheel rim.

Tyres: Removal - Refitting

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the valve mechanism.
- ☐ Inflate the tyre to the recommended pressure (see Tyre pressure: Identification).

Note:

It is not necessary to drive the vehicle before and after a new wheel is balanced.

- ☐ Balance the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Balancing, page 35A-4).
- ☐ Refit the wheel in question (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).



Tyre: Repair



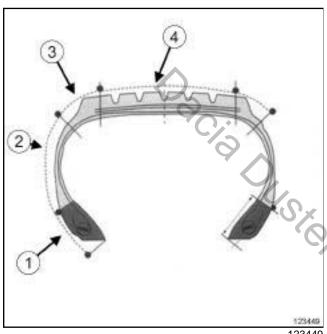
Perforation

There are two types of perforation:

- single perforation: perforation caused by nail etc. not requiring a reinforced tyre boot and which can be repaired when the tyres are cold,
- damage: rubber detachment etc. requiring repair and reinforcement of damaged plies.

This repair method only covers single perforations.

Tyre areas



123449

Areas which cannot be repaired:

- tyre bead (1),
- shoulder (3).

Areas which can be repaired:

- sidewall (2),
- crown (4).

Perforation table *

	Area			
	Crown: max Ø in mm	Sidewall: max Ø in mm		
LV speed rating less than or equal to T	6	3		
LV speed rating greater than or equal to H	6	0		

LCV load index less than or equal to 121	6	3
HGV load index 122 to 177 (inc.)	10	3

LV: Light Vehicle

LCV: Light Commercial Vehicle

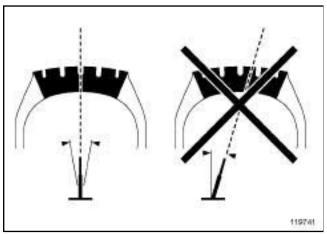
HGV: Heavy Goods Vehicle

* If the diameter of the puncture is greater than these figures, replace the tyre.

The tyre cannot be repaired if:

- a compulsory marking has been worn away (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Tyres: Identification, page 35A-8),
- the interior of the tyre shows signs of under-inflation or overloading,
- the rubber shows signs of chemical damage (hydrocarbons and other corrosive substances),
- incorrect and irreversible repairs have previously been made to the tyre,
- the carcass has been damaged,
- cuts or circumferential wear (cracks) are visible on the interior or exterior of the tyre,
- the tyre bead has been damaged (ply visible),
- the tyre's bead wires are visible, damaged or deformed,
- the tyre shows an irregular wear pattern which may impair vehicle handling,
- the repair requires two tyre boots to be overlapped,
- the manufacturer has expressly prohibited any repairs, in writing,
- there is damage to the shoulder area (junction between the sidewall and the crown),
- the angle of the perforation channel (hole) is greater than 15°.

Tyre: Repair



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Tyre inflation kit

using the tyre inflation kit, supplied with vehicles or available from retailers, will leave a film on the inner surface of the tyre.

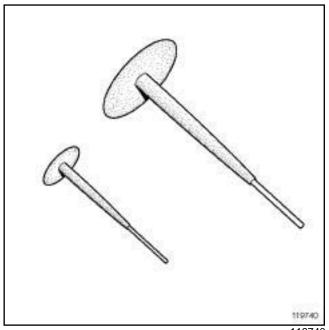
Before carrying out the repair, clean the inner surface of the tyre and the valve with water.

If the tyre cannot be cleaned in this way, contact the tyre supplier for details of cleaning products which can be used.

REPAIR

I - REPAIR PREPARATION OPERATION

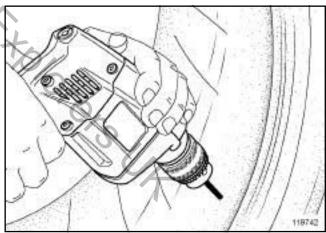
- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
- Inflate the tyre.
- ☐ Locate the perforation on the exterior of the tyre and mark it with chalk.
- ☐ Remove the tyre.
- ☐ Locate the perforation on the interior of the tyre and mark it with chalk.
- ☐ Remove the foreign body which caused the puncture.
- ☐ Determine the direction of the perforation channel.
- □ Determine the size of the hole:
 - measure the size of the foreign body,
 - measure the extent of the damage to the tyre.



119740

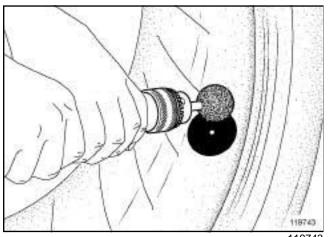
☐ Choose the size of plug (mushroom type plug) depending on the size of the hole.

II - REPAIR OPERATION



☐ Use a drill fitted with a suitable bit, perpendicular to the surface of the tyre, to bore the interior then the exterior of the perforation channel.

Tyre: Repair



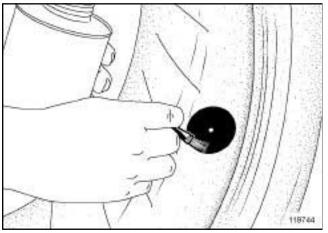
119743

☐ Carefully scrape the rubber seal around the perforation, to the size of the base of the plug (mushroom type plug).

Note:

If the rubber seal is damaged during this operation, replace the tyre.

□ Remove any dust and remaining particles of rubber using a clean, dry cloth.

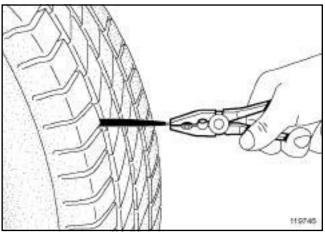


119744

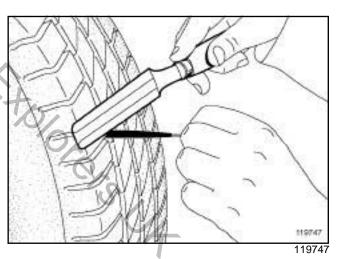
☐ Apply the solution to the scraped surface.

Note:

Respect the required drying time for the solution.



- 119746
- ☐ Fit the (mushroom type) plug via the interior of the tyre by pulling on it using pliers.
- ☐ Press gently on the base of the mushroom plug, inside the tyre.
- Refit the tyre.
- ☐ Inflate the tyre (see Tyre pressure: Identification).



- ☐ Cut the protruding end of the stalk without pulling on it.
- ☐ Check the tyre seal.

III - FINAL OPERATION.

- ☐ Balance the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Balancing, page 35A-4).
- ☐ Refit the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).

Wheel rim: Identification

35A

IDENTIFICATION

1 - Marking

There are two types of identification marking on the wheel rims:

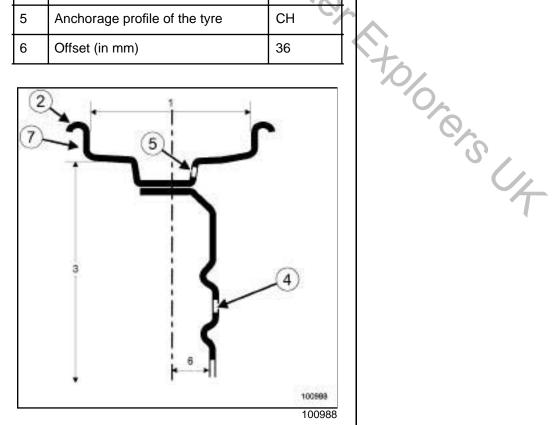
- engraved marking for steel wheel rims,
- cast marking for alloy wheel rims.

The marking gives the main dimensional specifications of the wheel rim.

This marking may be:

- complete, for example 6 J 15 5 CH 36,
- simplified, for example 6 J 15.

	Wheel type	6 J 15
1	Width (in inches)	6
2	Rim edge profile	3
3	Nominal diameter (in inches)	15
4	Number of holes	5
5	Anchorage profile of the tyre	СН
6	Offset (in mm)	36



There are 3 types of wheel rim edges (2):

- those with two flat edges,
- those with two raised edges,
- those with one flat edge and one raised edge.

2 - Installation diameter for the wheel bolts

3 - Rim run-out

The maximum run-out is measured at the wheel rim edge (7).

4 - Out-of-roundness

The maximum out-of-round value is measured on the tyre bead bearing surface.



Emergency spare wheel carrier: Removal - Refitting



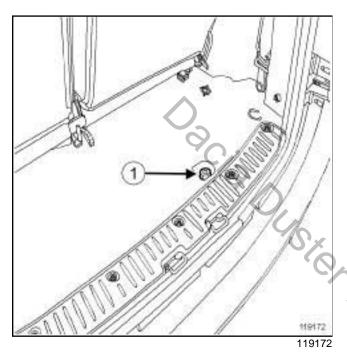
4X2 TRANSMISSION

REMOVAL

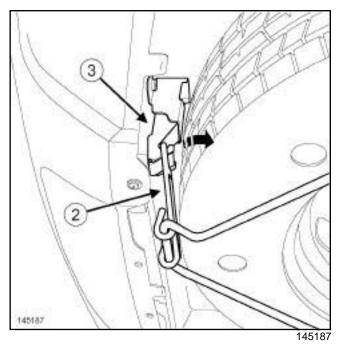
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

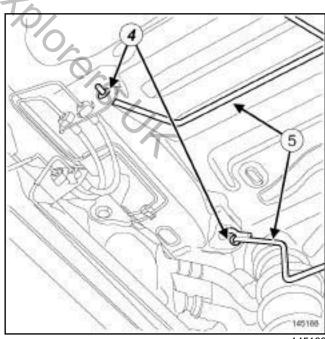
II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



☐ In the luggage compartment, loosen the mounting bolt (1) on the emergency spare wheel carrier hook.



- ☐ Unhook the handle (2) of the emergency spare wheel carrier from the hook (3) in the direction of the arrow.
- ☐ Tilt the emergency spare wheel carrier downwards while holding the emergency spare wheel.
- Remove the emergency spare wheel.



145188

☐ Remove:

- the lock washers (4)
- the two arms (5) of the emergency spare wheel carrier,
- the emergency spare wheel carrier.

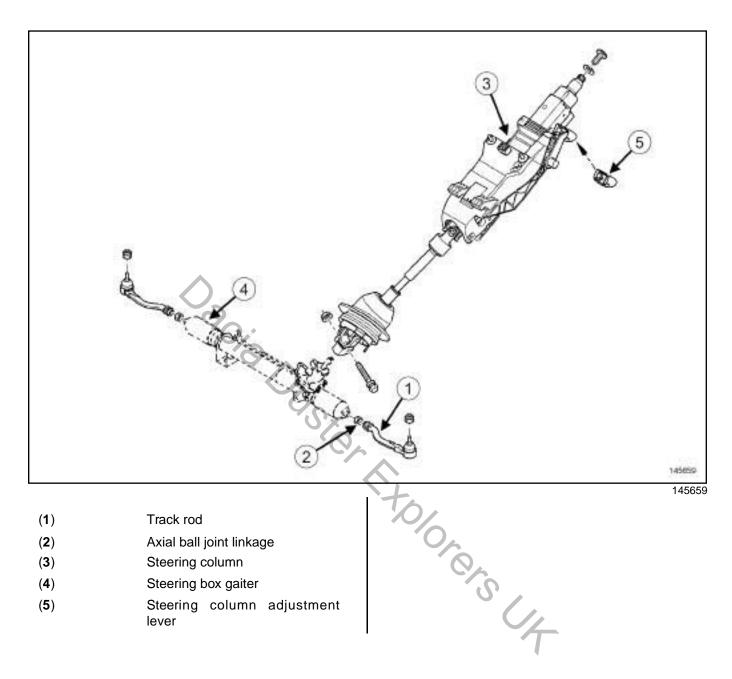
Emergency spare wheel carrier: Removal - Refitting

4X2 TRANSMISSION

REFITTING

KEITING	
I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION	
☐ Always replace the lock washers.	
II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED	
Refit the arms of the emergency spare wheel carrier on the body mountings.	
☐ Refit the lock washers (4)	
☐ Refit the emergency spare wheel in the carrier.	
☐ Tilt the emergency spare wheel carrier upwards.	
☐ Clip the handle of the emergency spare wheel carrier onto the hook.	
III - FINAL OPERATION	
☐ Tighten the mounting bolt on the hook of the emergency spare wheel carrier.	1400000 CH

STEERING ASSEMBLY Steering: List and location of components



Track	rod
	Track

- **(2**) Axial ball joint linkage
- (3) Steering column
- Steering box gaiter **(4**)
- **(5)** Steering column adjustment lever

STEERING ASSEMBLY

Steering: Precautions for the repair



I - SAFETY

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

2 - Instruction to be followed during the operation

IMPORTANT

Wear protective gloves during the operation.

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

II - CLEANLINESS

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Use a cover to protect any chassis elements that may be contaminated with power-assisted steering fluid.

2 - Instruction to be followed during the operation

Clean around the power-assisted steering system using **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

To ensure correct operation and performance of the system, do not attempt to repair any components other than those supplied in After-Sales.

To ensure the quality of the repair, only use the tooling recommended by the manufacturer.

1 - Power assisted steering circuit:

a - Power-assisted steering fluid

Only use the fluid recommended by the manufacturer, in order to ensure correct system performance (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

b - Blanking plugs

To prevent impurities from entering the power assisted steering circuit, use blanking plugs on the various dismantled parts.

2 - Seals

To ensure a sound power-assisted steering circuit seal, replace the power-assisted steering pipe seals each time a pipe is removed.

3 - Steering column

WARNING

In order not to damage the steering wheel or steering column, the steering wheel-column foolproofing devices must be aligned.

Do not rest the steering column on the adjustment handle.

Do not handle the steering column by the adjustment handle or by the wiring.

Manoeuvre the «steering column - intermediate shaft » assembly by holding each section (one hand on the column and the other on the intermediate shaft). If the steering column is not handled correctly, there is a risk that the steering column or intermediate shaft could fall, which could destroy the system.

Always replace the steering column if it is dropped or in the event of an impact.

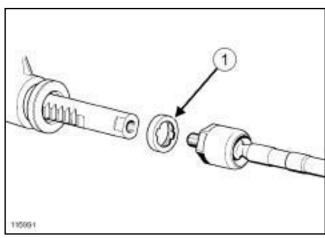
4 - Steering box

The steering box should not be carried by the gaiters or pipes, as this may damage them.

When the vehicle is positioned with the wheels suspended, the steering rack must not be subjected to violent movements from lock to lock.

Risks: Damage to the teeth of the steering rack and pinion may cause a **safety risk** relating to the steering unexpectedly locking.

5 - Axial ball joint



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STEERING ASSEMBLY Steering: Precautions for the repair

The axial ball joint limiters (1) are colour coded for foolproofing purposes. When removing or replacing the axial ball joint, check that the limiter with the correct colour code is refitted.

6 - Power-assisted steering pump

Do not run the engine without steering fluid in the circuit.

7 - Pump assembly

Do not run the engine without steering fluid in the circuit.

8 - Wiring harnesses

ing is cle. Ensure that the electrical wiring is clean and correctly routed.

Track rod: Removal - Refitting



Tightening torques ♡	
track rod ball joint nut	37 N.m
wheel alignment adjust- ing lock nut	53 N.m

IMPORTANT

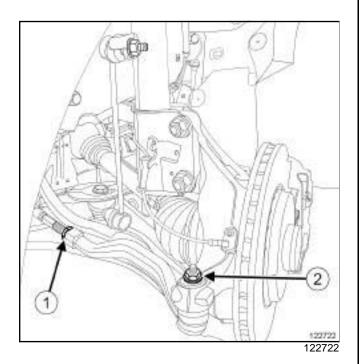
Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair, page 36A-2).

REMOVAL

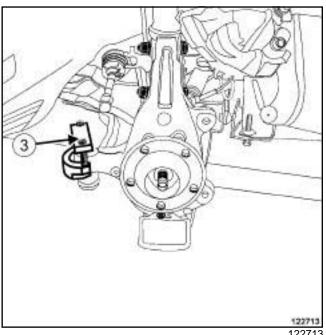
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1) .

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- ☐ Loosen the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut (1)
- □ Remove the track rod ball joint nut (2).



- 122713
- □ Extract the ball joint using (3).
- ☐ Unscrew the track rod anti-clockwise and note the number of turns for refitting.
- Remove the track rod.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Screw the track rod back in place by the number of turns noted during removal.
- ☐ Fit the track rod end in the hub carrier.
- Refit the track rod ball joint nut.
- ☐ Tighten to torque:
 - the track rod ball joint nut (37 N.m),
 - the wheel alignment adjusting lock nut (53 N.m).

II - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Check the axle geometry (see 30A, General information, Axle assemblies: Check, page 30A-15).
- ☐ If necessary, adjust the geometry of the axle assemblies (see 30A, General information, Front axle system: Adjustment, page 30A-18).

Axial ball joint linkage: Removal - Refitting



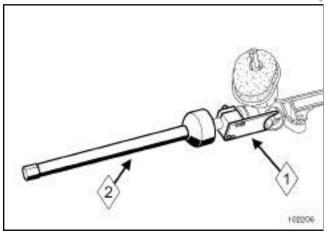
Tightening torques ♡	
axial ball joint	80 N.m

REMOVAL

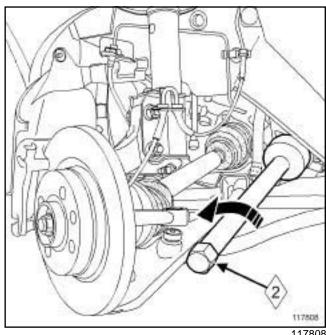
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the front wheel on the side concerned (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Remove the track rod (see 36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-4).
- ☐ Remove the steering box gaiter (see **36A**, **Steering** assembly, Steering box gaiter: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-9)
- ☐ Unlock the steering column.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



☐ Set up the (1) on the steering rack, at the pinion



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- ☐ Unlock the axial ball joint using tool (2) .
- ☐ Remove the axial ball joint.

REFITTING

REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

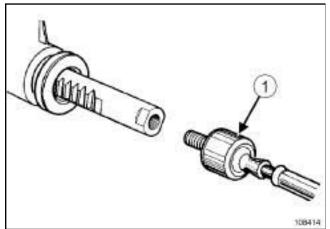
Note:

Take care not to deform the gaiters: they could be irreparably damaged.



Axial ball joint linkage: Removal - Refitting

II - REFITTING OPERATION



- 108414
- ☐ Coat the threading of the axial ball joint with HIGH STRENGTH THREAD LOCK (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair).
- ☐ Refit the axial ball joint (1).
- ☐ Torque tighten the axial ball joint (80 N.m) using the tool.
- □ Remove the
- ☐ Coat the following with SILICONE GREASE (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair),
 - the steering rack,
 - the axial ball joint.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - the steering box gaiter (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering box gaiter: Removal Refitting, page 36A-9),
 - the track rod (see 36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal Refitting, page 36A-4),
 - the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Check the front axle geometry (adjust if necessary) (see Front axle assembly: Adjustment values).



STEERING ASSEMBLY Steering column: Removal - Refitting

Tightening torques ♡	
universal joint bolt	21 N.m
steering column nuts	21 N.m

IMPORTANT

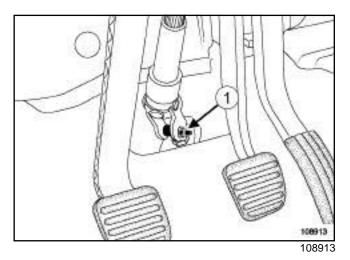
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair, page 36A-2).

REMOVAL

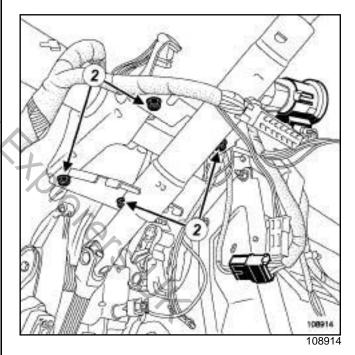
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- Set the wheels straight ahead.
- □ Lock the airbag computer (see Fault finding Replacement of components) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners).
- □ Disconnect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).
- □ Remove:
 - -the driver's front airbag (see Driver's frontal airbag: Removal - Refitting) (88C, Airbags and pretensioners),
 - the steering wheel (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-13),
 - -the steering column switch assembly (see Steering column switch assembly: Removal Refitting) (84A, Control Signals),
 - -the instrument panel (see Instrument panel: Removal Refitting) (83A, Instrument panel),
 - -the radio (see **Radio: Removal Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
 - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal Refit- ting**) (57A, Interior equipment).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



☐ Remove the steering column universal joint bolt (1).



□ Remove:

- the steering column bolts (2),
- the steering column.
- ☐ Remove the ignition switch (see **Ignition switch**: **Removal Refitting**) (82A, Immobiliser).

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

□ parts always to be replaced: Steering shaft yoke boltparts always to be replaced: Steering shaft yoke nutparts always to be replaced: Steering wheel bolt

STEERING ASSEMBLY Steering column: Removal - Refitting

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Refit the ignition switch (see **Ignition switch: Removal Refitting**) . (82A, Immobiliser).
- ☐ Refit a new cam nut for the universal joint on the steering column
- □ Lock the cam nut in its housing (opening on the universal joint).
- ☐ Refit:
 - the steering column,
 - the universal joint bolt,
 - the bolts on the steering column.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - -the universal joint bolt (21 N.m),
 - the steering column nuts (21 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit:
 - the dashboard (see **Dashboard: Removal Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).
 - -the radio (see **Radio: Removal Refitting**) (86A, Radio),
 - the instrument panel (see Instrument panel: Removal Refitting) (83A, Instrument panel),
 - -the steering column switch assembly (see Steering column switch assembly: Removal Refitting) (84A, Control Signals),
 - -the steering wheel (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-13),
 - -the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal Refitting**) (88C, Airbags and seat belt pretensioners),
- ☐ Connect the battery (see **Battery**: **Removal Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- □ Unlock the airbag computer (see Fault finding Replacement of components) (88C, Airbag and pretensioners).



Steering box gaiter: Removal - Refitting

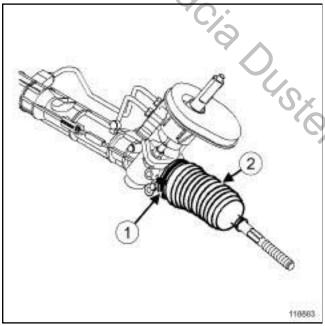


REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove:
 - -the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the track rod (see 36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-4) ,
 - the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



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Note:

When removing the steering gaiter, blast the gaiter surfaces with compressed air to eliminate any impurities that could enter the steering box.

- ☐ Cut the gaiter retaining clip (1).
- ☐ Remove the gaiter (2).

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- Always replace:
 - the steering box gaiter,

- the retaining clip.
- ☐ Clean the contact surfaces between the steering box and the gaiter using SURFACE CLEANER (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products).
- ☐ Use SILICONE GREASE (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products) to coat the mating face of the gaiter on the axial ball joint to prevent the gaiter from twisting.

Note:

Be sure to centre the steering to ensure the air in the gaiters is equalised.

Note:

Be careful not to damage the gaiters: risk of irreversible damage.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- □ Refit:
 - the new steering box gaiter,
 - the new retaining clip.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit:
 - the wheel alignment adjustment lock nut,
 - the track rod (see 36A, Steering assembly, Track rod: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-4),
 - the wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Check the axle geometry (see 30A, General information, Axle assemblies: Check, page 30A-15)
- ☐ If necessary, adjust the geometry of the axle assemblies (see 30A, General information, Front axle system: Adjustment, page 30A-18).

Bulkhead seal: Removal - Refitting



IMPORTANT

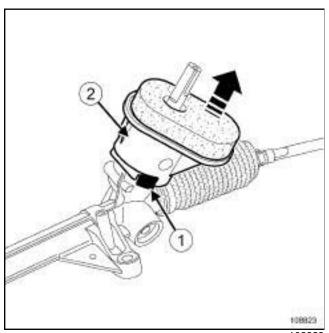
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair, page 36A-2).

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove:
 - -the front wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the engine undertray.
- □ Remove the steering box (see Steering box: Removal Refitting).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



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- ☐ Unclip the bulkhead seal at (1) using a flat-blade screwdriver.
- ☐ Remove the bulkhead seal (2).

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Fit the bulkhead seal in its original position.
- ☐ Clip the bulkhead seal onto the steering box.

II - FINAL OPERATION

- □ Refit the steering box (see Steering box: Removal Refitting).
- ☐ Refit:
 - the engine undertray,

toloros 4

- the front wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

Steering column adjustment handle: Removal - Refitting

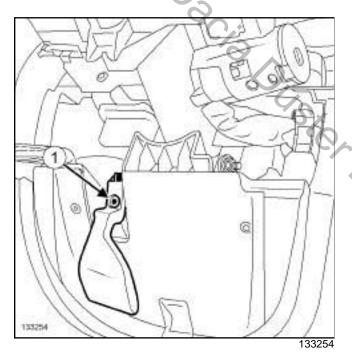


REMOVAL

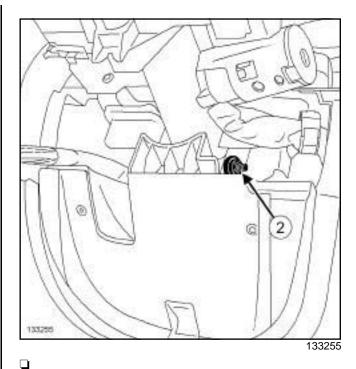
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Disconnect the battery (see) (80A, Battery).
- □ Remove:
 - the bolts on the steering wheel lower cover,
 - -the half covers under the steering wheel (see Instrument panel: Removal Refitting) (83A, Instrument panel),
 - the immobiliser ring.
- ☐ Disconnect the various connectors.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- □ Remove:
 - the bolt (1) of the adjustment handle,
 - the adjustment handle.



Note:

Note the position of the locking mechanism before removal.

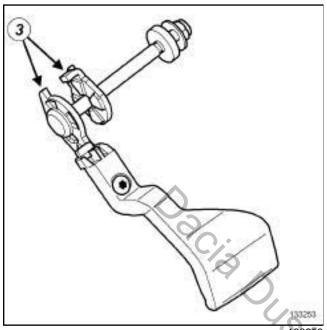
- Remove:
 - the nut (2) of the adjustment handle shaft,
 - the needle bearing,
 - the «adjustment handle shaft locking mechanism » assembly.

Steering column adjustment handle: Removal - Refitting



REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



133253

Note:

When refitting the handle shaft, ensure that the two notched segments (3) are correctly positioned.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

☐ Refit:

- -the «adjustment handle shaft locking mechanism » assembly,
- the needle bearing,
- the nut of the adjustment handle shaft,
- the adjustment handle,
- the bolt of the adjustment handle.

Note:

The amount of effort required to operate the handle shaft is determined by how much it is tightened. Test to determine the correct tightening.

III - FINAL OPERATION

Connect the various connectors.

□ Refit:

- the immobiliser ring,
- the half covers under the steering wheel (see Instrument panel: Removal Refitting) (83A, Instrument panel),
- the bolts on the steering wheel lower cover.
- ☐ Connect the battery (see) (80A, Battery).



Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting

new steering wheel bolt

44 N.m

IMPORTANT

Consult the safety and cleanliness advice and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair, page 36A-2).

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

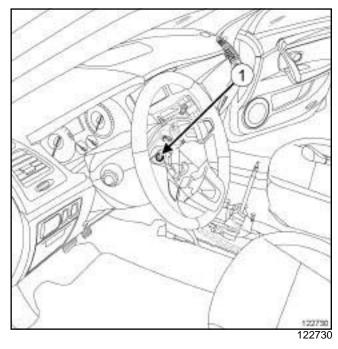
□ Apply the procedure for deactivating the safety systems. (see Airbag and pretensioners: Precautions for the repair)

WARNING

Incorrect wheel alignment may damage the rotary switch.

- ☐ Remove the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal airbag: Removal Refitting**).
- ☐ Set the wheels straight ahead.
- Disconnect the connectors.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



☐ Remove the steering wheel bolt (1).

WARNING

To ensure that the electronic systems operate correctly, do not damage the locking systems of the connectors.

☐ Remove the steering wheel.

WARNING

To prevent damaging the rotary switch, do not turn the mobile section of the rotary switch.

REFITTING

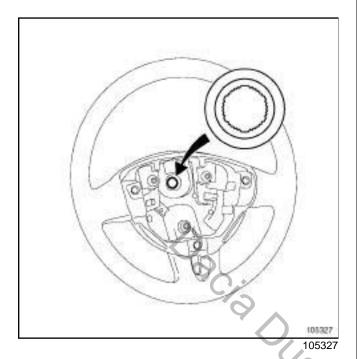
I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ parts always to be replaced: Steering wheel bolt.

Steering wheel: Removal - Refitting

36A

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED



WARNING

In order not to damage the steering wheel or steering column, the steering wheel-column foolproofing devices must be aligned.

- ☐ Refit the steering wheel.
- ☐ Connect the connectors.
- ☐ Refit the new steering wheel bolt.
- ☐ Torque tighten the new steering wheel bolt (44 N.m).

III - FINAL OPERATION

☐ Refit the driver's front airbag (see **Driver's frontal** airbag: Removal - Refitting).

IV - CHECKING AFTER REPAIR

- Switch on the ignition.
- ☐ Check the operation of the rotary switch:
 - turn the steering wheel to the left until it stops,
 - -turn the steering wheel to the right until it stops,
 - -check that there are no faults on the instrument panel.



POWER ASSISTED STEERING Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

36B

K4M - K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

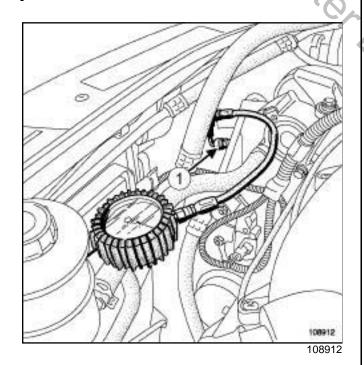
Tightening torques pressostat 12 N.m power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure union 21 N.m

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the engine undertray.
- ☐ Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump oil inlet pipe to restrict the flow.

Note:

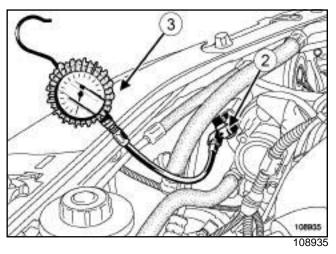
Protect the alternator from escaping power assisted steering fluid.

K4M



- ☐ Disconnect the pressure switch connector.
- ☐ Remove the pressostat.
- ☐ Fit thein place of the pressostat (1).
- Connect theto the.

K9K



- ☐ Remove the high pressure pipe union mounting from the power-assisted steering pump outlet.
- ☐ Fit the (2) between the power-assisted steering pump and the power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure union.
- ☐ Connect the (3) and theto the.
- Remove the hose clamp.
- ☐ Lower the vehicle.
- ☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products).
- Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.

WARNING

To avoid damaging the power-assisted steering system, do not keep the steering at full lock.

- ☐ Set the vehicle wheels straight ahead.
- ☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- ☐ Top up the fluid in the reservoir.
- □ Remove:
 - the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),
 - the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

36B

K4M - K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATIO	N
□ Check:	☐ Set the vehicle wheels straight ahead.
 - the power-assisted steering pump pressure with the steering wheel straight and not being used; the value should not exceed 5 to 7 bar, - the power-assisted steering pump pressure with the steering wheel turned as far as it will go; the maximum value should be 79 to 86 bar. 	WARNING To avoid damaging the power-assisted steering system, do not keep the steering at full lock. □ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
☐ Switch off the engine.	☐ Top up the fluid in the reservoir.
☐ Raise the vehicle.	□ Refit:
☐ Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump oil inlet pipe to restrict the flow.	 the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Ex- terior protection),
☐ Remove thethen its adapter.	 the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
WARNING	☐ Check that there are no leaks.
Be sure to replace the O-rings removed from the power-assisted steering unions.	☐ Refit the engine undertray.
K4M	
☐ Remove theand its union.	
☐ Refit the pressostat.	
☐ Torque tighten the pressostat (12 N.m) .	+
☐ Connect its connector.	70/
1	Too oo
	3
К9К	C/L
☐ Remove theand its union.	T
☐ Refit the power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure pipe union.	
☐ Torque tighten the power-assisted steering pump outlet high pressure union (21 N.m).	
ı	
☐ Remove the hose clamp.	
☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).	
☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from	

lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first in-

stance.

Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

36B

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

	Lower the vehicle.
Tightening torques ♡	☐ Fill up the power assisted steering oil circuit (type: ELF RENAULTMATIC D2).
bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted	☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first.
steering pump assembly	☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted	☐ Fill the oil to the correct level in the reservoir (if necessary).
steering pump assembly	Check the pressure of the power-assisted steering pump assembly with the steering wheel at full lock:
☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see Vehicle: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).	the maximum value should be 90 bar .
	☐ Switch off the engine.
□ Remove:	☐ Raise the vehicle.
 the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and ty- res, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1) , 	☐ Fit a hose clamp on the flexible pipe of the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
-the front bumper (see Front bumper: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),	
-the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see Front	Note:
wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),	Be sure to replace the O-rings removed from the power-assisted steering unions.
 -the power-assisted steering pump assembly mountings. 	Remove:
☐ Fit a hose clamp on the flexible pipe of the power-as-	- the pressure gauge of theand its union "C",
sisted steering pump assembly.	 the mounting bolt of theand of the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
Note: Prepare for oil escaping from the power-assisted	Reconnect the high pressure pipe union to the power-assisted steering pump assembly.
steering system.	☐ Refit the high pressure pipe union mounting bolt to the power assisted steering pump assembly.
□ Remove the bolt mounting the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assem- bly.	☐ Torque tighten the bolt mounting the high pres- sure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump assembly (25 N.m) .
☐ Disconnect the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.	☐ Remove the hose clamp.
☐ Fit thebetween the power-assisted steering pump assembly and the power-assisted steering pump as-	☐ Fill up the power assisted steering oil circuit (type: ELF RENAULTMATIC D2).
sembly outlet high pressure pipe union.	☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first.
□ Refit the high pressure pipe union mounting bolt and of theto the power-assisted steering pump assem- bly.	☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
☐ Torque tighten the bolt mounting the high pres- sure pipe union on the power-assisted steering	☐ Fill the oil to the correct level in the reservoir (if necessary).
pump assembly (25 N.m).	☐ Check that there are no leaks.
☐ Connect the pressure gauge of theto theusing union "C".	☐ Refit:
☐ Remove the hose clamp.	 the power-assisted steering pump assembly mountings,

POWER ASSISTED STEERING Power-assisted steering pump pressure: Check

36B

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

- -the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- -the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
- the front left-hand wheel (see **35A**, **Wheels and tyres**, **Wheel: Removal Refitting**, page **35A-1**).



Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting



K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

	Special tooling required
Ms. 583	Pipe clamps.

Tightening torques ♡	
power-assisted steering pump bolts	21 N.m
power-assisted steering pump high pressure union	21 N.m
power assisted steering pump support bolt on the sump	21 N.m
power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe support mounting bolt	21 N.m

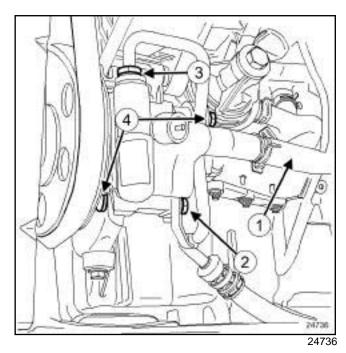
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **02A**, **Lifting equipment**, **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**).
- □ Remove:
 - -the front right-hand wheel (see **35A**, **Wheels and tyres**, **Wheel: Removal Refitting**, page **35A-1**),
 - the engine undertray,
 - -the front right-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front** wheel arch liner: Removal Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),
 - the accessories belt (see **Accessories belt: Removal Refitting**) (11A, Top and front of engine).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Fit the hose clamps on the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power assisted steering pump.
- ☐ Remove the hydraulic input hose clip on the pump using the.

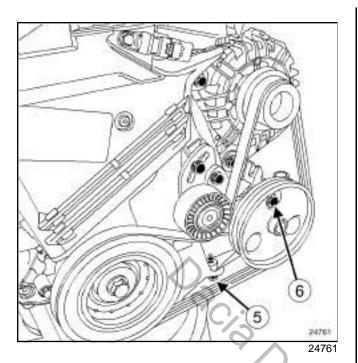


- □ Disconnect the inlet hose (1).
- ☐ Remove the bolt (2) from the high pressure pipe support on the power-assisted steering pump.
- Unscrew the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe union (3).
- ☐ Disconnect the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe.
- ☐ Fit plugs to the pipe and power assisted steering pump openings to prevent impurities from entering.
- ☐ Remove the power-assisted steering pump bolts (4) on the multifunction support.

Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting



K9K, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



□ Remove:

- the bolt (5) of the power-assisted steering pump support on the sump,
- the power-assisted steering pump bolt (6) on the multifunction support,
- the power-assisted steering pump.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Refit:
 - the power-assisted steering pump,
 - the power-assisted steering pump support mounting bolt on the sump.
- ☐ Remove the plugs from the pipe openings.
- ☐ Screw the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump.

□ Refit the high pressure pipe support bolt on the power-assisted steering pump.

Note:

Tighten to torque first the two bolts on the accessories belt side, then the bolts on the other side.

- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - the power-assisted steering pump bolts (21 N.m),
 - the power-assisted steering pump high pressure union (21 N.m),
 - the power assisted steering pump support bolt on the sump (21 N.m),
 - the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe support mounting bolt (21 N.m).
- ☐ Connect the inlet hose on the power-assisted steering pump.
- ☐ Refit the hydraulic inlet hose clip on the power-assisted steering pump using the.
- □ Remove the hose clamps (Ms. 583) on the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power assisted steering pump.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the accessories belt (11A, Top and front of engine) (see Accessories belt: Removal Refitting).
- ☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (see 04B, Consumables Products).
- □ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.
- ☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- ☐ Top up the fluid in the reservoir.
- ☐ Check that there are no leaks.
- ☐ Refit the engine undertray.

Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting



K4M, and AIR CONDITIONING

Special tooling required	
Ms. 583	Pipe clamps.

Tightening torques ▽	
power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multi-function support	21 N.m
high pressure union on the power-assisted steering pump	21 N.m
high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block	21 N.m
injector rail protector nuts	21 N.m

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see 02A, Lifting equipment, Vehicle: Towing and lifting).
- □ Remove:
 - -the accessories belt (see 11A, Top and front of engine, Accessories belt: Removal Refitting),
 - the injector rail protector.

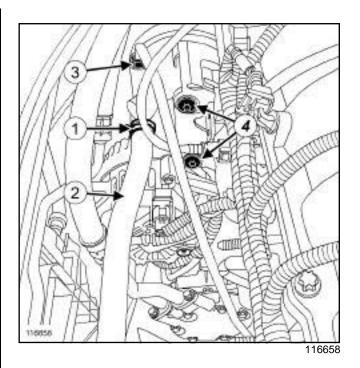
WARNING

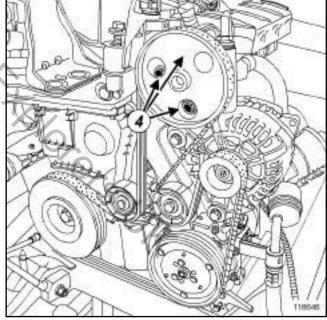
Protect the alternator from escaping power assisted steering fluid.

☐ Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

☐ Fit hose clamps (Ms. 583) on the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power-assisted steering pump.





- 116646
- ☐ Remove the hydraulic inlet hose clip (1) on the power-assisted steering pump using the tool.
- □ Disconnect the inlet hose (2).
- □ Disconnect the pipe connecting the «dehydrator reservoir and the expansion valve » on the motordriven fan assembly.
- □ Remove:
 - the high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block,
 - the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe union (3) .

Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting



K4M, and AIR CONDITIONING

- ☐ Disconnect the power-assisted steering pump high pressure pipe.
- ☐ Fit plugs to the pipe and power-assisted steering pump openings to prevent impurities from entering.
- □ Remove:
 - -the bolts (4) from the power-assisted steering pump on the multifunction support,
 - the power-assisted steering pump towards the motor-driven fan assembly.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

□ Refit:

- the power-assisted steering pump,
- the power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support.
- ☐ Remove the plugs from the pipe openings.

☐ Refit:

- the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump,
- the high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block.
- ☐ Torque tighten:

Note:

Tighten to torque first the two bolts on the accessories belt side, then the bolts on the other side.

- the power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support (21 N.m),
- the high pressure union on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m),
- the high pressure pipe bolt on the cylinder block (21 N.m).
- ☐ Clip the pipe connecting the « dehydrator reservoir and the expansion valve » on the motor-driven fan assembly.
- □ Connect the inlet hose on the power-assisted steering pump.
- ☐ Refit the hydraulic inlet hose clip on the power-assisted steering pump using the.
- □ Remove the hose clamps (Ms. 583) from the hydraulic inlet and outlet pipes of the power-assisted steering pump.

Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting

K4M, and AIR CONDITIONING

☐ Check that there are no leaks.

III - FINAL OPERATION □ Refit: - the injector rail protector, -the accessories belt (see Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting) (see 11A, Top and front of engine). ☐ Torque tighten the injector rail protector nuts (21 N.m). ☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (see 04B, Consumables - Products). ☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first. ☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running. Oloso Ct ☐ Top up the level of oil in the reservoir.

Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting



K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

Special tooling required	
Ms. 583	Pipe clamps.

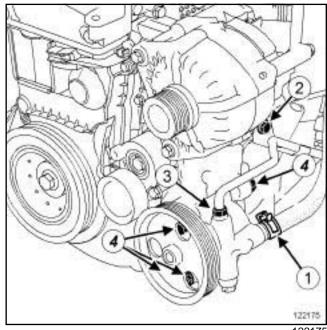
Tightening torques ▽	
power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multi-function support	21 N.m
high pressure pipe union on the power- assisted steering pump	21 N.m
high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the cylin- der block	21 N.m

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Disconnect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).
- □ Remove:
 - -the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - -the accessories belt (see Accessories belt: Removal - Refitting) (11A, Top and front of engine),
 - the engine undertray.
- ☐ Fit a hose clamp (Ms. 583) to the power-assisted steering pump inlet low pressure pipe.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



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- ☐ Remove the clip (1) from the power-assisted steering pump low pressure pipe using the.
- Disconnect the low pressure hydraulic pipe from the power-assisted steering pump.
- Remove:
 - the high pressure pipe bracket bolt (2) on the cylinder block.
 - the high pressure pipe union (3) from the power-assisted steering pump.
- ☐ Detach the high pressure pipe from the power-assisted steering pump.
- ☐ Fit plugs to the pipe and power-assisted steering pump openings to prevent impurities from entering.
- □ Remove:
 - the bolts (4) from the power-assisted steering pump on the multifunction support,
 - the power-assisted steering pump.

Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting



K4M, and STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

□ Refit:

- the power-assisted steering pump,
- the power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support.
- Remove the plugs in the pipe openings.

☐ Refit:

- the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump,
- the high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the cylinder block.

Note:

Torque tighten the bolts on the accessories belt side first, then the bolt on the other side.

□ Torque tighten:

- -the power-assisted steering pump bolts on the multifunction support (21 N.m),
- the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m),
- the high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the cylinder block (21 N.m).
- ☐ Connect the low pressure pipe to the power-assisted steering pump.
- ☐ Refit the low pressure pipe clip on the power-assisted steering pump using the.
- □ Remove the hose clamp (Ms. 583) from the low pressure hydraulic pipe of the power-assisted steering pump.

III - FINAL OPERATION

□ Refit:

- the engine undertray,
- the accessories belt (see Accessories belt: Removal Refitting) (11A, Top and front of engine),
- the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products),
- ☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off at first.
- ☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- ☐ Top up the fluid in the reservoir.
- ☐ Check that there are no leaks.

Stolopers 4

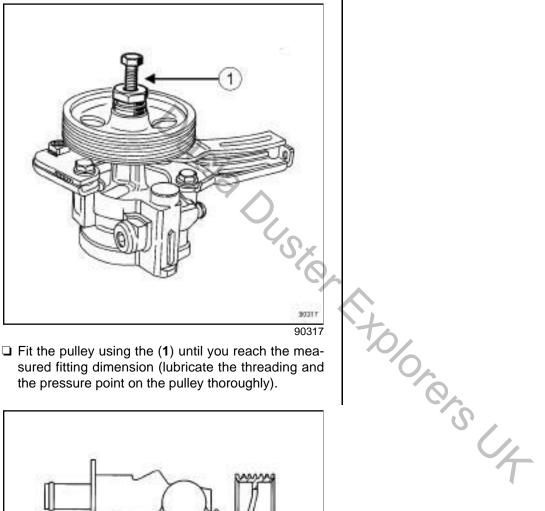
☐ Connect the battery (see **Battery**: **Removal - Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

Power-assisted steering pump pulley: Removal - Refitting

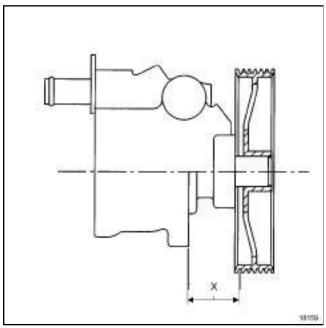
REMOVAL

- ☐ Remove the power assisted steering pump (see 36B, Power assisted steering, Power-assisted steering pump: Removal - Refitting, page 36B-5).
- ☐ Use the press with a jaw extractor.

REFITTING



☐ Fit the pulley using the (1) until you reach the measured fitting dimension (lubricate the threading and the pressure point on the pulley thoroughly).



☐ Follow the pulley fitting dimension measurement, $X=25.4 \text{ mm} \pm 0.4$

Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Removal - Refitting



K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING

Special tooling required	
Mot. 1448	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.

Tightening torques		
pump assembly bolts	21 N.m	
power-assisted steering pump assembly nut	21 N.m	
high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the pump assembly	21 N.m	

IMPORTANT

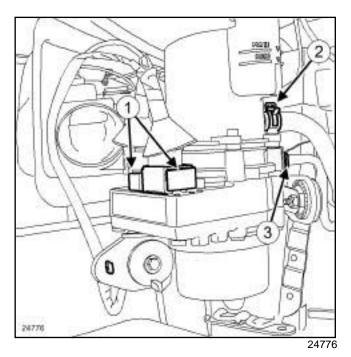
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering: Precautions for the repair, page 36A-2).

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: **Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- □ Remove:
 - the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - -the front bumper (see **Front bumper: Removal - Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection),
 - -the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front** wheel arch liner: Removal Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION

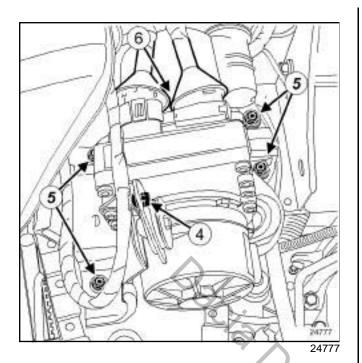


- □ Disconnect the pump assembly connectors (1).
- ☐ Undo the low pressure pipe clip (2) on the pump assembly reservoir using theor (Mot. 1448).
- Disconnect the low pressure pipe and drain the pump assembly reservoir.
- ☐ Remove the high pressure pipe bracket bolt (3) from the pump assembly.
- ☐ Disconnect the high pressure pipe from the pump assembly.
- ☐ Fit plugs to the pipes and pump assembly openings to prevent any impurities from entering the circuit.

Power-assisted steering pump assembly: Removal - Refitting

36B

K9K, and AIR CONDITIONING



- ☐ Unclip the power-assisted steering pump assembly wiring at (4).
- □ Remove:
 - -the bolts (5) from the power-assisted steering pump assembly,
 - the nut (6),
 - the pump assembly with its mounting.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Always replace the O-ring of the high pressure pipe.

Note:

The power-assisted steering pump assembly is sold with its mounting.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Fit the pump assembly with its mounting.
- ☐ Refit the power-assisted steering pump assembly mounting nut and bolts.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - the pump assembly bolts (21 N.m),
 - the power-assisted steering pump assembly nut (21 N.m).

	☐ Remove the plugs from the pipes and pump assembly openings.
	☐ Connect the high pressure pipe fitted with new seals to the pump assembly.
	☐ Refit the bolt securing the high pressure pipe bracket on the pump assembly.
	☐ Torque tighten the high pressure pipe bracket bolt on the pump assembly (21 N.m) .
	☐ Connect the low pressure pipe to the pump assembly reservoir using theor (Mot. 1448).
	☐ Clip the pump assembly wiring.
	☐ Connect the pump assembly connectors.
	III - FINAL OPERATION
	☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).
<	Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine stopped.
	☐ Connect the battery (see Battery: Removal - Refitting) (80A, Battery).
	☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
	☐ Fill the oil to the correct level in the reservoir (if necessary).
	☐ Check that there are no leaks.
	□ Refit:

- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Ex-

- the front bumper (see Front bumper: Removal -

- the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and ty-

res, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

☐ When replacing the pump assembly, program the

power-assisted steering pump assembly computer

(see Fault finding - Replacement of components)

Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),

(36B, Power-assisted steering).

terior protection),

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting



K4M

Special tooling required		
Mot. 1448	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.	

Tightening torques ▽		
low pressure pipe union on the steering box	21 N.m	
low pressure pipe bracket bolt on the sub- frame	21 N.m	
high pressure pipe union on the power- assisted steering pump	21 N.m	
high pressure pipe union on the steering box	21 N.m	
high pressure pipe bolt on the steering box	21 N.m	
high pressure pipe bolt on the gearbox sus- pended mounting	21 N.m	

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- □ Remove the engine undertray.

1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir

☐ Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.

2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box

☐ Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering pump supply pipe.

□ Remove:

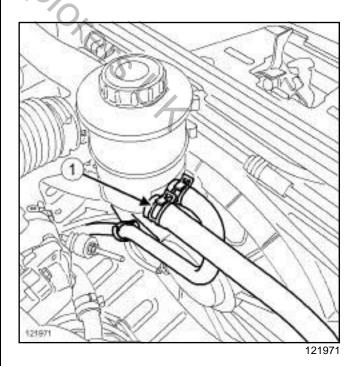
- the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front** wheel arch liner: Removal Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection).

3 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box

- ☐ Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.
- □ Remove:
 - the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1) ,
 - the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir



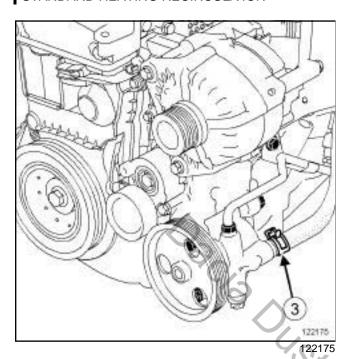
- □ Loosen the low pressure pipe clip (1) on the reservoir using tool (Mot. 1448).
- ☐ Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

36B

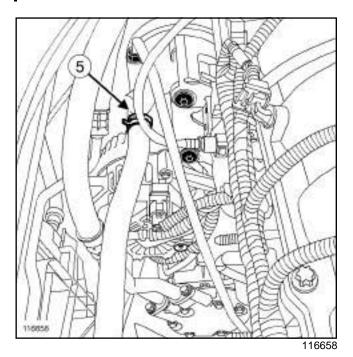
K4M

STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



- □ Loosen the clip (3) using tool (Mot. 1448),
- ☐ Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

AIR CONDITIONING



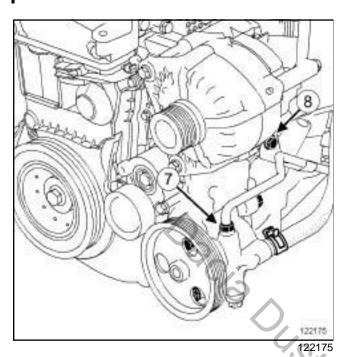
- □ Loosen the clip (5) using tool (Mot. 1448).
- ☐ Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.
- ☐ Remove the low pressure pipe between the powerassisted steering pump and the reservoir.
- 2 High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box
- ☐ Disconnect the pressure switch connector.

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

36B

K4M

STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION

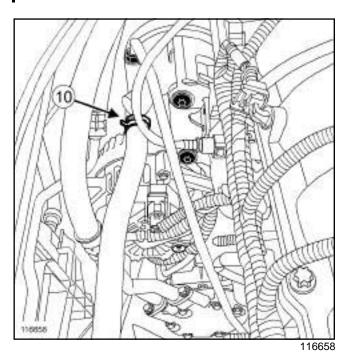


□ Remove the high pressure pipe bolt (8) from the multifunction support.

☐ Remove:

- the high pressure pipe union (7) on the power-assisted steering pump,
- -the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

AIR CONDITIONING



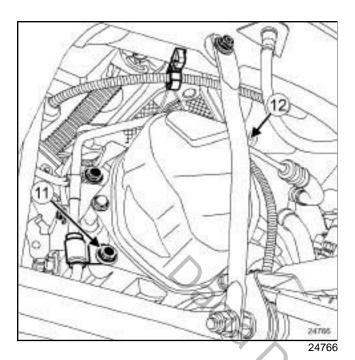
□ Remove:

- the high pressure pipe union (**10**) on the power-assisted steering pump,
- the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

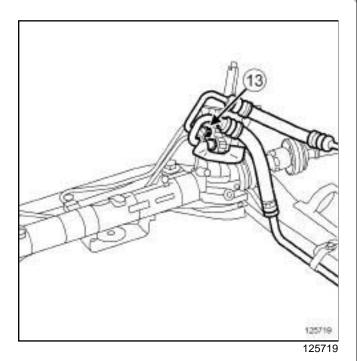


K4M



☐ Remove:

- the bolt (11) on the high pressure pipe on the gearbox,
- the bolt (12) on the high pressure pipe on the gearbox suspended mounting.

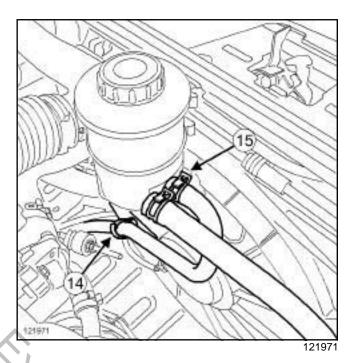


□ Remove:

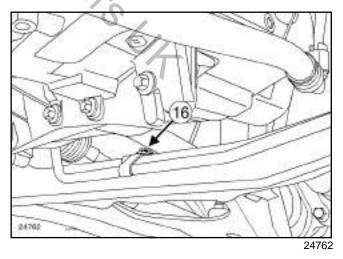
- the heat-resistant protector bolts,
- the steering box heat shield,
- -the high pressure pipe union (13) on the steering box,

- the high pressure pipe on the steering box,
- the power-assisted steering high pressure pipe.

3 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box



- ☐ Unclip the low pressure pipe at (14).
- □ Loosen the clip (15) using tool (Mot. 1448).
- ☐ Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.



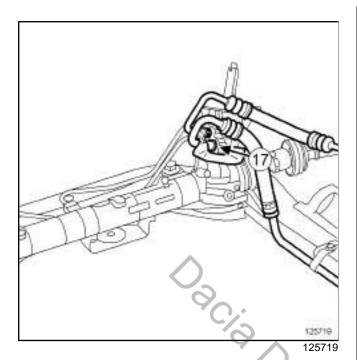
☐ Remove:

- the bolt (16) on the low pressure pipe bracket on the sub-frame,
- the heat shield bolts on the steering box,
- the heat shield.

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting



K4M



- □ Remove:
 - -the low pressure pipe union (17) on the steering box.
 - -the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Always replace the O-rings on the power-assisted steering pipes.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

1 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box

- □ Refit:
 - -the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box,
 - the low pressure pipe union on the steering box,
 - -the bolt on the low pressure pipe bracket on the sub-frame.
- □ Torque tighten:
 - -the low pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m),
 - -the low pressure pipe bracket bolt on the subframe (21 N.m).

□ Refit:

- the steering box heat shield,
- the heat-resistant protector bolts,
- the low pressure pipe on the reservoir,
- the clip using the (Mot. 1448).
- ☐ Clip the low pressure pipe onto the fan unit mounting.

2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box

- □ Refit:
 - the high pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box,
 - the high pressure pipe union on the steering box,
 - the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump,
 - the high pressure pipe bolt on the suspended mounting of the gearbox,
 - the high pressure pipe bolt on the gearbox.
- Torque tighten:
 - the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump (21 N.m),
 - the high pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m)
 - the high pressure pipe bolt on the steering box
 (21 N.m)
 - the high pressure pipe bolt on the gearbox suspended mounting (21 N.m).
- □ Refit:
 - the heat-resistant protector from the steering unit.
 - the bolts on the heat shield.
- ☐ Connect the pressostat connector.

3 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir

- ☐ Refit:
 - the low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir,
 - the low pressure pipe to the power-assisted steering pump,
 - the low pressure pipe on the reservoir,
 - the clips using the (Mot. 1448).

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

36B

K4M



- □ Refit:
 - -the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see **Front** wheel arch liner: Removal Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),
 - the front left-hand wheel (see **35A**, **Wheels and ty-res**, **Wheel: Removal Refitting**, page **35A-1**),
 - the engine undertray,
- ☐ Remove the hose clamp.
- ☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables Products).

WARNING

To avoid damaging the power-assisted steering system, do not keep the steering at full lock.

- □ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first instance.
- ☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
- □ Top up the power-assisted steering fluid level if necessary.
- ☐ Check that there are no leaks.

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

36B

K9K			
Special tooling required		1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir	
Mot. 1448	Remote operation pliers for hose clips.	STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION	
Т	ightening torques ♡	 Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe. 	
high pressur union on the box	• •		
high pressure p on the gearbox	•	2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box	
high pressur union on the assisted steerii assembly	power-	STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION ☐ Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering	
hi	gh pressure pipe bolt on the power- assisted steering pump assembly21 N.m	pump supply pipe. AIR CONDITIONING	
high pressur union on the assisted steerin	power-	Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.	
high pressur clamp bolt power-assisted pump	on the	Remove the front bumper (see Front bumper: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection).	
low pressure pi on the steering	•	□ Remove:	
		- the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),	
WARNING Prepare for the rounding compo	e flow of fluid, and protect the sur- onents.	- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection).	
REMOVAL		3 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir	
I - REMOVAL PF	REPARATION OPERATION		
	ehicle on a two-post lift (see Vehicle : ifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).	STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION ☐ Fit a hose clamp on the power-assisted steering	
☐ Remove:		pump supply pipe.	
the engine of			

- the engine cover,

- the engine undertray.

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K9K

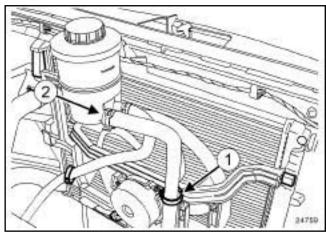
AIR CONDITIONING

- ☐ Drain the power-assisted steering fluid reservoir using a syringe.
- □ Remove:
 - the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - -the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection), Oacia Ousia

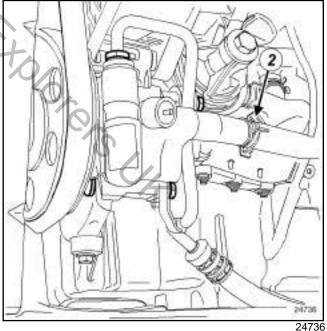
II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

1 - Low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir

STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



24759



- ☐ Unclip the low pressure pipe at (1).
- ☐ Loosen the clips (2) using tool (Mot. 1448).
- ☐ Disconnect the low pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump and on the reservoir.
- ☐ Remove the low pressure pipe.

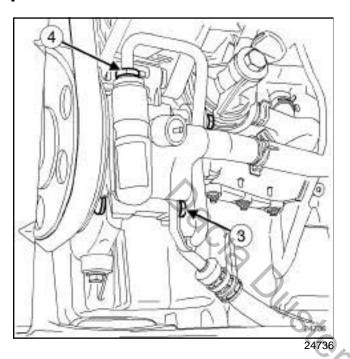
Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

36B

K9K

2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box

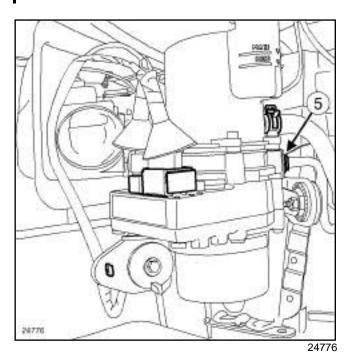
STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



□ Remove:

- the high pressure pipe clamp bolt (3) on the power-assisted steering pump,
- the high pressure pipe union (4).
- ☐ Disconnect the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump.

AIR CONDITIONING



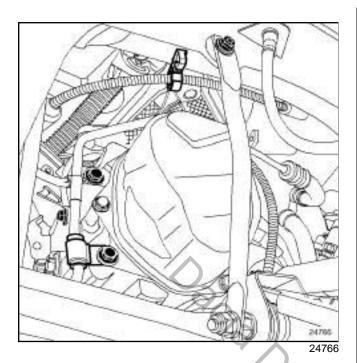
□ Remove:

- the high pressure pipe bolt (5) on the power-assisted steering pump assembly,
- the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump assembly.

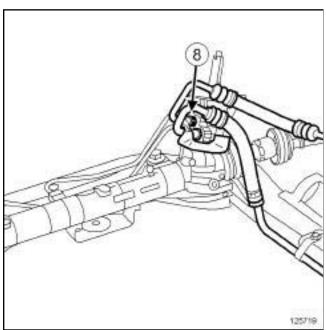
Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

36B

K9K



- □ Remove:
 - the high pressure pipe bolt (6) on the gearbox suspended mounting,
 - the bolt (7) on the high pressure pipe on the gearbox,
 - the heat shield bolts on the steering box,
 - the heat shield.



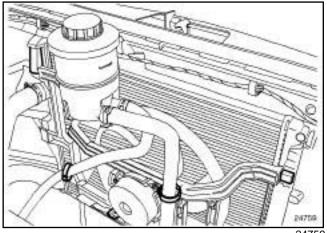
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□ Remove:

-the high pressure pipe union (8) on the steering box,

- the high pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box.
- 3 Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the power-assisted steering box

STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION



24759

- ☐ Unclip the low pressure pipe at (9).
- □ Remove:
 - the clip (10) using the (Mot. 1448),
 - the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.

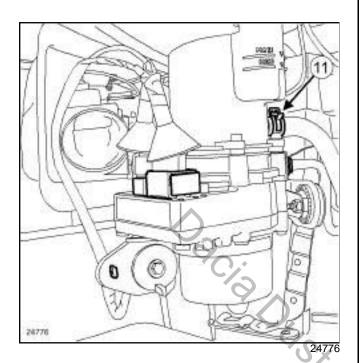
POWER ASSISTED STEERING

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

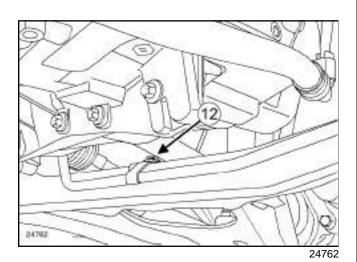


K9K

AIR CONDITIONING

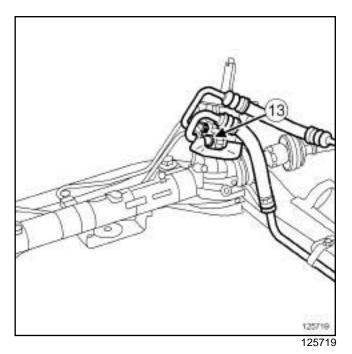


- □ Remove:
 - the clip (11) using the (Mot. 1448),
 - the low pressure pipe on the reservoir.



□ Remove:

- -the low pressure pipe clamp (12) bolt on the sub-frame,
- the heat shield bolts,
- the heat shield.



□ Remove:

- the low pressure pipe union (13) on the steering box,
- the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

□ Always replace the O-rings on the power-assisted steering pipes.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

1 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the power-assisted steering box

□ Refit:

- the low pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the reservoir,
- the clips using the (Mot. 1448).
- ☐ Clip the low pressure pipe onto the fan unit mounting.

POWER ASSISTED STEERING

Power-assisted steering pipes: Removal - Refitting

K9K	
2 - High pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box	3 - Low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box
□ Refit:	□ Refit:
- the high pressure pipe between the power-assisted steering pump and the steering box,	 the low pressure pipe between the reservoir and the steering box,
- the high pressure pipe union on the steering box.	- the low pressure pipe union on the steering box,
☐ Torque tighten the high pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m).	☐ Torque tighten the low pressure pipe union on the steering box (21 N.m).
☐ Refit the high pressure pipe bolts on the gearbox.	☐ Refit:
☐ Torque tighten the high pressure pipe bolts on the gearbox (21 N.m).	- the low pressure pipe on the reservoir,- the clip using the (Mot. 1448).
	STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION
AIR CONDITIONING	☐ Clip the low pressure pipe onto the fan unit mount-
□ Refit:	ing.
 -the high pressure pipe on the power-assisted steering pump assembly, 	
 - the high pressure pipe bolt on the power-assisted steering pump assembly. 	III - FINAL OPERATION
☐ Torque tighten:	☐ Refit:
-the high pressure pipe union on the power-as- sisted steering pump assembly (21 N.m),	- the front left-hand wheel arch liner (see Front wheel arch liner: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),
-the hi (gh pressure pipe bolt on the power-assisted steering pump assembly21 N.m).	- the front bumper (see Front bumper: Removal - Refitting) (55A, Exterior protection),
	- the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),
STANDARD HEATING RECIRCULATION	- the engine undertray,
•	- the engine cover.
□ Refit:	☐ Remove the hose clamp.
 - the high pressure pipe union on the power-assisted steering pump, 	☐ Fill the power-assisted steering circuit with ELF RENAULT MATIC D2 oil (see Vehicle: Parts and
 the high pressure pipe clamp bolt on the power-as- sisted steering pump. 	consumables for the repair) (04B, Consumables - Products).
☐ Torque tighten:	☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine switched off in the first in-
 - the high pressure pipe union on the power-as- sisted steering pump (21 N.m), 	stance.
- the high pressure pipe clamp bolt on the power-	☐ Bleed the circuit by turning the steering wheel from lock to lock with the engine running.
assisted steering pump (21 N.m).	☐ Top up the power-assisted steering fluid level if necessary.
I	☐ Check that there are no leaks

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Brake mechanism: Precautions for the repair



I - SAFETY

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

For an operation requiring the use of a lift, follow the safety advice (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

Using a mixture of two incompatible brake fluids in the brake circuit may give rise to:

- serious risk of leakage due mainly to deterioration of the cups,
- degradation of the ESP system.

To avoid such risks, only ever use brake fluids which comply with the RENAULT standard (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

WARNING

Switch off the vehicle ignition so as not to activate the hydraulic unit solenoid valves when bleeding the brake circuit.

Reminder:

- The pipes between the master cylinder, the callipers, and the hydraulic unit are connected using threaded unions with a metric thread.
- Therefore, only parts specified in the Parts Catalogue for this vehicle should be used.

IMPORTANT

To ensure that the ABS and ESP systems operate correctly, check that the underbody brake pipes are clipped in place and are not crossed.

IMPORTANT

To avoid any accident, bring the pistons, brake pads and brake discs into contact by depressing the brake pad several times.

If, during work on the brake system, any damage on any part is observed, it must be repaired before driving the vehicle again.

II - CLEANLINESS

1 - Advice to be followed before any operation

Protect any bodywork components that risk being damaged by brake fluid with a cover.

2 - Instructions to be followed during the operation

To avoid contaminating the brake circuit, do not allow the brake circuit components to drop on the ground.

Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

1 - Master cylinder - brake servo

Always replace the master cylinder seals.

Check that the brake servo seal is in place. Replace the seal if it is damaged.

Always replace the master cylinder - brake servo assembly when the master cylinder leaks into the brake servo. The brake servo becomes unusable when the rubber diaphragm is contaminated with brake fluid.

IMPORTANT

To avoid breaking the connection between the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal, check that the safety clevis pin is locked onto the brake servo pushrod by tilting it from the top downwards.

2 - Brake hose

WARNING

In order not to damage the brake hose:

- do not tension the hose,
- do not twist the hose.
- check that there is no contact with the surrounding components.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

Tightening torques ♡	
nuts on the brake servo	21 N.m
rigid brake pipe unions on the master cylinder	14 N.m

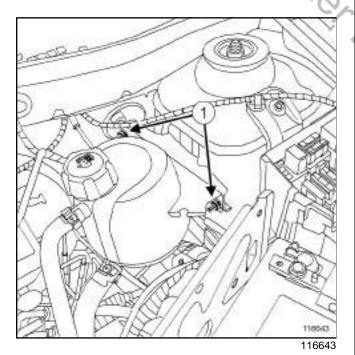
WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

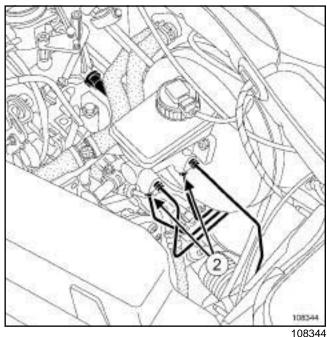
- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Disconnect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).



- ☐ Remove the expansion bottle nuts (1).
- ☐ Move aside the expansion bottle, without emptying

II - REMOVAL OPERATION

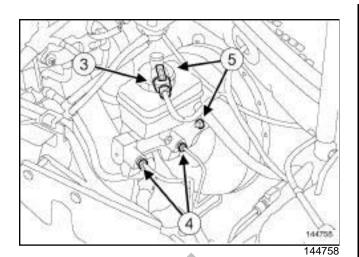
WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



☐ Remove the rigid brake pipe unions at (2) and mark their position. tolorers 4

Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

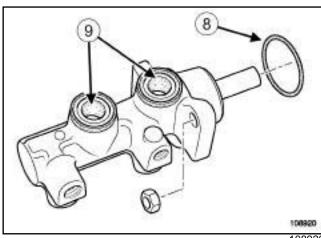
LEFT-HAND DRIVE



- ☐ Disconnect the brake fluid level sensor connector (3)
- ☐ Remove the brake fluid filler cap.
- ☐ Drain the brake fluid reservoir with a syringe.
- ☐ Place a container under the master cylinder to collect the brake fluid.
- ☐ Disconnect the supply pipe of the clutch master cylinder.
- □ Remove:
 - the brake fluid reservoir,
 - -the rigid brake pipe unions (4) from the master cylinder and mark their position,
- □ Remove:
 - the master cylinder nuts on the brake servo (5),
 - the brake master cylinder.
- ☐ Fit blanking plugs on the openings of the master cylinder and the brake pipes.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



- ☐ parts always to be replaced: Master cylinder seal on brake fluid reservoir side (9).
- ☐ parts always to be replaced: Master cylinder seal on brake servo side (8) .

Note:

It is essential to replace the master cylinder/ brake servo assembly when the master cylinder leaks into the brake servo.

The brake servo becomes unusable when the rubber membrane is contaminated with brake fluid.

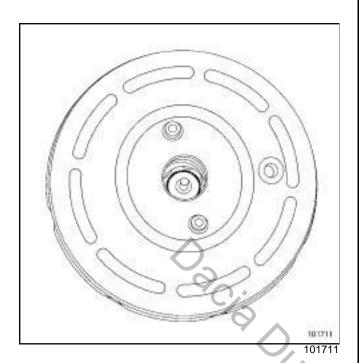
☐ Remove the blanking plugs.

Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

II - REFITTING OPERATION



- ☐ Line up the master cylinder with the brake servo so that the pushrod goes into the master cylinder housing.
- ☐ Torque tighten the nuts on the brake servo (21 N.m).
- ☐ Refit the rigid brake pipe unions.
- ☐ Torque tighten the rigid brake pipe unions on the master cylinder (14 N.m).
- ☐ Snap the brake fluid reservoir onto the master cylinder correctly at (9).
- ☐ Connect the brake fluid level sensor connector.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the expansion bottle.
- ☐ Connect the battery (see **Battery: Removal Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- ☐ Refit the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Perform the following operations:
 - fill up the brake fluid reservoir,
 - bleed the brake circuit (see **30A**, **General information**, **Braking circuit: Bleed**, page **30A-4**),
 - -bleed the clutch circuit (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch circuit: Bleed, page 37A-37).



Master cylinder - front right-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

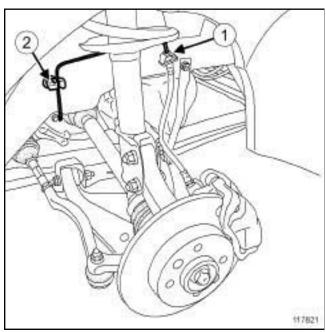
	Equipment required
pedal press	

Tightening torques ♡	
brake pipe union on the master cylinder	14 N.m
brake pipe union on the brake hose	14 N.m

REMOVAL

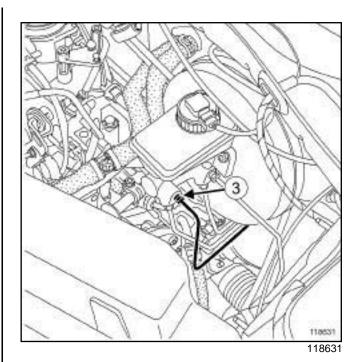
REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Fit a **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit outflow.
- □ Remove:
 - the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).



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- ☐ Unscrew the brake pipe union (1) on the brake hose.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- Unclip the brake pipe from its clip (2).



- ☐ Unscrew the brake pipe union (3) from the master cylinder.
- ☐ Remove the soundproofing clips on the bulkhead (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Move aside the soundproofing (if fitted to the vehicle).
- ☐ Unclip the brake pipe from its clip.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front right-hand brake hose.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Refit the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front right-hand brake hose.
- ☐ Refit the brake pipe on the retaining bracket.
- ☐ Clip the brake pipe into its clip.
- ☐ Screw the brake pipe union on the front right-hand brake hose.
- ☐ Screw the brake pipe union on the master cylinder.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - the brake pipe union on the master cylinder (14 N.m),
 - the brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m).

Master cylinder - front right-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

II - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - the soundproofing on the bulkhead (if fitted to the vehicle).
 - the soundproofing clips,
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle),
 - -the front right-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1).
- ☐ Remove the **pedal press**.
- □ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).



Master cylinder - front left-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

	Equipment required
pedal press	

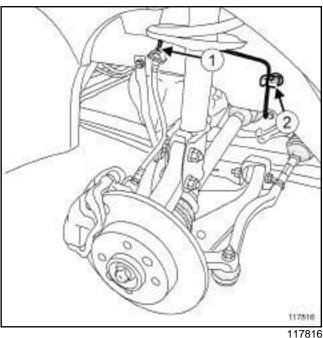
Tightening torques ♡	
brake pipe union on the master cylinder	14 N.m
brake pipe union on the brake hose	14 N.m

REMOVAL

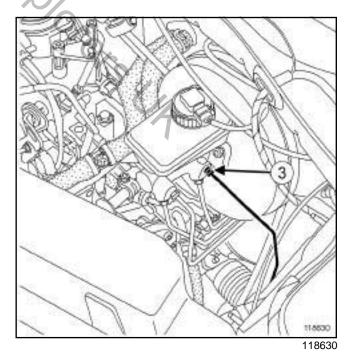
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Fit a **pedal press** to the brake pedal to limit outflow.
- □ Remove:
 - the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- ☐ Unscrew the brake pipe union (1) from the brake hose.
- Remove the brake pipe from the retaining bracket.
- Unclip the brake pipe from its clip (2).



- ☐ Unscrew the brake pipe union (3) from the master cylinder.
- ☐ Remove the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front left-hand brake hose.

Master cylinder - front left-hand calliper brake pipe: Removal - Refitting

37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE, and WITHOUT ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

REFITTING

I - REFITTING STAGE FOR THE PART IN QUESTION	
☐ Refit the brake pipe between the master cylinder and the front left-hand brake hose.	
☐ Refit the brake pipe on the retaining bracket.	
☐ Clip the brake pipe into its clip.	
☐ Screw the brake pipe union on the front left-hand brake hose.	
☐ Screw the brake pipe union on the master cylinder.	
☐ Torque tighten:	
 the brake pipe union on the master cylinder (14 N.m), 	
-the brake pipe union on the brake hose (14 N.m).	
II - FINAL OPERATION	
□ Refit:	
- the front engine cover (if fitted to the vehicle),	
 - the front left-hand wheel (see 35A, Wheels and ty- res, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1) 	
□ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).	tolorors Ut
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MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Brake servo non-return valve: Removal - Refitting

37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

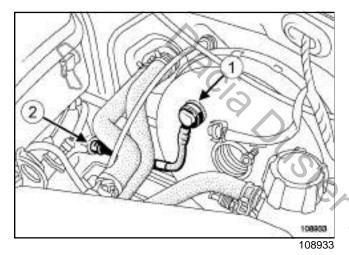
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

K9K

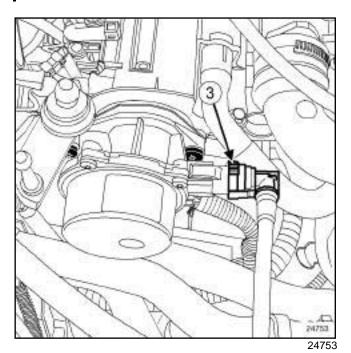
☐ Remove the engine cover.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- ☐ Disconnect the non-return valve at (1) on the brake servo.
- ☐ Pull and turn the non-return valve to release it from the rubber sealing washer.

K9K



☐ Disconnect the non-return valve at (3) on the vacuum pump.

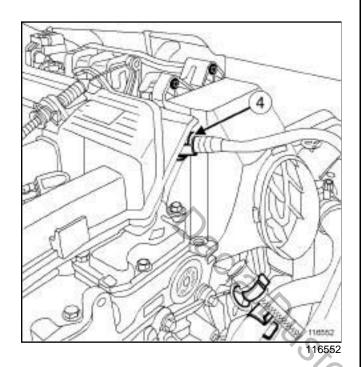
Doros 4

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Brake servo non-return valve: Removal - Refitting

37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

K4M



□ Disconnect the non-return valve at (4) on the inlet distributor.

☐ Remove the non-return valve.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Check the condition of the sealing washer and the non-return valve.
- ☐ Replace any faulty parts.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

☐ Fit the non-return valve.

K4M

☐ Connect the non-return valve to the inlet distributor.

- ☐ Connect the non-return valve at the vacuum pump,
- ☐ Connect the non-return valve to the brake servo.

III - FINAL OPERATION

K9k

☐ Refit the engine cover.

Stoloros 4

37A-10

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS **Brake servo: Removal - Refitting**

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

brake servo nuts 21 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid a loss of braking efficiency, do not bend the brake servo pipe.

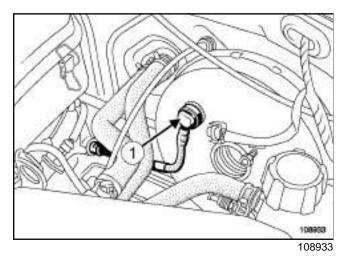
WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

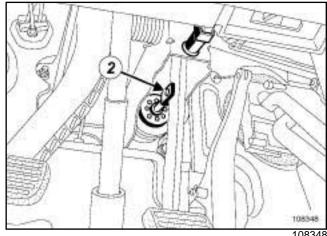
- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Disconnect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).



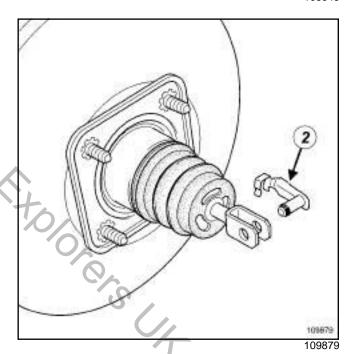
□ Remove:

- the master cylinder (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-2),
- the non-return valve (1) at the servo.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



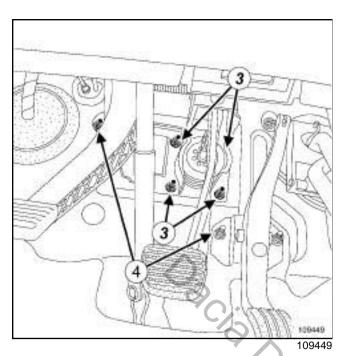
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☐ Tilt the connecting piece upwards and remove the safety clevis pin (2) between the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal on the passenger compartment side.

Brake servo: Removal - Refitting

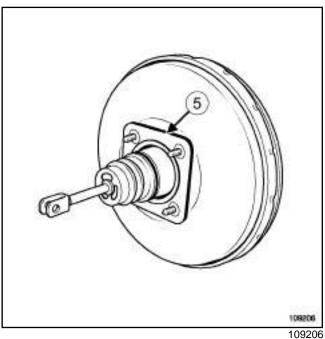
LEFT-HAND DRIVE



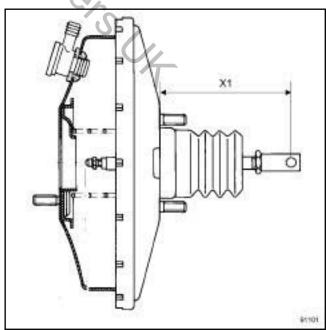
- ☐ Remove the special nuts (4) for the insulating foam.
- ☐ Gently move the insulating foam aside.
- □ Remove:
 - the brake servo nuts (3), on the passenger compartment side (the nuts mounting the pedal mounting to the servo),
 - the brake servo.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



- Check that the brake servo seal (5) is present; replace the seal if it is faulty.
- parts always to be replaced: Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.



☐ Before refitting, check the following dimension (X1) $= 144.5 \text{ mm} \pm 0.5.$

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Brake servo: Removal - Refitting

37A

ILEFT-HAND DRIVE

II - REFITTING OPERATION
☐ Refit the brake servo.
☐ Torque tighten the brake servo nuts (21 N.m) .
☐ The shaft connecting the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal must be refitted from right to left, and from top to bottom.
□ Refit:
- the insulating foam,
- the special nuts for the insulating foam.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - the non-return valve at the brake servo,
 - the master cylinder (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal Refitting, page 37A-2).

IMPORTANT

To avoid breaking the connection between the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal, check that the safety clevis pin is locked onto the brake servo pushrod by tilting it from the top downwards.

- ☐ Adjust the brake light switch (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal Refitting, page 37A-26).
- ☐ Connect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).

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Vacuum pump: Removal - Refitting

37A

K9K

Tightening torques ♡	
the vacuum pump bolts	21 N.m

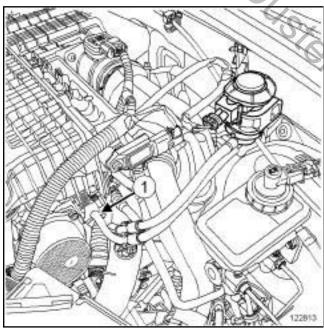
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Remove:
 - the engine cover
 - the air inlet duct.
- ☐ Gently move the air filter box aside to access the vacuum pump.

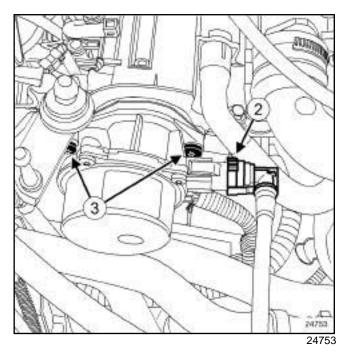
II - REMOVAL OPERATION

K9K, and 796



122813

☐ Disconnect the turbocharger control solenoid valve pipe (1) from the vacuum pump.



- □ Disconnect the non-return valve (2) from the vacuum pump.
- ☐ Remove:
 - the vacuum pump bolts (3) on the cylinder head,
 - the vacuum pump.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Clean the vacuum pump bearing surface on the cylinder head.
- □ parts always to be replaced: Brake servo vacuum pump seal.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Refit:
 - the vacuum pump fitted with a new seal,
 - the vacuum pump bolts.
- ☐ Torque tighten the vacuum pump bolts (21 N.m) on the cylinder head.
- ☐ Connect the non-return valve to the vacuum pump.

K9K, and 796

☐ Connect the turbocharger control solenoid valve pipe to the vacuum pump.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Vacuum pump: Removal - Refitting

37A

K9K

III - FINAL OPERATION

□ Refit:

- the air filter unit,
- the air inlet duct,
- the engine cover.

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Pedal yoke: Removal - Refitting

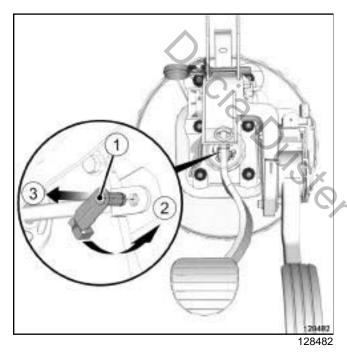
LEFT-HAND DRIVE

Tightening torques ♡	
pedal yoke nuts	21 N.m

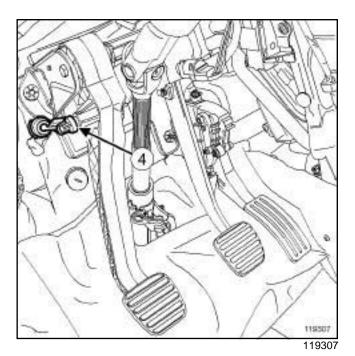
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Remove the brake pedal switch (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-27).



- ☐ Remove the connecting shaft (1) between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
 - unlock the shaft in accordance with (2),
 - extract the shaft in accordance with (3) .



- ☐ Uncouple the master cylinder ball joint (4) from the clutch pedal.
- ☐ Remove the two retaining clips from the pedal insulation and the insulating foam.
- Remove the pedal insulation (if fitted to the vehicle).
- Gently move aside the insulating foam.
- □ Disconnect the steering column and the steering box (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering column: Removal Refitting, page 36A-7).

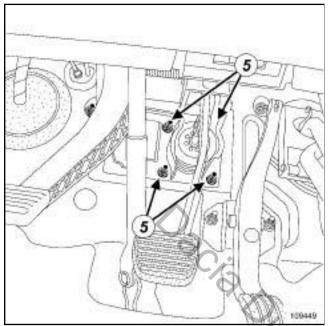


Pedal yoke: Removal - Refitting

37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- 109449
- ☐ Remove the pedal yoke nuts (5).
- ☐ Cut the insulating foam to extract the pedal yoke, if necessary.
- ☐ Remove the pedal yoke.
- ☐ In the event of replacement, remove the brake pedal (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal Refitting, page 37A-26).

REFITTING

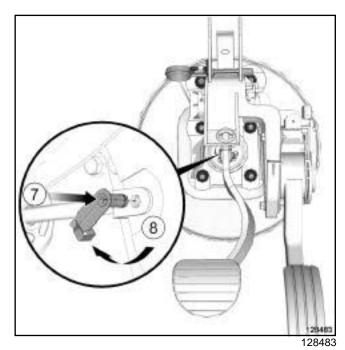
I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Always replace the parts always to be replaced: Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.
- ☐ Coat the shaft with MOLYCOTE 33M grease (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables Products).

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ In the event of replacement, refit the brake pedal (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal Refitting, page 37A-26).
- □ Refit the pedal yoke.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **pedal yoke nuts (21 N.m)**.

□ Couple the steering column and the steering box (see 36A, Steering assembly, Steering column: Removal - Refitting, page 36A-7).



- ☐ Refit a new connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod (pre-lubricated):
 - insert the shaft in accordance with (7),
 - lock the shaft in accordance with (8) .

III - FINAL OPERATION

- Refit:
 - the pedal insulation (if fitted to the vehicle),
 - the brake pedal switch (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-27).
- □ Check that the whole clutch system operates correctly.

Pedal yoke: Removal - Refitting

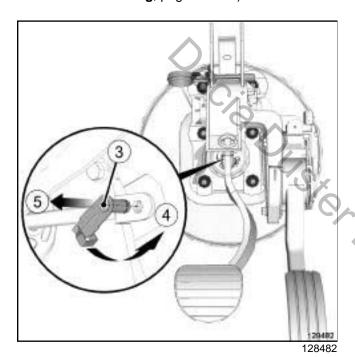
RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

Tightening torques	
pedal yoke nuts	21 N.m

REMOVAL

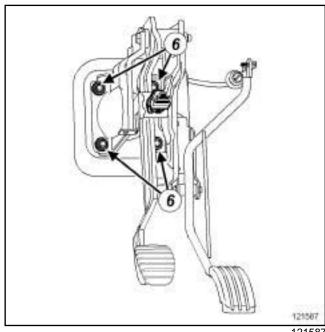
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Remove the brake pedal switch (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-27).



- ☐ Remove the connecting shaft (3) between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
 - unlock the shaft in accordance with (4),
 - extract the shaft in accordance with (5) .

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



121587

- □ Remove:
 - the nuts (6) of the pedal yoke,
 - the pedal yoke.
- In the event of replacement, remove:
 - the brake pedal (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-26),
 - the accelerator pedal (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal -Refitting, page 37A-20).

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Always replace the parts always to be replaced: Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.
- ☐ Coat the shaft with MOLYCOTE 33M grease (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair)** (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

Pedal yoke: Removal - Refitting

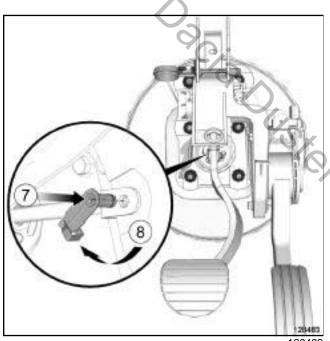
37A

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ In the event of replacement, refit:
 - the accelerator pedal (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Accelerator pedal: Removal Refitting, page 37A-20),
 - -the brake pedal (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal: Removal Refitting, page 37A-26).
- ☐ Refit the pedal yoke.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **pedal yoke nuts (21 N.m)**.

III - FINAL OPERATION



- 128483
- □ Refit a new connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
 - insert the shaft in accordance with (7),
 - lock the shaft in accordance with (8) .
- ☐ Refit the brake pedal switch (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal Refitting, page 37A-27).

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Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting

37A

K9K - K4M, and 4X4 TRANSMISSION

Equipment required
Diagnostic tool

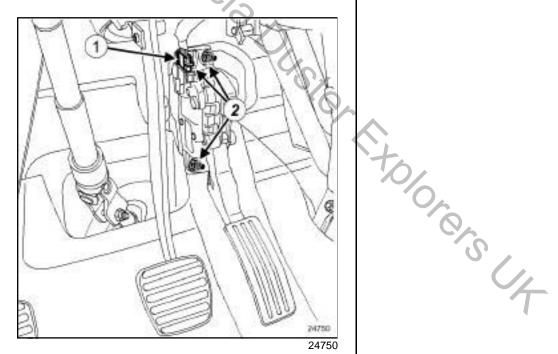
Tightening torques ♡	
accelerator pedal bolts	8 N.m

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Switch off the ignition.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



□ Disconnect the accelerator pedal potentiometer connector (1).

□ Remove:

- the accelerator pedal bolts (2) on the pedal mounting,
- the accelerator pedal.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Refit:
 - the accelerator pedal,
 - the accelerator pedal bolts on the pedal mounting.
- ☐ Torque tighten the accelerator pedal bolts (8 N.m).
- ☐ Connect the accelerator pedal potentiometer connector.

II - FINAL OPERATION

☐ Using the **Diagnostic tool**, check that the accelerator assembly operates correctly.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting

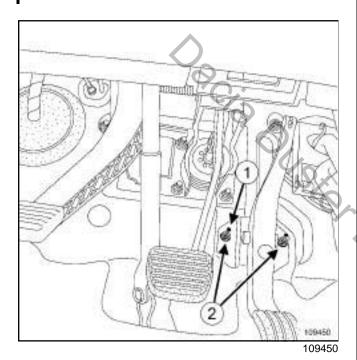
K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

Tightening torques ♡	
pedal mounting nuts	21 N.m

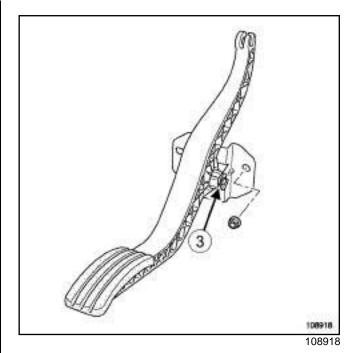
REMOVAL

OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

LEFT-HAND DRIVE



- ☐ Undo the special nut (1) for the insulating foam on the left-hand nut of the accelerator pedal mounting.
- □ Remove:
 - the nuts (2) of the accelerator pedal mounting,
 - the mounting accelerator pedal assembly.



□ Remove:

- the accelerator cable on the pedal side by holding it upwards and sliding the end piece of the cable towards the centre console,
- the circlip (3) using a screwdriver,

Note:

Note the fitting direction of the shaft in relation to the pedal mounting.

□ Remove:

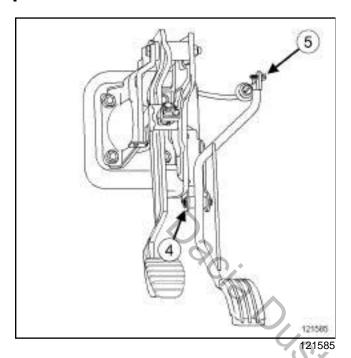
- the pedal shaft,
- the accelerator pedal.

Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting

37A

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



Extract the clip (5) from the accelerator cable on the pedal.

Note:

Note the fitting direction of the shaft in relation to the pedal mounting.

Remove:

- the circlip (4) using a screwdriver,
- the accelerator pedal shaft,
- the accelerator pedal.

REFITTING

REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Coat the shaft with MOLYCOTE 33M grease (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

Note:

Refit the shaft in relation to the pedal mounting in the position noted during the removal operation.

Note:

Do not hit the pedal assembly shaft with a hammer to get it back into place.

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

- □ Refit on the accelerator pedal mounting:
 - the pedal,
 - the pedal shaft,
 - the circlip.
- □ Refit the accelerator cable end piece on the hole on top of the accelerator pedal by sliding it from right to left and by guiding the cable into the groove of the pedal.
- □ Position the mounting accelerator pedal assembly on the centre console.
- ☐ Refit the accelerator pedal mounting nuts.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **pedal mounting nuts (21 N.m)**.
- ☐ Refit:
 - the insulating foam,
 - the special nut for the insulating foam on the lefthand nut of the accelerator pedal.

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

- ☐ Refit the accelerator pedal on its mounting.
- ☐ Refit:
 - the accelerator pedal shaft,
 - the circlip on the accelerator pedal shaft,

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Accelerator pedal: Removal - Refitting

37A

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

- the accelerator cable clip on the pedal.
II - FINAL OPERATION
☐ Check that the whole accelerator system operates correctly.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Accelerator pedal cable: Removal - Refitting

37A

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

REMOVAL

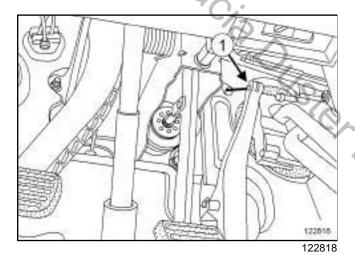
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

□ Remove the brake fluid reservoir (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-2).

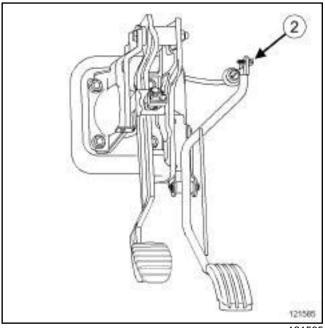
II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

LEFT-HAND DRIVE



☐ Disconnect the accelerator pedal cable at (1).

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



121585

☐ Extract the clip (2) from the accelerator cable on the pedal.

Push the accelerator cable sheath stop into the engine compartment.

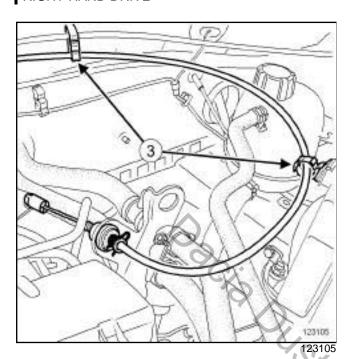


Accelerator pedal cable: Removal - Refitting

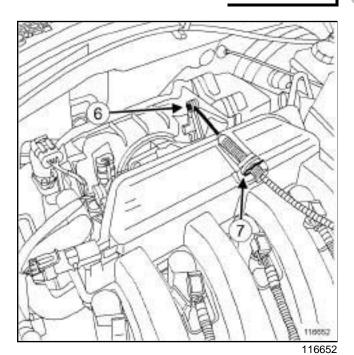
37A

K4M, and 4X2 TRANSMISSION

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE



☐ Unclip the accelerator cable at (3).



☐ Disconnect the throttle valve accelerator cable at (6)

☐ Remove the adjusting clip (7) from the accelerator cable.

Remove the accelerator cable from the inlet distributor.

□ Remove the accelerator pedal cable via the engine compartment.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Pass the accelerator pedal cable into the passenger compartment via the engine compartment.
- ☐ Clip the accelerator pedal cable sheath stop onto the bulkhead.

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

□ Position the accelerator pedal cable in the pedal notch.

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

☐ Refit the accelerator pedal cable clip to the pedal.

Refit the accelerator pedal cable to the inlet distributor.

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

□ Clip on the accelerator pedal cable at (3).

☐ Refit:

- the accelerator pedal cable on the throttle valve,
- the accelerator cable adjusting clip.

II - FINAL OPERATION

☐ Adjust the accelerator pedal cable by fully depressing the accelerator pedal.

RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

- □ Refit the brake fluid reservoir (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Master cylinder: Removal Refitting, page 37A-2).
- □ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).

Brake pedal: Removal - Refitting



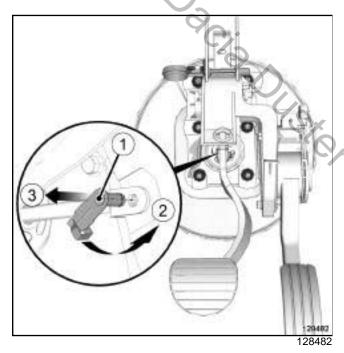
Tightening torques ♡	
brake pedal shaft nut	16 N.m

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Remove the brake pedal brake light switch (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-27).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- ☐ Remove the connecting shaft (1) between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
 - unlock the shaft in accordance with (2),
 - extract the shaft in accordance with (3) .
- ☐ Remove the brake pedal.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

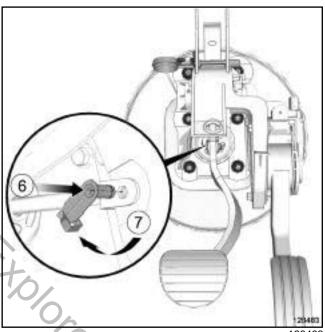
- ☐ Always replace the parts always to be replaced:

 Connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod.
- Check the condition of the parts.
- □ Replace any faulty parts.

☐ Coat the shaft with MOLYKOTE 33M (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) grease (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- □ Refit:
 - the brake pedal,
 - the brake pedal shaft.
- ☐ Torque tighten the brake pedal shaft nut (16 N.m).



- 128483
- □ Refit a new connecting shaft between the brake pedal and the brake servo pushrod:
 - insert the shaft in accordance with (6),
 - lock the shaft in accordance with (7).

III - FINAL OPERATION

□ Refit the brake light switch (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-27).

Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting

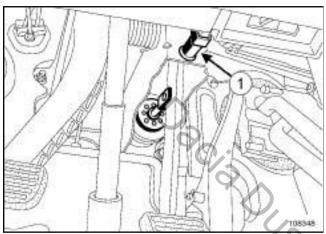


REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Remove the dashboard lower trim (depending on the equipment level).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



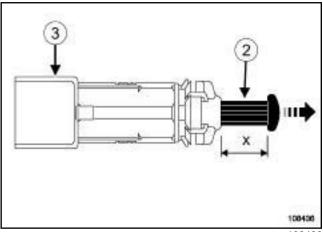
108348

- ☐ Disconnect the brake light switch connector.
- ☐ Turn the brake light switch (1) a quarter of a turn anti-clockwise.
- ☐ Remove the brake light switch.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

When removing and refitting or when replacing the brake light switch



108436

WARNING

Handle the switch (3) with care.

Only operate the piston (2) to adjust the dimension (x).

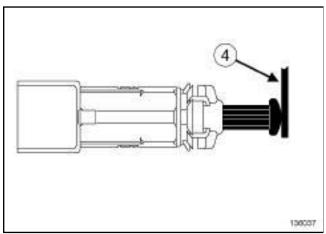
The switch must be replaced:

- if the piston (2) is separated from the switch (3)
- if more than three adjustments to dimension (x) are necessary during the operation.
- ☐ Measure the dimension (x) of the piston (2). If dimension (x) is less than 13 mm, carefully pull the end of the piston to adjust dimension (x) to between 13 mm minimum and 14 mm maximum.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Depress the brake pedal by hand.
- ☐ Position the brake light switch on the pedal assembly.
- ☐ Lock the brake light switch by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise.

Brake pedal switch: Removal - Refitting



136037

Note:

To adjust the position of the piston of the brake light switch, place a **2 mm** thick shim (**4**) between the piston crown of the brake light switch and the brake pedal.

☐ Carefully support the return of the brake pedal (shim in place).

Note:

The brake light switch has an automatic adjustment feature which adapts to the position of the pedal.

The automatic adjustment makes a clicking noise when in operation.

☐ Connect the brake light switch connector.

III - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Check that the brake light switch is operating correctly:
 - depress the brake pedal to switch on the lights,
 - release the brake pedal to switch off the lights.
- ☐ Refit the dashboard lower trim (depending on the equipment level).



Parking brake lever: Removal - Refitting

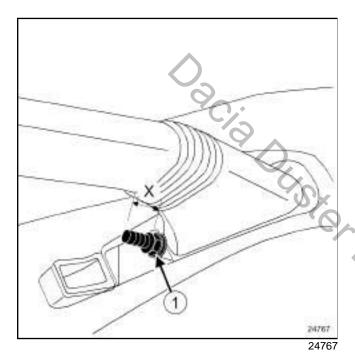


Tightening torques ♡	
parking brake lever nuts	8 N.m

REMOVAL

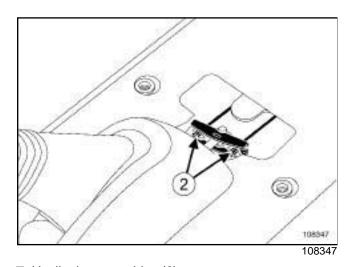
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Remove the centre console (see **Centre console**: Removal - Refitting) (57A, Interior equipment).

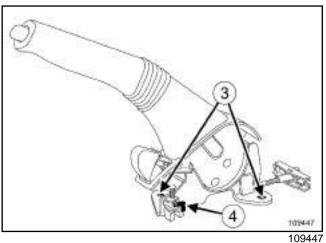


☐ Undo the handbrake adjusting nut (1), marking the dimension $(X) = 16 \text{ mm} \pm 0.30$, to detach the cables at the compensator.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



☐ Unclip the two cables (2).



- ☐ Remove nuts (3).
- ☐ Lift the parking brake lever slightly to be able to disconnect the parking brake switch connector (4).
- □ Remove the parking brake lever.

REFITTING

- REFITTING OPERATION

- → Refit:
 - the parking brake lever,
 - the two cables at the compensator,
 - the parking brake lever nuts.
- ☐ Connect the connector on the parking brake switch.
- ☐ Tighten the parking brake adjusting nut, observing the dimension $X = 16 \text{ mm} \pm 0.30$.
- ☐ Torque tighten the parking brake lever nuts (8) N.m).

II - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Connect the connector on the parking brake switch.
- ☐ Adjust the parking brake if the lever stops between the first and second positions of the parking brake lever's travel (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Adjustment, page 37A-30).
- ☐ Refit the centre console (see Centre console: Removal - Refitting) (57A, Interior equipment).

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Parking brake lever: Adjustment

A poorly adjusted parking brake:

- prevents correct operation of the automatic compensation system for the brake shoes,
- causes premature wear of brake shoes.

ADJUSTMENT

I - ADJUSTMENT PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting).
- ☐ Apply the parking brake five times to condition the cables for normal use.
- ☐ Put the parking brake lever into the released posi-
- ☐ Check that the rear wheels turn freely. If they do not, check the following components and if necessary re-
 - the parking brake cables,
 - the calliper piston,
 - the automatic compensation system,
 - calliper
- JUSKO. ☐ Remove the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

II - OPERATION FOR ADJUSTMENT OF PART CONCERNED

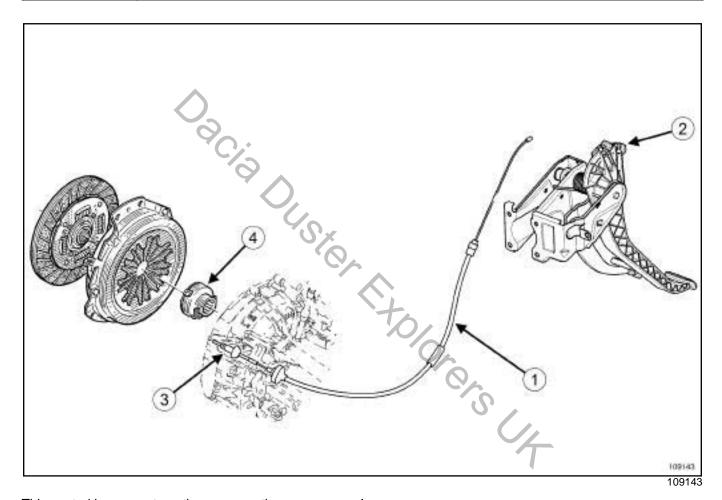
37A-30

Toloros 4

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch control: List and location of components

1. Cable clutch control

No.	Description
(1)	Clutch cable
(2)	Clutch pedal
(3)	Clutch fork
(4)	Clutch thrust bearing

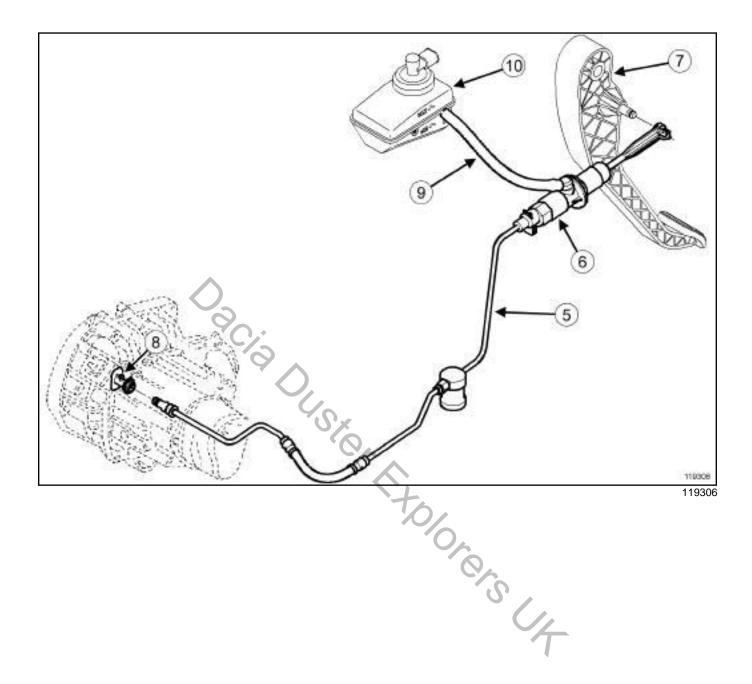


This control has no automatic compensation.

2. Hydraulic clutch control

No.	Description
(5)	Slave cylinder supply pipe (engine compartment)
(6)	Master cylinder (engine compartment/passenger compartment connection)
(7)	Clutch pedal
(8)	Slave cylinder (on gearbox)
(9)	Master cylinder supply pipe (engine compartment)
(10)	Brake fluid reservoir

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch control: List and location of components



MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting

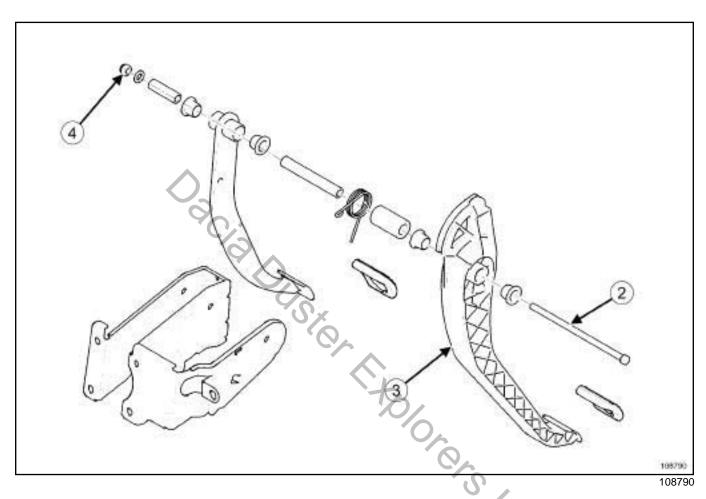
37A

LEFT-HAND DRIVE

Tightening torques ▽	
pedal shaft nut	21 Nm

REMOVAL

I - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- ☐ Remove the nut (4) from the pedal shaft (2).
- ☐ Pull the shaft (2) to free the clutch pedal.
- □ Remove the clutch pedal (3).

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Coat the shaft with MOLYCOTE 33M grease (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables - Products).

Note:

Do not hit the shaft with a hammer to get it to go back into place.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Fit the pedal shaft.
- ☐ Refit the pedal shaft nut.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **pedal shaft nut (21 Nm)**.
- ☐ Check that the whole clutch system operates correctly.

Clutch pedal: Removal - Refitting

37A

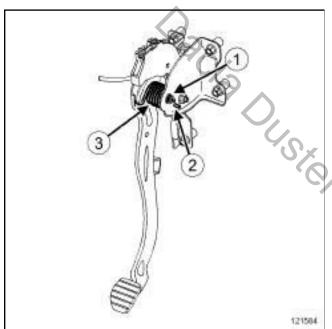
RIGHT-HAND DRIVE

Tightening torques ♡	
clutch shaft nut	16 Nm

REMOVAL

OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED

☐ Remove the cable from its slot, lifting the pedal and placing the cable perpendicular to the pedal.



121584

- ☐ Remove the nut (1) from the pedal assembly shaft.
- ☐ Remove the shaft to release the clutch pedal.
- ☐ Extract the spring (3) from its housing (2) on the clutch pedal support.
- ☐ Remove the clutch pedal.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATIONS OPERATION

- ☐ Check the condition of the components.
- ☐ Replace any faulty parts.
- ☐ Coat the shaft with MOLYCOTE 33M grease (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) (MR 388, 04B, Consumables Products).

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

☐ Place the clutch pedal in position with its spring.

Note:

Do not hit the shaft with a hammer to get it to go back into place.

- □ Refit:
 - the clutch pedal shaft,
 - the clutch pedal shaft nut.
- ☐ Torque tighten the clutch shaft nut (16 Nm).
- ☐ Fit the cable in its notch, on the clutch pedal.

III - FINAL OPERATION.

- ☐ Check that the cable fits perfectly in the groove provided for it on the pedal.
- ☐ Check and adjust the clutch control cable clearance if necessary (see Clutch control: Adjustment).
- □ Check that the whole clutch system operates correctly.

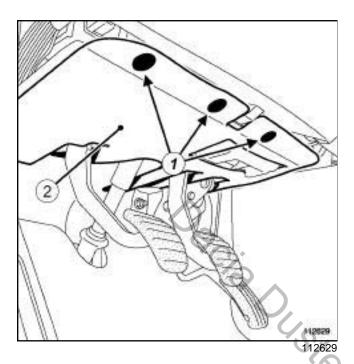
MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

Clutch pedal switch: Removal - Refitting



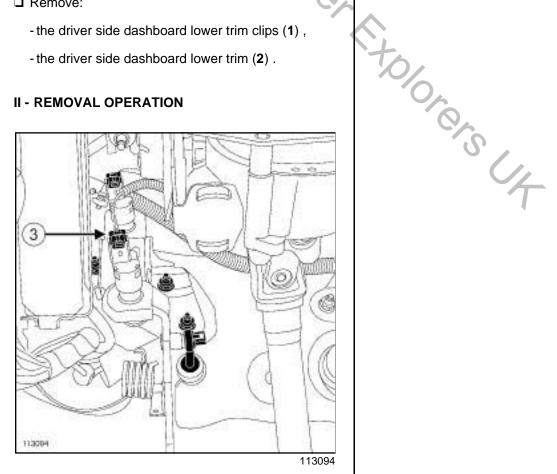
REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

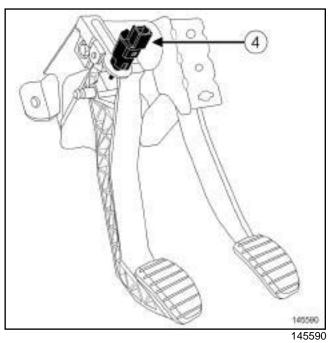


- □ Remove:
 - the driver side dashboard lower trim clips (1),
 - the driver side dashboard lower trim (2) .

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



☐ Disconnect the connector (3) from the clutch pedal switch.



- ☐ Turn the clutch pedal switch (4) one quarter of a turn
- ☐ Remove the clutch pedal switch (4).

anti-clockwise.

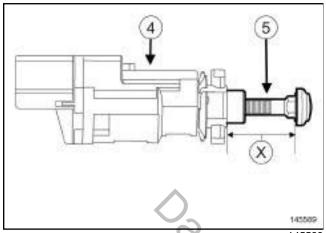
MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

Clutch pedal switch: Removal - Refitting



REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION



145589

WARNING

To avoid damaging the clutch switch (4):

- handle the switch with care,
- -only activate the piston during the adjustment phase,
- -do not perform more than 3 adjustments to dimension (X),
- do not separate the piston from the switch.

Replace the switch:

- if the piston is separated from the switch
- -if more than 3 consecutive adjustments to dimension (X) have been performed.
- Measure dimension (X) of the piston (5). If the dimension is less than 20 mm, carefully pull on the end of the piston to adjust the dimension between 20 mm minimum and 22 mm maximum.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Depress the clutch pedal by hand.
- ☐ Position the clutch pedal switch on the pedal assembly.
- ☐ Lock the clutch pedal switch by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise.

☐ At the same time, carefully return the clutch pedal.

Note:

The clutch pedal switch has an automatic adjustment feature, adapting to the pedal position.

The automatic adjustment makes a clicking noise when in operation.

☐ Connect clutch switch connector.

III - FINAL OPERATION

Stoloros C+

☐ Refit the driver side dashboard lower trim.

37A

JR5

Equipment required

brake circuit bleeding device

hydraulic circuit bleed syringe

Bleed in the event of:

- dead travel.
- pedal at mid-travel,
- pedal to the floor,
- poor gear changing.

I - PRECAUTIONS DURING REPAIR

Risks relating to contamination.

- ☐ The hydraulic clutch system is very sensitive to contamination. The risks caused by contamination are:
 - impossible to change gears,
 - damage to or destruction of the clutch system
 - leaks on the hydraulic circuit.

All the operations on the hydraulic clutch circuit system must be carried out under excellent cleanliness conditions. This ensures that no impurities enter the hydraulic circuit during the operation.

The cleanliness principles apply to all components of the hydraulic clutch circuit.

Items causing contamination are:

- metal or plastic swarf,
- fibres:
- · cardboard,
- brushes,
- paper,
- · clothing,
- · cloth,
- dust and particles in the air,
- etc.

Cleaning cloths.

☐ Use lint-free cleaning cloths (see **Products recommended for the repair**) (04B, Consumables - Products).

Each cloth must only be used once.

There are two types of equipment used to bleed the clutch circuit:

- ARC50 via the brake fluid reservoir.
- ☐ Syringe via the bleed hole located on the clutch slave cylinder.

There are two procedures used to bleed the clutch circuit:

- ☐ If no parts of the hydraulic clutch circuit are removed:
 - Carry out the bleed operation using the ARC50 via the brake fluid reservoir or using a new syringe via the bleed hole located on the clutch slave cylinder.
- If no parts of the hydraulic clutch circuit are removed:
 - Only carry out the bleed operation using a new syringe by injecting the brake fluid via the bleed hole on the clutch slave cylinder.

Note:

- Even the tiniest air bubble in the circuit can cause faulty operation (pedal failing to return properly, crunching sound when changing gear, etc.).
- Incorrect bleeding can lead to incorrect detection of faults and unnecessary part replacements.

Consumables required for the repair:

□ Bleed the clutch circuit using approved (see Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair) brake fluid (04B, consumables - products).

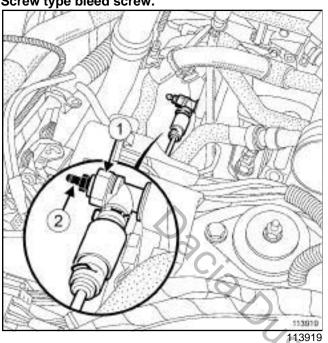
II - PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the engine undertray.

JR5

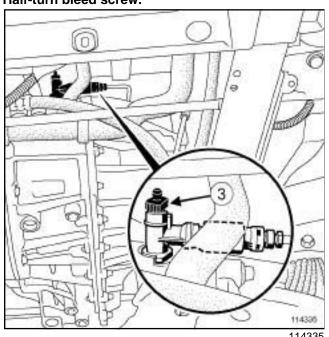
There are several versions of bleed screw:

Screw type bleed screw.



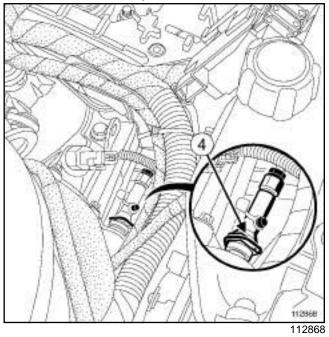
☐ To open the bleed screw, hold the plastic union (1) using a ring spanner and undo the bleed screw (2)

Half-turn bleed screw.



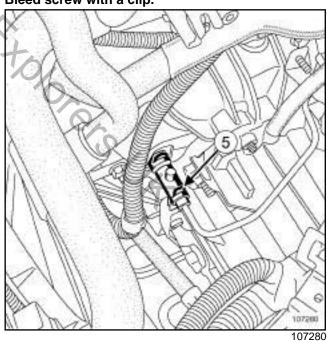
☐ To open the bleed screw, fully turn the bleed screw (3) by hand.

Bleed screw with a clip.



☐ To open the bleed screw, press and hold the clip (4) while pulling by one notch.

Bleed screw with a clip.



☐ To open the bleed screw, lift the clip (5) while pulling by one notch.

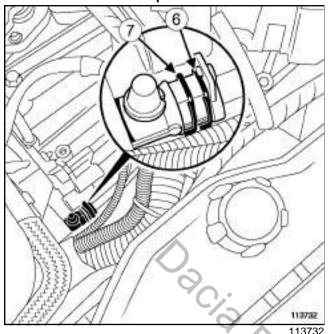
MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

Clutch circuit: Bleed

37A

JR5

Bleed screw with two clips.



☐ To open the bleed screw, lower the clip (6) and lift the clip (7) while pulling by one notch.

III - BLEED PROCEDURE IF NO PARTS OF THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT ARE REMOVED

1 - Bleed using the ARC50.

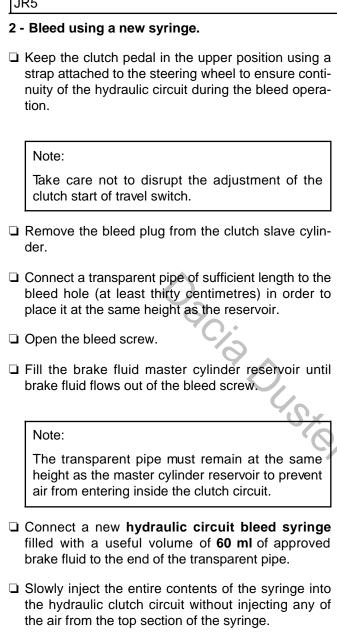
☐ Keep the clutch pedal in the upper position using a strap attached to the steering wheel to ensure continuity of the hydraulic circuit during the bleed operation.

Note:

Take care not to disrupt the adjustment of the clutch start of travel switch.

- □ Connect the brake circuit bleeding device (after having received Renault approval) to the master cylinder reservoir (see the instructions for the equipment).
- □ Remove the bleed plug from the clutch slave cylinder.
- ☐ Connect a transparent pipe to the bleed hole running to an empty container placed under the bleed hole.
- Open the bleed screw.
- ☐ Open the circuit between the bleeding device and the brake fluid reservoir.
- ☐ Let the brake fluid run until all air bubbles have been released.
- □ Stop the bleeding device to dump the pressure in the clutch circuit.
- ☐ Close the bleed screw.
- ☐ Remove the transparent pipe from the bleed hole.
- ☐ Refit the bleed plug.
- ☐ Top up the brake fluid level in the master cylinder reservoir after disconnecting the bleed device.
- ☐ Disengage and engage the clutch quickly around twenty times.
- Check that the clutch system is operating correctly.
- Repeat the bleed operation if necessary.
- ☐ Check the adjustment of the switch. (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal switch: Removal Refitting, page 37A-35) (37A, mechanical control elements).

JR5



☐ Remove the transparent pipe from the bleed hole.

☐ Top up the brake fluid level in the master cylinder

☐ Disengage and engage the clutch quickly around

☐ Check that the clutch system is operating correctly.

☐ Check the adjustment of the switch. (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal switch: Removal - Refitting, page 37A-35) (37A,

☐ Repeat the bleed operation if necessary.

mechanical control elements).

Close the bleed screw.

Refit the bleed plug.

reservoir.

twenty times.

IV - BLEED PROCEDURE IF PARTS OF THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT ARE REMOVED.

WARNING

The master cylinder pipe must be disconnected from its take-off point on the brake fluid reservoir, to avoid any foreign matter penetrating inside the hydraulic brake circuit.

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid and protect the surrounding components.

Note:

Stolopors C+

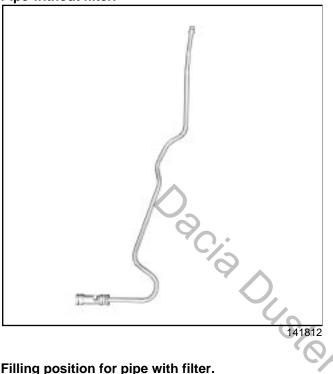
Prefill the hydraulic circuit pipe equipped with a

Position the filter head facing downwards to ensure that it fills.

JR5

There are several versions of pipe with and without a filter:

Pipe without filter.



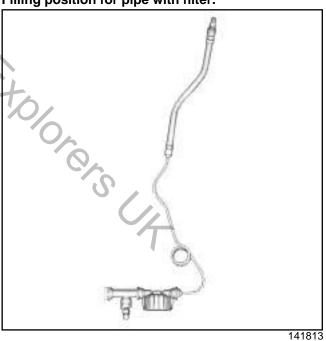
Filling position for pipe with filter.



Filling position for pipe with filter.



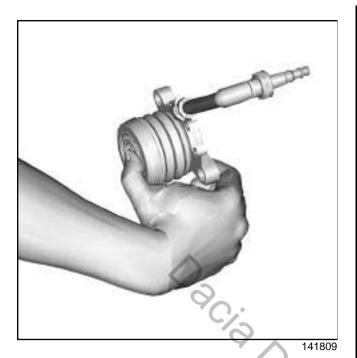
Filling position for pipe with filter.



- ☐ Prefill the clutch pipe using the syringe.
- ☐ Plug the prefilled pipe on the master cylinder end to stop any brake fluid from escaping.

37A

JR5



- ☐ Prefill the hydraulic tappet using the new syringe (by gravity).
- ☐ Refit the part(s) concerned.

V - BLEED PROCEDURE AFTER A REMOVING A COMPONENT OF THE HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT.

☐ Keep the clutch pedal in the upper position using a strap attached to the steering wheel to ensure continuity of the hydraulic circuit during the bleed operation.

Note:

Take care not to disrupt the adjustment of the clutch start of travel switch.

- ☐ Remove the bleed plug from the clutch slave cylinder.
- ☐ Connect a transparent pipe of sufficient length to the bleed hole (at least thirty centimetres) in order to place it at the same height as the reservoir.
- Open the bleed screw.
- ☐ Fill the brake fluid master cylinder reservoir until brake fluid flows out of the bleed screw.

Note:

The transparent pipe must remain at the same height as the master cylinder reservoir to prevent air from entering inside the clutch circuit.

- ☐ Connect a new syringe containing **60 ml** of approved brake fluid to the end of the transparent pipe.
- ☐ Slowly inject the entire contents of the syringe into the hydraulic clutch circuit without injecting any of the air from the top section of the syringe.
- ☐ Close the bleed screw.
- ☐ Remove the transparent pipe from the bleed hole.
- Refit the bleed plug.
- ☐ Top up the brake fluid level in the master cylinder reservoir.
- ☐ Disengage and engage the clutch quickly around twenty times.
- ☐ Check that the clutch system is operating correctly.
- ☐ Repeat the bleed operation if necessary.
- □ Check the adjustment of the switch. (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch pedal switch: Removal Refitting, page 37A-35) (37A, mechanical control elements).

37A

JR5

VI - FINAL OPERATION

- ☐ Refit the engine undertray.
- ☐ Remove the vehicle from the two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).



MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

37A

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE

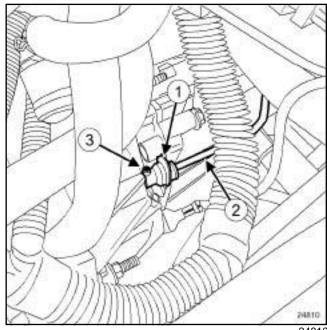
Tightening torques ♡	
expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the engine undertray.
- ☐ Remove the two expansion bottle nuts.
- ☐ Move aside the expansion bottle.
- ☐ Disconnect the brake fluid level sensor connector from the reservoir.
- ☐ Remove the brake fluid filler cap.
- ☐ Drain the brake fluid reservoir using a syringe until the fluid level is below the clutch master cylinder supply orifice on the brake fluid reservoir.
- ☐ Place a cloth under this orifice.
- ☐ Disconnect the clutch master cylinder supply pipe from the brake fluid reservoir.
- ☐ Fit plugs into the openings.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



24810

- ☐ Place a cloth under the clutch slave cylinder.
- □ Remove the plug from the bleed hole (3).
- Press the clip (1).

WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

☐ Pull out the clutch control pipe (2) one notch to free the bleed hole.

Note:

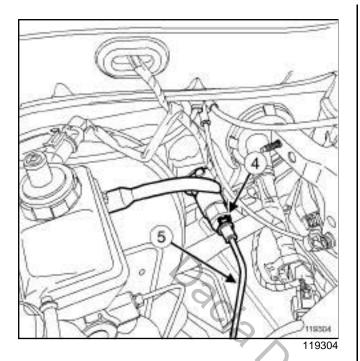
Expect some brake fluid to run out.

- ☐ Connect a transparent pipe to the bleed hole (3) and place an empty container under the bleed hole.
- ☐ Depress the clutch pedal with your hand (to drain the clutch master cylinder and the clutch pipe).

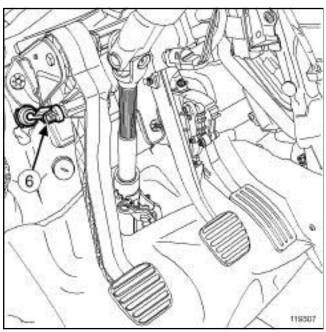
MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

37A

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE

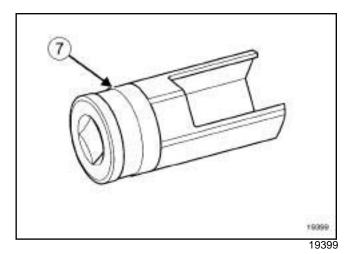


- ☐ Remove the retaining clip (4) of the clutch master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe on the clutch master cylinder.
- ☐ Place a cloth under the clutch master cylinder.
- □ Disconnect the pipe (5) from the clutch master cylinder.
- ☐ Fit plugs into the openings.



11930

☐ Disconnect the clutch master cylinder ball joint (6) from the clutch pedal in the passenger compartment.



□ Remove the clutch master cylinder from the bulkhead by turning it a quarter of a turn clockwise in the engine compartment (bayonet type mounting) using the tool (7) or.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

Check the condition of the seals.

Note:

The clutch master cylinder has a foolproofing device; it only fits in one position.

WARNING

Do not use the take-off pipes as a support when fitting.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- □ Refit the clutch master cylinder by turning it a quarter of a turn anti-clockwise (bayonet type mounting) using the toolor.
- ☐ Refit the clutch master cylinder ball joint on the clutch pedal in the passenger compartment.
- ☐ Remove the plugs from the openings.
- ☐ Refit the clutch master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe on the clutch master cylinder.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch master cylinder: Removal - Refitting

37A

T	DE LI EET LIAND DON'E		
J	R5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE		
	Press the clutch master cylinder clip.		
	Note:		
	Lubricate both ends of the supply pipe with brake fluid to facilitate fitting on the brake fluid reservoir take-off pipe.		
	Refit the pipe between the clutch master cylinder and the brake fluid reservoir.		
	Note:		
	As you lock the clutch control pipe, you should hear a safety click.		
	Refit the clutch master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe on the slave cylinder.		
	Remove the transparent tube from the bleed hole.		
Ш	- FINAL OPERATION		
	Remove the plugs from the openings.		
	Refit the clutch master cylinder supply pipe on the brake fluid reservoir.		
	Refit the expansion bottle.		
	Torque tighten the expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m) .		
	Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the correct level.	To,	
	Bleed the clutch circuit (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch circuit: Bleed, page 37A-37).	tolore	6
			S.
			4

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch circuit: Removal - Refitting

37A

JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE

Tightening torques ▽	
expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m

Note:

Each time an operation is carried out on the hydraulic clutch system, bleed the circuit at the following locations:

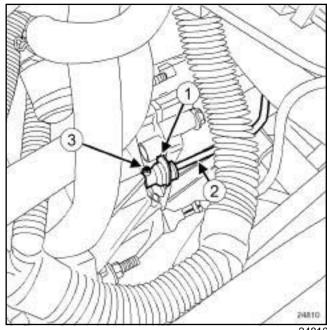
- between the reservoir and the bleed hole,
- between the bleed hole and the clutch thrust bearing,
- for long pedal travel.

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the engine undertray.
- ☐ Remove the two expansion bottle nuts.
- Move aside the expansion bottle.
- ☐ Disconnect the brake fluid level sensor connector from the reservoir.
- ☐ Remove the brake fluid filler cap.
- ☐ Drain the brake fluid reservoir until the fluid level is below the master cylinder supply aperture.
- ☐ Remove the plug from the bleed hole.

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



24810

- ☐ Place a cloth under the clutch slave cylinder.
- ☐ Press the clip (1).

WARNING

Do not pull the clip. If it is incorrectly handled in any way, the pipe will need to be replaced.

☐ Pull out the clutch control pipe (2) by one notch to free the bleed hole.

Note:

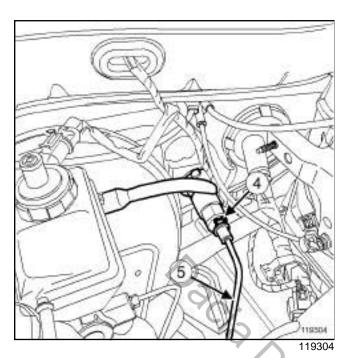
Expect some brake fluid to run out.

- ☐ Connect a transparent pipe to the bleed hole (3) and place an empty container under the bleed hole.
- ☐ Depress the clutch pedal with your hand (to drain the master cylinder and the clutch pipe).
- ☐ Press the slave cylinder clip (1).
- ☐ Uncouple the pipe (2) from the slave cylinder and place plugs on all the openings.

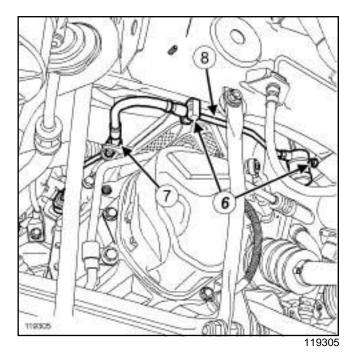
MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch circuit: Removal - Refitting



JR5, and LEFT-HAND DRIVE



- ☐ Remove the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe retaining clip (4) on the master cylinder.
- ☐ Place a cloth under the master cylinder.
- ☐ Disconnect the pipe (5) on the master cylinder in the engine compartment.
- ☐ Fit plugs into the openings.



□ Unclip:

- the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe from the body (6),
- the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe from the gearbox at (7) .
- ☐ Remove the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe (8).

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Check the condition of the seals.
- ☐ Remove the plugs from the openings.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Fit the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe.
- ☐ Clip the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe:
 - on the gearbox,
 - on the body.
- ☐ Connect the pipe to the master cylinder in the engine compartment.
- ☐ Refit the clip securing the master cylinder-slave cylinder connecting pipe to the master cylinder.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Clutch circuit: Removal - Refitting

37A

JR5.	and	LE	FT-	·HA	ND	DRI	۷E

□ (Connect the pipe to the slave cylinder.
	Note:
	As you lock the clutch control pipe, you should hear a safety click.

III - FINAL OPERATION Refit the expansion bottle. Torque tighten the expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m). Fill the brake fluid reservoir to the correct level. Bleed the clutch circuit (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Clutch circuit: Bleed, page 37A-37). Refit the engine undertray.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Gear control unit: Removal - Refitting

JR5

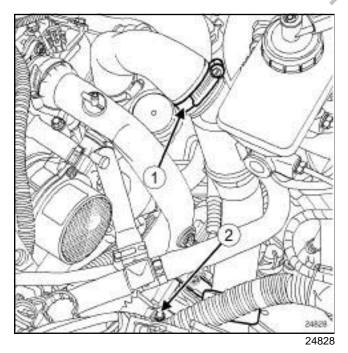
Tightening torques	
gear control unit bolts	21 N.m
exhaust pipe mountings	21 N.m
expansion bottle nuts	8 N.m

REMOVAL

I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

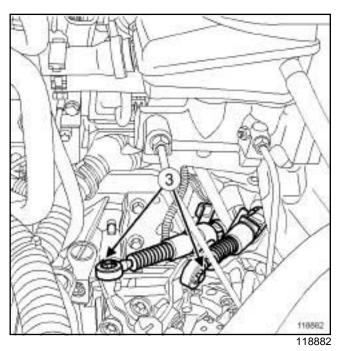
- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle**: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Disconnect the battery (see Battery: Removal Refitting) (80A, Battery).
- □ Remove the expansion bottle nuts.
- ☐ Move aside the expansion bottle from its support.

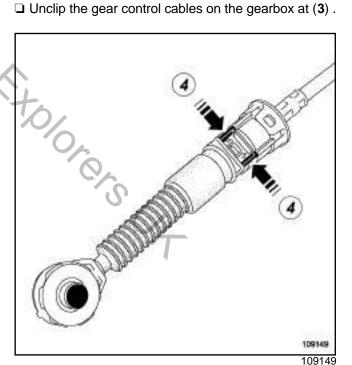
K9K



- ☐ Disconnect the air duct between the turbocharger and the intercooler at (1).
- ☐ Remove the air duct nut (2) on the gearbox.
- ☐ Move aside the air duct.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



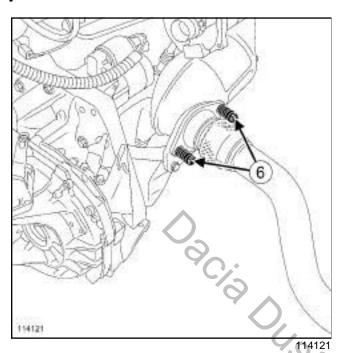


☐ Detach the gear control cable sleeve stops from the gearbox by pressing at (4).

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Gear control unit: Removal - Refitting

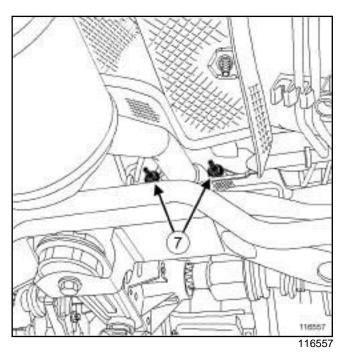
JR5

K9K



☐ Remove the exhaust pipe mountings (6) from the catalytic converter.

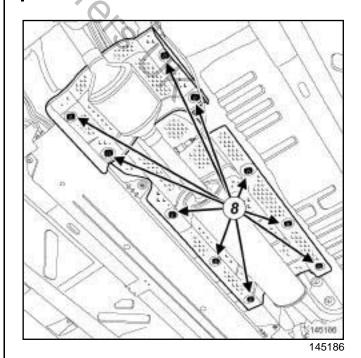
K4M



☐ Remove the exhaust pipe mountings (7).

☐ Move aside the exhaust pipe.

K4M



□ Remove:

- the nuts (8) from the heat shield,

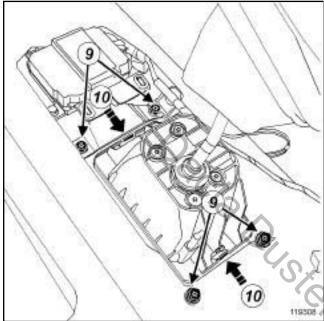
MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS Gear control unit: Removal - Refitting

37A

JR5

- the heat shield.

☐ Remove the centre console (see **Centre console**: **Removal - Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).



119308

- ☐ Remove the gear control unit bolts (9).
- ☐ Unclip the gear selection unit from the floor at (10).
- ☐ Lower the gearbox control unit so it is resting on the exhaust.
- ☐ Remove the gear control unit by feeding it out between the exhaust and the tunnel.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

Note:

The external control unit and the control levers on the gearbox must be in the neutral position to facilitate attachment of the control cables to the gearbox.

II - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- Position the gear control unit.
- ☐ Clip the gear control unit onto the floor.

- ☐ Torque tighten the **gear control unit bolts (21 N.m)**.
- ☐ Refit the centre console (see Centre console: Removal Refitting) (57A, Interior equipment).

K4M

- ☐ Refit:
 - the heat shield,
 - the heat shield nuts,
- ☐ Refit the exhaust pipe mountings on the catalytic converter.
- □ Torque tighten the exhaust pipe mountings (21 N.m).
- ☐ Clip:
 - the gear control cable sheath stops on the gearbox,
 - the control cables to the gearbox.

III - FINAL OPERATION

K9K

- Refit the air duct nut on the gearbox.
- ☐ Connect the air duct between the turbocharger and the intercooler at (1).
- ☐ Refit the expansion bottle on its support.
- ☐ Torque tighten the **expansion bottle nuts (8 N.m)**.
- □ Connect the battery (see **Battery**: **Removal Refitting**) (80A, Battery).

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

Parking brake cables: Removal - Refitting



REMOVAL

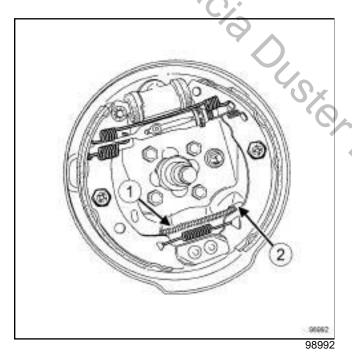
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

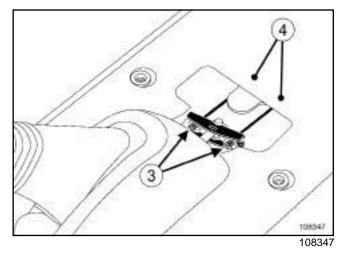
□ Remove:

- the central console (see Centre console: Removal Refitting) (57A, Interior equipment),
- -the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
- the rear brake drums (see **33A**, **Rear axle components**, **Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting**, page **33A-7**).

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- ☐ Remove the parking brake cable (1) from the lever using pliers and a screwdriver.
- ☐ Unclip the parking brake cable sheath (2) from the drum back-plate.



☐ Unclip:

- the cables (3) from their housing,
- the sheaths from their stop on the body (4) using pliers,
- ☐ Unclip the parking brake cables from their guides.
- ☐ Remove the parking brake cables.

REFITTING

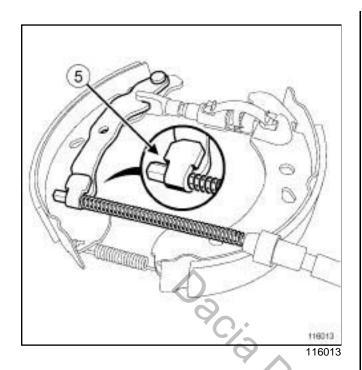
I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

- ☐ Refit the parking brake cables.
- ☐ Hook the parking brake cables onto their guides.

MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS

Parking brake cables: Removal - Refitting





- ☐ Reattach the parking brake cable sheath onto the drum back-plate.
- □ Refit the parking brake cable back into the lever housing using a pair of pliers and a screwdriver.
- ☐ Check that the cables (5) are correctly positioned on the levers.
- ☐ Reattach the sheath to its stop on the bodywork.
- ☐ Clip on:
 - the cables (3) to the control lever,
 - the sheaths to their stop on the body (4) .
- □ Adjust the parking brake cables (see 37A, Mechanical component controls, Parking brake lever: Adjustment, page 37A-30).

II - FINAL OPERATION

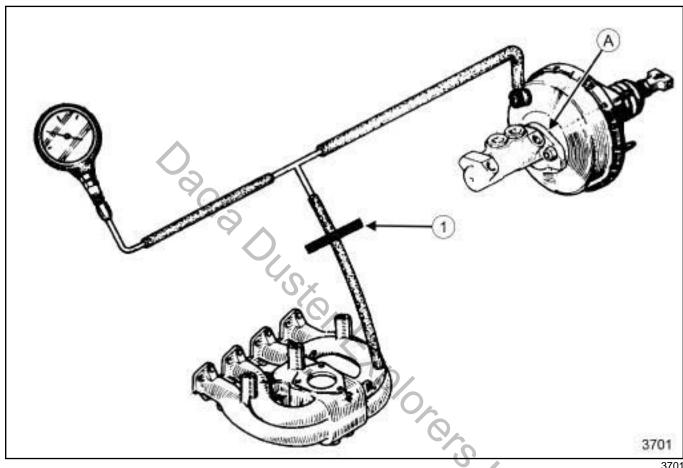
- ☐ Refit:
 - -the rear brake drums (see 33A, Rear axle components, Rear brake drum: Removal Refitting, page 33A-7),
 - -the rear wheels (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
 - the central console (see **Centre console: Removal Refitting**) (57A, Interior equipment).



MECHANICAL COMPONENT CONTROLS **Brake servo: Check**

Special tooling required				
Ms. 583	Pipe clamps.			

CHECKING THE SEALS



- ☐ When checking the brake servo seals, ensure that there is a perfect seal between this and the master cylinder. If there is a leak here, replace the seal (A).
 - The brake servo seals must be checked when fitted on the vehicle and when the hydraulic circuit is operational.
- ☐ Connect thebetween the brake servo and the vacuum source (inlet manifold) with a « T » union and the shortest possible pipe.
- ☐ Let the engine idle for approximately 10 minutes.
- ☐ Press the pipe between the « T » union and the vacuum source using the (Ms. 583) (1).

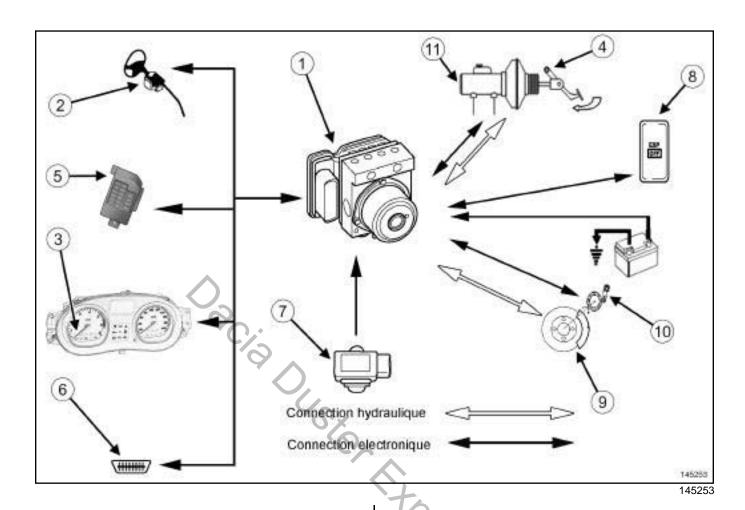
If the vacuum drops by more than 33 mbar in 15 seconds, there is a leak either:

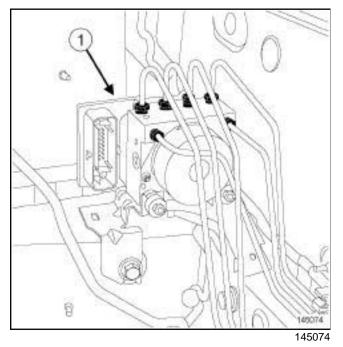
- at the non-return valve (replace it),
- -at the pushrod diaphragm (if this is the case, you should replace the brake servo).

If the brake servo is not operational, the braking system will operate but the force required at the pedal to obtain the equivalent deceleration as for assisted braking is considerably higher.

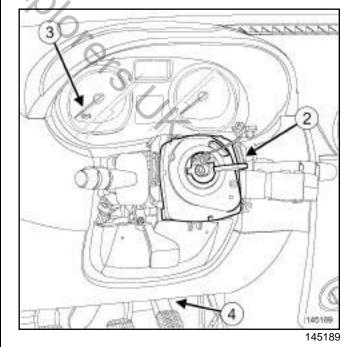
ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM ABS: List and location of components





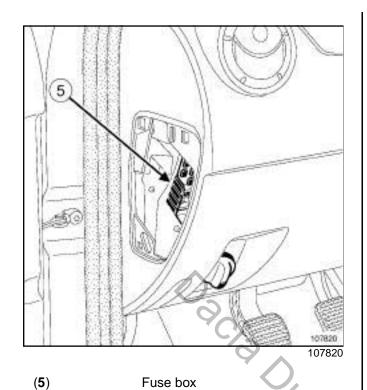


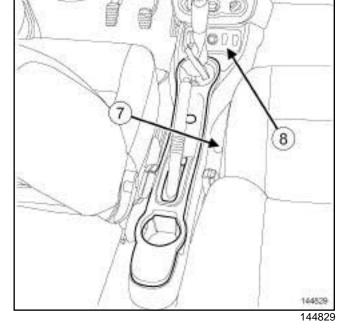
(1) Hydraulic unit



- (2) Steering wheel angle sensor(3) ABS warning light on the instrument panel
- (4) Brake lights switch

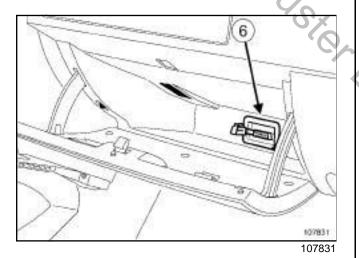
ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM ABS: List and location of components



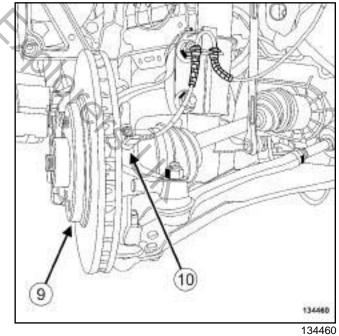


(7) Lateral acceleration and yaw speed sensor

(8) ESP deactivation switch



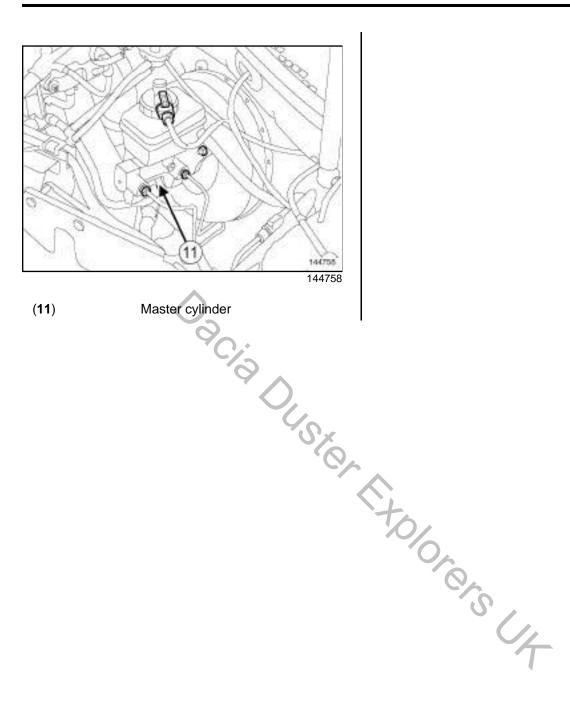
(6) Diagnostic socket



(9) Brake disc with instrumented bearing

(10) Wheel speed sensor

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM ABS: List and location of components



ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM ABS: Precautions for the repair



Equipment required

pedal press

Diagnostic tool

I - SAFETY

- If a lift must be used for an operation, respect the safety instructions (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- Protect any bodywork components which could be damaged by brake fluid with covers.
- to ensure there is no risk of sparks, do not place any metallic objects on the battery.
- Brake fluid is highly corrosive. Carefully clean any brake fluid spilt on parts of the vehicle.

II - CLEANLINESS

- Clean around the braking system with **BRAKE CLEANER** (see **Vehicle: Parts and consumables for the repair**) (04B, Consumables Products).
- If a component is being replaced by a new one, do not remove the new component from its packaging until its is ready to be fitted onto the vehicle.

WARNING

Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

III - GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

- During an operation which requires the braking circuit to be opened, position a **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- After any operation on the ABS, it is essential to confirm the repair with a road test and a check using the **Diagnostic tool**.

1 - Yaw speed and lateral acceleration sensor

The sensor must be fitted facing the vehicle's direction of travel (as shown by the arrow).

Be sure to replace any sensor which has sustained an impact.

2 - Hydraulic unit

WARNING

Switch off the vehicle ignition so as not to activate the hydraulic unit solenoid valves when bleeding the brake circuit.

3 - Wheel speed sensor

WARNING

To ensure that the wheel speed sensor works properly, do not mark the sensor target on the bearing.

WARNING

In order to prevent irreversible damage to the front hub bearing:

- Do not loosen or tighten the driveshaft nut when the wheels are on the ground.
- Do not place the vehicle with its wheels on the ground when the driveshaft has been loosened or removed.

4 - Brake servo

IMPORTANT

To avoid breaking the connection between the brake servo pushrod and the brake pedal, check that the safety clevis pin is locked onto the brake servo pushrod by tilting it from the top downwards.

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting

38C

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

Equipment required pedal press

Tightening torques ♡	
hydraulic brake unit bolts on the support	8 N.m
rigid brake pipe unions on the hydraulic brake unit	13 N.m
hydraulic brake unit earth wire nut	8 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair:

- (see 38C, Anti-lock braking system, ABS: Precautions for the repair, page 38C-4),
- (see) (01D, Mechanical introduction).

WARNING

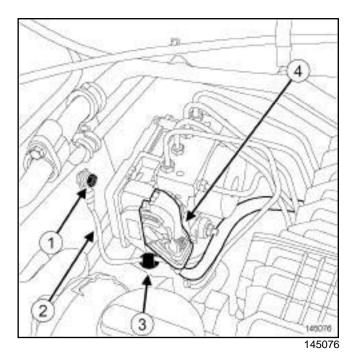
Prepare for the flow of fluid, and protect the surrounding components.

REMOVAL

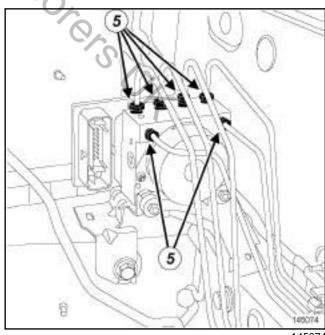
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- □ Disconnect the battery (see **Battery: Removal Refitting**) (80A, Battery).
- ☐ Position the **pedal press** on the brake pedal to limit the outflow of brake fluid.
- ☐ Remove the soundproofing clips from the bulkhead.
- ☐ Move the soundproofing away from the bulkhead to access the hydraulic brake unit.

II - REMOVAL OPERATION



- □ Remove:
 - the hydraulic brake unit earth wire nut (1),
 - the hydraulic brake unit earth wire (2) .
- Unclip the earth wire from the hydraulic brake unit at (3).
- Disconnect the hydraulic brake unit connector (4).

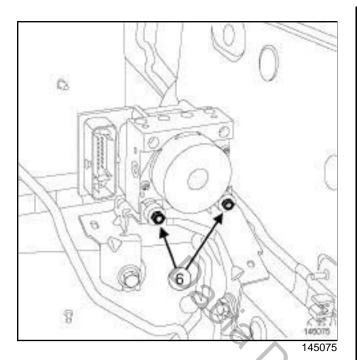


- 145074
- ☐ Unscrew the rigid pipe unions (5) from the hydraulic brake unit.
- ☐ Fit blanking plugs on the openings of the hydraulic unit and brake pipes.

Hydraulic brake unit: Removal - Refitting

38C

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM



- the hydraulic brake unit earth wire nut (8 N.m).
- □ Bleed the brake circuit (see 30A, General information, Braking circuit: Bleed, page 30A-4).

□ Remove:

- the hydraulic brake unit bolts (6) from its mounting,
- the hydraulic brake unit.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING PREPARATION OPERATION

WARNING

Do not remove the blanking plugs from each component until the last moment.

Also, do not remove the components from their packaging until they are to be fitted to the vehicle.

WARNING

To prevent any premature wear, ensure that there is no contact between the rigid pipe and the body.

II - REFITTING OPERATION

- ☐ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- ☐ Torque tighten:
 - the hydraulic brake unit bolts on the support (8 N.m).
 - -the rigid brake pipe unions on the hydraulic brake unit (13 N.m),

toopor C4

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting

38C

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

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front wheel speed sensor bolt 7 N.m

IMPORTANT

To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 38C, Anti-lock braking system, ABS: Precautions for the repair, page 38C-4).

REMOVAL

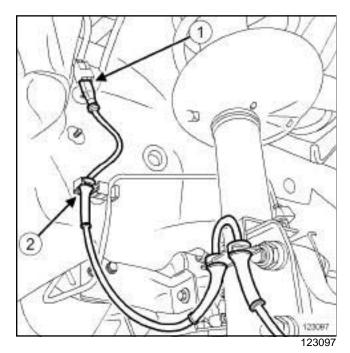
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see **Vehicle: Towing and lifting**) (02A, Lifting equipment).

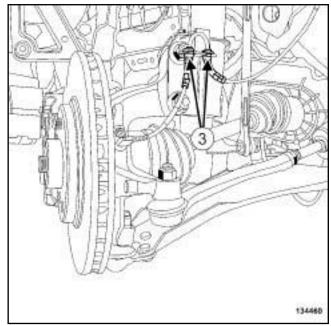
□ Remove:

- -the front wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal Refitting, page 35A-1),
- -the front wheel arch liner (see **Front wheel arch liner: Removal Refitting**) (55A, Exterior protection).

II - REMOVAL OPERATION

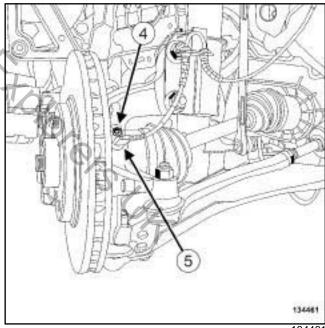


- ☐ Disconnect the front wheel speed sensor connector (1).
- ☐ Unclip the front wheel speed sensor wiring at (2).



134460

☐ Unclip the front wheel speed sensor wiring at (3).



134461

□ Remove:

- the front wheel speed sensor bolt (4),
- the front wheel speed sensor (5) .

Front wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting

38C

ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

REFITTING

WARNING

To avoid damaging the wheel speed sensor cable:

- Do not tension the cable,
- Do not twist the cable,
- -Check that there is no contact with the surrounding components,
- Do not use tools that may damage the cable.
- ☐ Proceed in the reverse order to removal.
- □ Torque tighten the front wheel speed sensor bolt (7 N.m).

Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting



ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

Tightening torques	
rear wheel speed sen- sor protective screen nuts	14 N.m
wheel speed sensor bolt	7 N.m

IMPORTANT

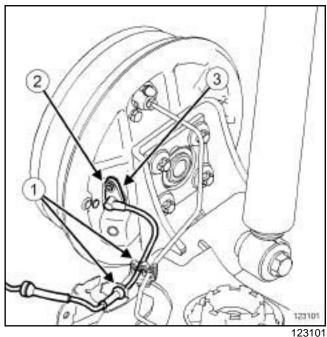
To avoid all risk of damage to the systems, apply the safety and cleanliness instructions and operation recommendations before carrying out any repair (see 38C, Anti-lock braking system, ABS: Precautions for the repair, page 38C-4).

REMOVAL

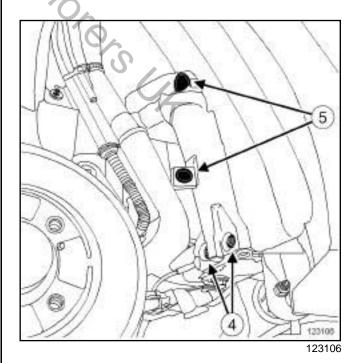
I - REMOVAL PREPARATION OPERATION

- ☐ Position the vehicle on a two-post lift (see Vehicle: Towing and lifting) (02A, Lifting equipment).
- ☐ Remove the rear wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1) .

II - OPERATION FOR REMOVAL OF PART CONCERNED



- □ Detach the rear wheel speed sensor at (1).
- ☐ Remove the rear wheel speed sensor bolt (2) on the brake back-plate.
- Disconnect the rear wheel speed sensor (3) from the brake back-plate retaining bracket.



□ Remove:

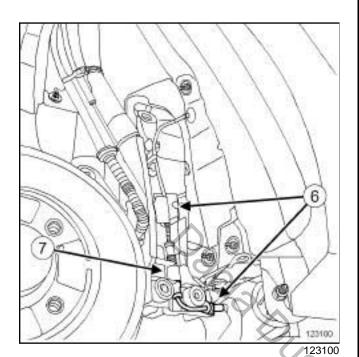
- the nuts (4) from the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen,

Rear wheel speed sensor: Removal - Refitting



ANTI-LOCK BRAKING SYSTEM

- the clips (5) from the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen.



- ☐ Pull away and slightly fold down the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen.
- □ Detach the rear wheel speed sensor at (6).
- ☐ Disconnect the wheel speed sensor connector (7) on the rear ABS wiring.
- ☐ Remove the rear wheel speed sensor.

REFITTING

I - REFITTING OPERATION FOR PART CONCERNED

WARNING

To avoid damaging the wheel speed sensor cable:

- Do not tension the cable,
- Do not twist the cable.
- -Check that there is no contact with the surrounding components,
- Do not use tools that may damage the cable.
- □ Connect the wheel speed sensor connector on the rear ABS wiring.
- ☐ Clip the wheel speed sensor onto the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen.

- □ Refit:
 - the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen on the body,
 - the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen nuts,
 - the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen clips.
- ☐ Torque tighten the rear wheel speed sensor protective screen nuts (14 N.m).
- ☐ Refit the rear wheel speed sensor on the brake back-plate retaining bracket.
- ☐ Refit the rear wheel speed sensor bolt.
- □ Torque tighten the wheel speed sensor bolt (7 N.m).
- ☐ Clip on the rear wheel speed sensor.

II - FINAL OPERATION

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□ Refit the rear wheel (see 35A, Wheels and tyres, Wheel: Removal - Refitting, page 35A-1).

